

Scale 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 KILOMETRES

KEY

	Tarmac Road		Game park	PS	Police station
	Town Boundary		Huts	CD	Cattle dip
	Locational Boundary		Scrub	SCH	School
	Permanent Buildings		Hill	GO	Governor's Officer
	Murram road			MKT	Market

Study the map of PAPA area and answer questions 1-7.

- What evidence in the map shows that Papa Area receives low rainfall?
 - Presence of scrub vegetation.
 - Existence of settlement.
 - Existence of quarry.
 - Presence of hills.
- A police officer from Boro market wants an urgent message to reach the police station at Bogo Town. The quickest way of passing the message would be
 - drive to Bogo police station.
 - make a telephone call to Bogo police station.
 - send a messenger to Bogo police station.
 - send a letter to Bogo police station.

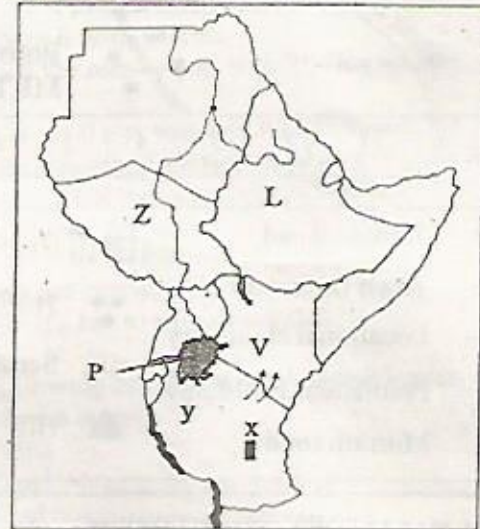
- Papa Area is administered by a
 - MP
 - Senator
 - Governor
 - Chief
- The length of the murram road from Toto market to the junction in Bogo Town is approximately
 - 3km
 - 4.5km
 - 6.5km
 - 10km

5. The main form of transport in Papa area is
 A. railway B. road
 C. air D. pipeline
6. The main economic activity carried out in Papa Area is
 A. mining B. trading
 C. cattle keeping D. fishing
7. The general direction of flow of river Sogo is from
 A. North to South west.
 B. North east to South west.
 C. North west to South west.
 D. South west to North east.
8. Below is a description of a kind of vegetation found in Kenya:
 (i) It has short grass.
 (ii) It has thorny bushes.
 (iii) It is mainly made up of grass and scattered tress.
 The statements listed above describes the vegetation found in
 A. The Nyika Plateau B. Coastal region
 C. The lake Basin D. Kenya Highlands
9. In Kenya elections are held after every
 A. 5 years B. 10 years
 C. 3 years D. 24 years
10. Which one of the following traditional communities in Kenya were lead by Kojitalel Arap Samoeli?
 A. Agikuyu B. Maasai
 C. Nandi D. Ameru
11. Three of the following are problems resulting from development of industries. Which one is not?
 A. They cause noise.
 B. They cause unemployment.
 C. They cause air pollution.
 D. They cause water pollution.
12. Which one of the following is the fastest mode of Transport?
 A. Ship B. Bus
 C. Aeroplanes D. Train
13. Which one of the following is the duty of std. 6 pupils at home?
 A. Sweeping the home compound.
 B. Working to get food for the family.
 C. Making laws to be followed by family members.
 D. Dividing the land for family members.
14. When Europeans partitioned Eastern Africa amongst themselves the Island of Zanzibar was taken by

- A. Britain B. Germany
 C. France D. Belgium

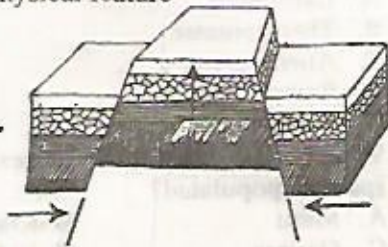
15. Which game park is **not** correctly matched with the country where it is found?
 A. Bwindi -Ethiopia
 B. Dinder -Sudan
 C. Amboseli -Kenya
 D. Serengeti -Tanzania
16. Which one of the following is a service industry?
 A. Cement making B. Tourism
 C. Meat canning D. Tea packing
17. Which of the following lakes in Eastern Africa is a source of mineral
 A. Lake Kyoga B. lake Tanganyika
 C. Lake Bogoria D. Lake Magadi
18. Which one of the following countries in Eastern Africa is the largest among the rest?
 A. Ethiopia B. Tanzania
 C. Uganda D. Sudan

Use the map of Eastern Africa below to answer question 19 - 22



19. The main reason why the language group which followed route marked V migrated from its original homeland was
 A. search for fishing ground.
 B. their spirit of adventure.
 C. search for fertile land.
 D. search for water and pasture.
20. The type of vegetation around the lake Area labeled P is referred to as
 A. Tropical rainforest
 B. Mangrove forest
 C. Woodland savannah
 D. Papyrus swamp vegetation

21. The Town marked X in the map is called
 A. Dar es Salaam B. Kigali
 C. Arusha D. Dodoma
22. What is the name of the country marked Z?
 A. Sudan B. Uganda
 C. Ethiopia D. South Sudan
23. Which one of the following is **not** a festival in our society?
 A. Drama B. Harvested
 C. Music D. Initiation
24. The main problem facing beef farming in Tanzania is
 A. shortage of pasture and water.
 B. animal diseases.
 C. inadequate slaughter houses.
 D. attack by wild animals.
25. Dairy farming in Kenya is well practiced in
 A. low land areas
 B. areas with enough slaughter houses.
 C. areas with cool and wet climate.
 D. areas with larger tracts of land.
26. Which one of the following is **not** an element of a map?
 A. Scale B. Title
 C. Frame D. Colour
27. The diagram below shows the formation of a physical feature

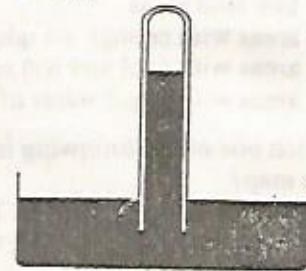


The above feature was formed through
 A. upward and faulting.
 B. faulting and down warping.
 C. evaption and faulting
 D. faulting and uplifting

28. Which one of the following shows the position of Eastern Africa? It lies
 A. Longitude 23°N and 12°S latitude 22°E and 51°E.
 B. Latitude 5°N and 5°S longitude 22°E and 42°E.
 C. Latitude 23°N and 12°S longitude 22°N and 51°E.
 D. Longitude 5°N and 5°S latitude 34°E and 42°E.

29. Three of the following is the main factor that influences tourism in Eastern Africa. Which one is **not**?
 A. Good hotels
 B. Wildlife.
 C. Coastal beaches.
 D. Beautiful sceneries.
30. Who among the following communities is a Semitic speaker?
 A. Dinka B. Luo
 C. Falasha D. Somali
31. The basic unit in the society is the
 A. clan B. family
 C. age group D. warrior
32. Dahalo and Sanye are Southern Cushites found in
 A. Kenya B. Uganda
 C. Tanzania D. Somalia
33. River Ewaso Nyiro North drains its water into the
 A. Indian ocean B. Lorian swamp
 C. Yala swamp D. Saiwa swamp
34. Which of the following is an example of a block mountain?
 A. Kenya
 B. Elgon
 C. Usambara
 D. Kilimanjaro
35. Which Kenyan communities is correctly matched with its area of origin?
 A. Taita -Shungwaya
 B. Iteso -Congo forest
 C. Maasai -Eastern Ethiopia
 D. Luo -Bahr - el - Ghazel
36. On 20th October Kenya celebrates ____ day.
 A. Mashujaa B. Moi
 C. Madaraka D. Jamhuri
37. The **main** tourist attraction along the coast is
 A. rift valley B. coastal Beaches
 C. natural scenery D. wildlife
38. Amount of rainfall is measured using a
 A. windsock B. raingange
 C. windvane D. barometer
39. Soda ash is mined at lake
 A. Magadi B. Turkana
 C. Bogoria D. Victoria
40. Cutting down trees without replacing them is called
 A. mono cropping B. deforestation
 C. afforestation D. monocropping

41. Which fishing method is mainly done in Indian Ocean
 A. Trawling B. Hook and line
 C. Net drifting D. Long lining
42. Which of the following can be used to communicate to many people at the same time?
 A. Letter B. Radio
 C. Telephone D. Messenger
43. The following are arms of the government except the
 A. Legislature B. Executive
 C. Attorney General D. Judiciary
44. Which one is **not** a natural physical feature in the Eastern African countries?
 A. Dams B. Mountains
 C. Plateaus D. Lake Bogoria
45. The Great Rift Valley was formed by
 A. folding
 B. faulting
 C. volcanicity
 D. drifting
46. The Usambara and Ruwenzori mountains are examples of
 A. residual mountains
 B. fold mountains
 C. volcanic mountains
 D. block mountains
47. Which one of the following is **not** a Kenya's neighbour?
 A. Uganda
 B. Djibouti
 C. Sudan
 D. Tanzania
48. The following are efforts made to solve problems in urban centres. Which is the **best**?
 A. Decentralising industries in all areas.
 B. Improving Transport network in the areas.
 C. Building more industries in urban areas.
 D. Improving social amenities in the area.
49. Which one of the following is **not** a child abuse at home?
 A. Forcing them to marry.
 B. Forcing them to do homework.
 C. Employing them in industries.
 D. Excessive caning.
50. During the pre-colonial period the Ameru were ruled by
 A. chiefs B. kings
 C. Council of elders D. Emperors
51. Which one of the following factors does **not** influence distribution of vegetation?
 A. Relief B. Soil
 C. Climate D. Longitude
52. The following are economic uses of soil **except**
 A. making bricks
 B. mining
 C. burying the dead
 D. growing crops
53. Which one of the following **cannot** cause lawlessness in Kenya?
 A. Poverty
 B. Loyalty
 C. Tribalism
 D. Corruption.
54. The diagram below shows a weather instrument.



The weather instrument is called

- A. Barometer
 B. Thermometer
 C. Anemometer
 D. Raingauge
55. Which one of the following areas in Kenya is sparsely populated?
 A. Meru B. Kiambu
 C. Garissa D. Eldoret
56. Climate is
 A. the daily atmospheric condition of a place over a short period of time.
 B. the hotness or coldness of a place over long period of time.
 C. the amount of water vapour of a short period of time.
 D. the average weather condition of a place over a long period of time.
57. Which one of the following places is the **safest** for pupils to cross the road?
 A. Where there are bumps.
 B. Where there are traffic lights.
 C. At a roundabout.
 D. Where there is a junction.

58. Who among the following is **not** a member of the Independent Electoral Boundaries Commission (IEBC)?
- Secretary
 - Commissioner
 - Attorney General
 - Chairperson

59. Which one of the following is apolitical right?
- Right to fair trials.
 - Right to life.
 - Right to vote.
 - Right to work.

60. The following are members of the County Executive Committee **except** one. Which one?
- Governor
 - Nominated members
 - Speaker
 - Deputy Governor

**SECTION I:
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. Which sin did Adam and Eve commit?
- Eating the forbidden fruit.
 - Covering themselves with leaves.
 - Naming animals and other creation
 - Talking to snake.
62. When Abraham was called by God he experienced new life by, moving from
- Ur to Canaan
 - Haran to Canaan
 - Canaan to Havan
 - Ur to Havan
63. Who were the parents of Jacob?
- Rebecca and Isaac
 - Jochebed and Amram
 - Elizabeth and Zechariah
 - Sarah and Abraham
64. During the call of Moses at Mt. Sinai, God showed Himself in form of
- cloud
 - wind
 - fire
 - smoke
65. When David killed Uriah he disobeyed God. Which commandment did he break?
- Do not steal.
 - Do not commit murder.
 - Do not commit adultery.
 - Do not accuse anyone falsely

- 5
66. King Saul the first king of Israel was annointed by
- Zechariah
 - Samuel
 - Zadock
 - Eli
67. Who was the third king of Israel?
- Ahab
 - David
 - Solomon
 - Saul
68. The prophet who challenged the prophets of Baal at Mt. Carmel was called
- Elijah
 - Elisha
 - Isaiah
 - Hosea
69. Which prophet of God is associated with the new covenant that will be written in peoples' hearts?
- Isaiah
 - Jeremiah
 - Nehemiah
 - Ezekiel
70. Who were the first people to see Baby Jesus when He was born?
- The kings
 - The wisemen
 - The shepherds
 - The angels
71. What did Jesus say when the devil told him to change stones into bread during the temptations?
- Man shall not live by bread alone.
 - Man shall not put God into test.
 - Man shall not eat bread without buying.
 - Man shall not worship an Idol.
72. When Jesus was baptised by John the Baptist in River Jordan how did the following orders happen:
- Heaven was opened.
 - A voice was heard from heaven.
 - The Holy Spirit descended in form of a Dove.
- (ii) (iii) (i)
 - (iii) (ii) (i)
 - (i) (iii) (ii)
 - (i) (ii) (iii)
73. The Roman emperor who was ruling when Jesus was born was called
- Herod
 - Pilate
 - Augustus
 - Caiphas
74. The birth of Jesus took place in a town called
- Bethlehem
 - Nazareth
 - Judea
 - Jericho
75. The first miracle of Jesus was changing water into wine at
- Nazareth
 - Cana of Galilee
 - Jerusalem
 - Bethany

76. Jesus said that we should _____ our enemies.
 A. hate B. beat
 C. love D. abuse
77. The parable of the prodigal son teaches Christians about
 A. joy
 B. humility
 C. patience
 D. forgiveness
78. Who among the following servants was healed by Jesus because of his master's faith?
 A. Jairus' daughter
 B. Jacob
 C. Mary
 D. Roman centurion's servant
79. What do Christians learn from the temptations of Jesus?
 A. They should give up when tempted.
 B. They should not be tempted.
 C. Temptations are meant for sinners.
 D. They should not give up when in temptations.
80. When Jesus was being baptised the Holy Spirit came upon Him in the form of a
 A. dove
 B. eagle
 C. sparrow
 D. pigeon
81. The following were done by the early church **except**
 A. they shared their belongings.
 B. they always remained in doors.
 C. they met daily.
 D. they fellowshiped together.
82. Which of the following is **not** part of the Apostles creed?
 A. I believe in Holy Catholic Church.
 B. The creator of heaven and earth.
 C. Lead us not into temptation.
 D. Who died under pontius Pilate.
83. The day the disciples were filled by the Holy Spirit is termed as
 A. Passover
 B. Pentecost
 C. Advent
 D. Last supper
84. In Traditional African Society work was shared according to the following **except**
 A. gender
 B. position in the society
 C. education
 D. age
85. The following were stages of life in Traditional African Society. Which one was **not**?
 A. Naming
 B. Marriage
 C. Baptism
 D. Initiation
86. Who among the following taught children in Traditional African Society how to behave?
 A. Pears
 B. Agemates
 C. Children
 D. Elders
87. Peter a std 6 pupils collected two hundred shillings in the school compound. What was the **best** thing for him to do?
 A. Pay for the school trip.
 B. Give it to the teacher to ask for the owner.
 C. Share it with friends.
 D. Hide the money and take it to his mother.
88. Joyce, a std 6 girl was told by her friend that she was planning to carry out abortion. As a Christian what was she supposed to do?
 A. Break the friendship.
 B. Report to the teacher.
 C. Tell her classmates.
 D. Advice her to stop doing that.
89. The following are qualities of a good leader. Which one is **not**?
 A. Polite
 B. Cruel
 C. Kind
 D. Knowledgeable
90. Which one of the following is a bad effect of irresponsible girl boy relationship?
 A. Self control.
 B. Teenage pregnancy.
 C. Good results in school.
 D. Increased knowledge of God.

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