

BIOLOGY PRACTICAL231/ MARKING SCHEME

Solid	Food Tested	Procedure	Observation	Conclusion
	Starch	Add (drops of) iodine solution	No colour change/ colour of iodine persists/remains(brown/yellow)	Starch absent
Α	Reducing sugar	-Add(drops of Benedicts solution). - Heat/ boil the mixture	No colour change /colour of iodine persists/ remain (blue)	Reducing sugar absent
	Protein	 Add sodium hydroxide solution. Add copper (II) sulphate dropwise (white shaking) 	Purple/violet colour appears	Proteins present
	Starch	Add (drops of)iodine solution	Blue black/blue/black colour is produced	Starch present
В	Reducing sugar	- Add(drops of) Benedicts solution - Heat/Boil the mixture	No colour change /colour of Benedicts solution persists/ remain(blue)	Reducing sugar absent
	Proteins	- Add sodium hydroxide solution -Add copper (II) sulphate(while shaking)	No colour change	Proteins absent

CONDITIONS FOR MARKING FOOD TEST

I) (a) Reject procedure, hence observation and conclusion if;

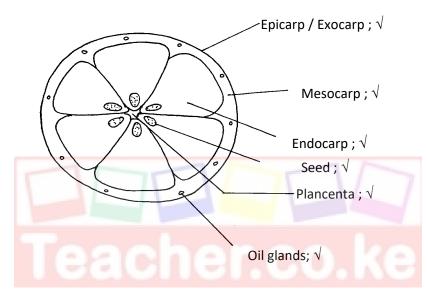
- (i) Food substance tested for is wrong.
- (ii) Name of reagents is included in the column for food substance tested for.
- (iii) Procedure is wrong.
- (iv) Spelling of reagent(s) is wrong eg.Benedict solution, sodium hydroxide solution.
- (v) Incorrect chemical formula of a reagent is used in procedure.
- (II) Reject conclusion if observation is wrong.
- (III) (i) **For solid A:-** Give **one mark** for each correct food substance, procedure, observation and conclusion.
 - (ii) For solid B:-Award equivalent sign(\equiv) for correct food substance and procedure. Then given one mark for each correct observation and conclusion.
 - (iii) Add total marks for the whole table and divide by 2 e.g. 18/2=9mrks.
 - (b) (i) Solid A; $\sqrt{}$



- (ii) **Solid A** is rich in proteins; $\sqrt{}$
- (c) (i) Mouth / Buccal cavity; $\sqrt{}$
 - (ii) Salivary amylase/ Ptyalin/Diastase;√
 - Synthesis of enzymes/ hormones; $\sqrt{}$
 - Synthesis of protoplasm; $\sqrt{}$
 - Is a structural component of bodies of organisms e.g. cell membrane ,muscles hair hooves/ nails; $\sqrt{}$
 - Protection against diseases by forming antibodies; $\sqrt{}$
 - Transport of substances e.g. Haemoglobin transports oxygen /carbon (iv) oxides; $\sqrt{}$
 - NB: *Mark the first point.*

2. (a)

(d)



CONDITIONS

DRAWING:(1mk)

- Continuous outline
 - Proportionality
- Accuracy /correct shape

Labelling (2mrks)

- Any 4 correctly labeled parts divided by 2
 - ✤ NB: Labelling line must touch the intended part.
 - ✤ No arrow heads on labeling lines.
 - ✤ Labelling lines should not cross each other
 - ✤ Mark labellings clock wise from topmost label of right hand side.
- (b) (i) Pod/Legume; $\sqrt{}$
 - (ii) Marginal;√
- (c) (i) **Corolla:-**
 - Has 5 petals; $\sqrt{}$

 - Bell- shaped / funnel- shaped; $\sqrt{}$
 - Has honey guides;√
 - Is membraneous; $\sqrt{}$
 - Is large;√



- (ii) Gynoecium:-
 - Superior ovary;√

 - Lobed /bilobed stigma; $\sqrt{}$
 - Style shorter than filaments/stigma below anthers; $\sqrt{}$
- (d) Spermatophyta; $\sqrt{\text{Rj. Wrong spelling}}$

(a) (i) **Photograph I**

Lumbar vertebra; $\sqrt{\text{Reject:-Plural i.e. Lumbar vertebrae wrong spelling but mark reason.}}$

Reasons:-

- Long transverse processes; $\sqrt{}$
- Presence of metapophysis /extra process; $\sqrt{}$

(ii) **Photograph II**

Thoracic vertebra; $\sqrt{\text{Reject:-Plural i.e. Thoracic vertebra/wrong spelling but mark reason}}$

Reason

- Long neutral spine;√
- Presence of tubercular/capitular facets/demifacets; $\sqrt{}$
- Short transverse processes;√

(iii) **Photograph III**

- Cervical vertebra; $\!\!\!\sqrt{\text{Reject:-Plural i.e. cervical vertebra/wrong spelling but}$ mark reason

Reasons:-

- Short neutral spine;√
- Presence of vertebraterial canals;√
- Divided / branched /forked transverse processes/ cervical ribs;
- N/B:- Reject wrong identity in 3(a) (i) (ii) and /or (iii) above hence reject reason given.

Photograph I	Photograph II		
- Long transverse;√ processes	 Short transverse processes 		
- Metapophysis present; $$	- Metapophysisi absent		
- Short neutral spine; $$	- Long neutral spine		
- Tubercular/capitular facets absent; $$	- Tubercular/capitular facets present		

- (c) G:- Vertebraterial canal: $\sqrt{}$
- (d) Neck (region): $\sqrt{}$
- (e) -Long transverse processes that provide large surface area for attachment of (abdominal) muscles; $\sqrt{}$
- Metapophysis/extra processes that provide large surface area for attachment of (abdominal)muscles: $\sqrt{1-1}$
- Large centrum for support (of heavy organs in the abdominal cavity); $\sqrt{}$
- Large neural canal for passage of the spinal cord; $\sqrt{}$
- Broad neural spins that provides large surfaces area for attachment of (abdominal) muscles

3

3.