



SOUTH EASTERN KENYA UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2016/2017

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ECONOMICS/ BACHELOR OF ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS

XET 302: INTERMEDIATE MACROECONOMICS

DATE: 8TH DECEMBER, 2016

TIME: 1.30-3.30PM

Instructions to Candidates

- Answer Question **ONE** and any other **TWO** questions.
- Begin answering a new question on a separate page on the booklet provided
- Credit will be given to the clarity of argument and use of local examples.

QUESTION ONE (30 marks)

- Clearly describe three analytical assumptions underlying national income accounting. (6 marks)
- Using diagrams where appropriate, explain the following concepts
 - Philips curve (3 marks)
 - Okun's law (2 marks)
 - Paradox of thrift (4 marks)

- Given equilibrium in the product and money markets, as;

$$\text{Product market: } y = c(y - t(y)) + i(r) + g$$

$$\text{Money market: } \frac{m}{P} = l(r) + k(y)$$

Required

- Derive the fiscal policy multiplier (8 marks)

- ii. Given the following equations, calculate and interpret the fiscal policy multiplier

$$C = 100 + 0.8Y_d \text{ (Consumption function)}$$

$$I = 10 - 10r \text{ (Investment function)}$$

$$L = Y - 100r \text{ (Real money demand)}$$

$$G = 10 \text{ (Government purchases)}$$

$$T = 0.25 \text{ (Tax rate)}$$

$$M = 295 \text{ (Real money supply)}$$

(7 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 marks)

- a) Derive the monetary policy multiplier and interpret it. (6 marks)
- b) Use the four-quadrant diagram to show the effect of the following on equilibrium r and y .
- i.) An increase in the desire to save (7 marks)
- ii.) An increase in government purchases (7 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 marks)

- a) Distinguish between Tax Multiplier and Balanced Budget Multiplier (4 marks)
- b) Explain four factors that may affect the rate of economic growth. (8 marks)
- c) Using a well labeled diagram, explain and graphically show the concept of the steady state of growth in an economy. (8 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)

- a) Distinguish between the following terms;
- i. Actual and Potential output (4 marks)
- ii. Real GDP and Nominal GDP (4 marks)
- b) Given the following equations for a certain economy:
- $$Y = C + I + G + X \text{ (Income identity)}$$
- $$C = 100 + 0.9Y_d \text{ (Consumption function)}$$
- $$I = 200 - 500r \text{ (Investment function)}$$
- $$X = 100 - 0.12Y - 500r \text{ (Net export)}$$
- $$G = 200 \text{ (Government purchases)}$$
- $$T = 0.2 \text{ (Tax rate)}$$
- $$L = Y - 100r \text{ (Real money demand)}$$
- $$M = 800 \text{ (Real money supply)}$$

Required

- i) Derive equations for IS and LM curves (4 marks)
- ii) Determine the r and y pair at which the two markets are clearing (4 marks)
- iii) Compute the values of C , I , X and L (4 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)

- a) Distinguish between Multiplier and Accelerator concepts (4 marks)
- b) Discuss the Solow Growth Model and comment on its application in developing countries. (8 marks)
- c) Using IS-LM framework, describe the conditions under which monetary policy is effective (8 marks)