

### 3.12.2 Islamic Religious Education Paper 2 (314/2)

- 1 (a) State **eight** remedies recommended by Islam to control the spread of HIV and AIDs. (8 marks)
- (b) Give **seven** reasons why Muslims are discouraged from engaging in vain talks. (7 marks)
- (c) Explain the rationale for the prohibition of Khat (miraa) in Islam. (5 marks)
- 2 (a) Give **seven** reasons why the Prophet (P.b.u.h) married more than one wife. (7 marks)
- (b) State **seven** rights of a child in Islam. (7 marks)
- (c) What are the differences between the eddat of a widow and the eddat of a divorced woman? (6 marks)
- 3 (a) Describe **seven** benefits of keeping records in business transactions according to Islamic teachings. (7 marks)
- (b) State **seven** rules governing money lending in Islam. (7 marks)
- (c) Identify **six** causes of corruption in the society. (6 marks)
- 4 (a) Discuss **four** challenges faced by Khalifa Abubakar (R.A) during his reign. (8 marks)
- (b) What lessons can Muslims learn from the battle of Khandaq? (6 marks)
- (c) State **six** effects of the social boycott imposed on the Muslims by the Quraish. (6 marks)
- 5 (a) Explain **four** differences between the Hijrah to Abbysinia and the Hijrah to Madina. (8 marks)
- (b) Outline **six** achievements of Harun Ar-Rasheed of the Abbasids. (6 marks)
- (c) State **six** factors responsible for the spread of Islam in North Eastern Kenya up to the Twentieth Century. (6 marks)
- 6 (a) In what ways did Prophet Muhammad (P.b.u.h) advocate for the improvement of the status of women? (7 marks)
- (b) Describe **seven** lessons that Muslim youth can learn from Imam Ghazali's rules of conduct. (7 marks)
- (c) State the role played by Muslims in the political development of Kenya since independence. (6 marks)