## 4.5 METAL WORK (445)

## 4.5.1 Metal Work Paper 1 (445/1)

## SECTION A (40 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section.

1	(a)	State <b>four</b> causes of accidents when using a cold chisel.		
	(b)	State the minimum entry requirement for each of the following courses:		
		(i)	artisan;	
			diploma; craft.	(1 ½ marks)
2	(a)	Outline the procedure of reading a micrometer. (2 max		
	(b)	State four uses of a scribing block. (2 marks)		
3	(a)	Use sketches to show the length of each of the following rivets:		
		(i)	countersunk head;	ं
		State of State	round head; raised countersunk.	(3 marks)
	(b)	Use lat	pelled sketches to show two uses of a template.	(3 marks)
4	Name a suitable material and state the property that makes it appropriate for making each of the following:			
	(a)	twist d	rill bit;	
	(b)	rivet;		
	(c)	head of ball pein hammer;		
	(d)	kitchen knife blade. (4 marks)		
5	(a)	With re	eference to filing explain:	
		(i)	the term pinning;	
		(ii)	how pinning is prevented;	(2 out o)
		(iii)	how pinning is treated.	(3 marks)
	(b)	(i) (ii)	Use a labelled sketch to show the safe edge of a file. State the function of the safe edge of a file.	(2 marks)
6	(a)	State <b>two</b> advantages of a leg vice over engineer's vice. (2 marks)  Outline the procedure of locating the centre of a round bar using the centre head and the rule of a combination set. (2 marks)		
	(b)			
7	(a)	State <b>two</b> forms in which filler metal for brazing is manufactured. (1 mark)		
	(b)	Give	one reason for manufacturing filler metals in different forms	(1 mark)

- 8 (a) Explain the term welding. (1 mark)
  - (b) State **two** advantages of rightward welding over leftward welding. (2 marks)
- 9 Describe the process of oil blacking as applied to metal finishing. (3 marks)
- 10 Figure 1 shows an oblique drawing of a block.

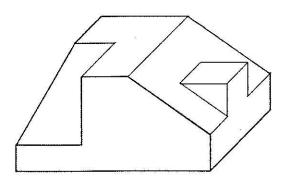


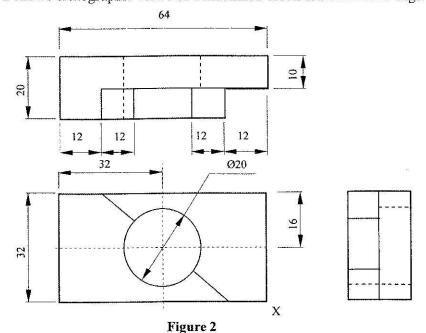
Figure 1

Sketch in third angle projection the three orthographic views of the block. **SECTION B** (60 marks)

(5 ½ marks)

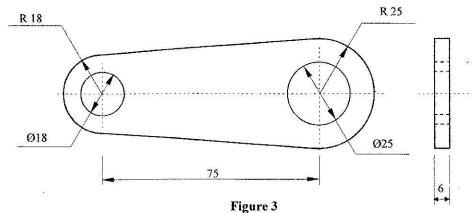
Answer question 11 and any other three questions from this section. Candidates are advised to spend not more than 25 minutes on question 11.

11 Figure 2 shows orthographic views of a machined block drawn in third angle projection.

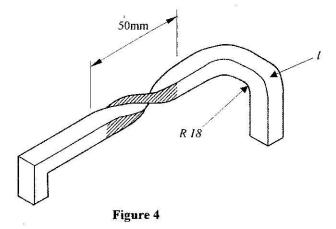


On the grid paper provided, draw the isometric view of the block taking X as the lowest point. Show **three** leading dimensions. (15 marks)

Figure 3 shows a link to be made of 6 mm thick mild steel. Outline the procedure of making the link naming all the tools required in each step. (6 marks)



- (b) (i) Sketch a pop rivet and label its parts.
  - (ii) List three steps involved in preparing work pieces for pop riveting.
  - (iii) With the aid of sketches, outline the procedure of pop riveting. (9 marks)
- 13 (a) Sketch an anvil and label three parts. (3½ marks)
  - (b) Figure 4 shows a portion of an arm bar made from a 6.0 mm square mild steel rod.



- (i) Determine the length of the material required to form the bend labelled l.
- (ii) With the aid of sketches, outline the procedure of making the arm bar. (11 ½ marks)
- 14 (a) Use sketches to show the difference between a lap joint and a flush lap joint. (2 marks)
  - (b) Outline the procedure of sweating as applied to soft soldering and name all the tools and materials required in each step. (8 marks)
  - (c) Give **four** safety precautions to be observed when soldering. (2 marks)
  - (d) State **three** reasons why copper is preferred in making head of a soldering iron. (3 marks)

- 15 (a) Sketch a gas welding torch and:
  - (i) label five parts;
  - (ii) state three precautions to be observed when handling it.  $(7 \frac{1}{2} \text{ marks})$
  - (b) (i) Use labelled sketches to show the three types of gas welding flames.
    - (ii) Explain how each of the flames is obtained.  $(7 \frac{1}{2} \text{ marks})$