## SAMIA SUB-COUNTY JOINT EVALUATION EXAM

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E.)

1

232/3	- PHYSICS -	PAPER 3	
	(PRACTICAL)		
	Dec. 2021- 2 ½ hours		
Name	Index N	10	
School	Candidate sign	Date	

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- (a) Write your name and index number and school in the spaces provided above.
- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided in the question paper.
- (d) You are supposed to spend the first 15 minutes of the  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours allowed for this paper reading the whole paper carefully before commencing your work.
- (e) Marks are given for a clear record of the observations actually made, their suitability, accuracy and the use made of them.
- (f) Candidates are advised to record their observations as soon as they are made.
- (g) Non-programmable silent electronic calculators may be used.
- (h) This paper consists of 8 printed pages.
- (i) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- (*j*) Candidates should answer the questions in English.

#### For Examiner's Use Only

-					
	e	f	g(i)	g(ii)	h
Maximum Score	7	5	2	2	4
Candidate's Score					



#### **Ouestion 2**

**Ouestion 1** 

	a(i)	a(ii)	a(iii)	b(i)	b(ii)	e	f	g	j
Maximum Score	1	2	2	2	2	5	2	1	3
Candidate's Score									



**GRAND TOTAL** 

This paper consists of 7 printed pages. Candidates should check to ascertain that all pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.



## **Question 1**

## You are provided with the following:

- $\blacktriangleright$  A metre rule
- ➢ A spring balance
- A mass of 200g (2N) with a hook or (two 100g masses)
- ➤ Stand
- ➢ Knife edge support.
- ➤ Two light strings about 10cm long.

Proceed as follows:

- (a) Using the string provided make two loops to be used as hooks L1 and L2 in the diagram.
- (b) Suspended the spring balance from a clamp and using one loop to support the rule from the spring so that the loop L2 is on 85cm mark.
- (c) Support the other end of the rule with a knife edge at the 10cm mark so that the rule is horizontal.



(d) Using loop 1 suspended the 2N weight at a distance d=10cm from the knife edge as shown and take the reading of the spring balance, record the results in table 1.
(e) Adjust the distance d to 20cm, 30cm e.t.c and each time recording the reading of the balance to complete the table.

Table 1

	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	50.0	60.0	70.0
Distance (d)							
Force (N)							

(7marks)



(g) From your graph determine: i) The slope (2mks)

ii) The value of F when d=0

(h) Using the information from your graph, determine the constant k and m in the equation below and state units, f represents the reading of the balance and d is as shown in the above. F=2md + 40k. (4marks)





(2mks)

# (f) Plot a graph of force F against distance d(cm) (5 marks)

## **Question 2**

## PART A

## You are provided with the following:

- Two new dry cells
- A resistor labeled Q
- Wire mounted on a millimeter scale
- 6 connecting wires with crocodile clips on one end of at least three
- A voltmeter
- An ammeter
- A switch

## **Proceed as Follows:**

(a) Connect the apparatus provided as shown in the figure below.



- (i) Take the voltmeter reading when the switch S is open.
- $V_1 = \dots volts$  (1 mark)
- (ii) Close the switch S, and take the voltmeter reading  $V_2$  and the ammeter reading I

$V_2 =$	volts	(1 mark)
$I_1 = \dots$	Amperes	(1 mark)
(iii)	Calculate the quantity P = $\frac{V_1 - V_2}{I_1}$	(2 marks)

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(b) Set up the circuit as shown in the figure below





(i) Take the voltmeter reading V and the ammeter reading I. (2 marks)
V = .....
I = .....
(ii) Determine the resistance R of Q (2 mark)

(c) Set up the circuit shown in the figure below



- (d) Move the crocodile clip along the wire AB to a point such that L = 100cm. Note the voltmeter reading and record in table 2.
- (e) Repeat (d) above for values of L = 80cm, 60cm, 40cm, 20cm and 0 cm, tabulate your results.

(5 marks)





Length L				
	100	80	60	40
(cm)				
$\frac{1}{L}\left(\frac{1}{cm}\right)$				
Voltmeter Reading				
(V)				
$\frac{1}{V}(\frac{1}{V})$				
1 /				
$Z = \frac{\frac{1}{L}}{\frac{1}{V}} $ (V/cm)				

(f) Determine the average value of Z.

#### (2 marks)

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## PART B

## You are provided with the following

- ➤ A candle
- ➢ A lens and a lens holder
- > A screen
- > A metre rule
- (g) Determine the focal length, f by focusing a distant object.
  - $f = \dots \dots cm$

(1mark)





(h) Set up apparatus as shown in the figure below ensure that the candle flame and the lens are approximately the same height above the bench.



- (i) Set the position of the lens so that it is 40cm from the candle (u=40cm). Adjust the position of the screen until a sharp image of the candle flame is obtained. Measure the distance (v) between the lens and screen. Record the value of v in the table below.
- (j) Repeat the procedure in (i) above for the other values of u in the table 3 below. Complete the table (3marks)

Table 3

U(cm)	40	50
V(cm)		
Magnification <i>m=v/u</i>		

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