**MARKING SCHEME**

**HISTORY FORM TWO**

**SECTION A: 15 MARKS)**

1. Define the term anthropology. (1 mk)

**The study of human beings, their origin, development, customs, beliefs and social relationships.**

2. Identify two important rivers that supported early Agriculture in Mesopotamia. (2 mks)

1. **Tigris**
2. **Euphrates**

3. Give two challenges that faced pioneer farmers in U.S.A. (2 mks)

1. **Outbreak of disease**
2. **Unfamiliar climate/ alien soils**
3. **Lack of farm equipment**

4. Give two religious functions of Orkoiyot among the Nandi in pre-colonial Kenya. (2 mks)

1. **He was a religious leader**
2. **He foretold the future**
3. **He was the chief medicine man**
4. **He blessed warriors before they went out to war**

5. Identify one way of becoming a Kenyan citizen. (1 mk)

1. **By birth**
2. **By registration**

6. Mention two peaceful ways of solving conflicts in the society. (2 mks)

1. **Religious action**
2. **Diplomacy**
3. **Negotiation**
4. **Litigation**

7. What is trade? (1 mk)

**It is the exchange of goods and services between people or countries**

8. Name two types of trade. (2 mks)

1. **Local**
2. **Regional**
3. **International**

9. Give two animals used to transport goods in traditional society in Kenya. (2 mks)

1. **Donkey**
2. **Camel**

10. Identify any two fastest ways of transporting goods in modern world. (2 mks)

1. **By air**
2. **By electric train**

**SECTION B: (15 MARKS)**

11. (a) State the advantages of domesticated animals by man. 3 mks)

1. **Used in transport, e.g. donkeys**
2. **Provided regular food supply**
3. **Provided hooves and horns used as drinking vessels**
4. **Provided manure**
5. **Provided security/ used in hunting e.g. dog**

(b) Explain the impacts of interaction between Kenyan people in pre-colonial Kenya. (12 mks)

1. **Cultural exchange**
2. **Trade increased**
3. **Inter- marriages**
4. **Warfare over limited resources**
5. **Assimilation/ absorption of weaker communities**
6. **Exchange of skills e.g. iron smithing and agriculture**

12. (a) Identify any three characteristics of regional trade. (3 mks)

1. **Large volume of goods is involved**
2. **Existence of middlemen**
3. **Covers a bigger geographical area**
4. **A variety of goods are exchanged**

(b) Explain the factors that led to decline of Trans-Atlantic slave Trade. (12 mks)

1. **Industrialization when machines were developed**
2. **Economists, e.g. Adan Smith, argued that free men were more productive than slaves**
3. **Christian missionaries fought against slave trade and slavery**
4. **American independence in1776, denied Britain a slave market**
5. **The French revolution of 1789, spread the idea of equality and liberty of all human kind**
6. **Closure of the American slave market**
7. **Development of legitimate trade replaced slave trade.**