## 231/3 - BIOLOGY PAPER 3 - MARKING SCHEME



1. (a) F - Heart

H - Trachea

J - Ileum K - Colon

M - Stomach  $5 \times 1 = 5 \text{mks}$ 

(b) Part L.

- Site of foetus development.

 $1 \times 1 = 1 \text{mk}$ 

## Part N.

- Site of bile synthesis /regulation of lipid, carbohydrate and protein metabolism / site of heat generation / site of urea formation / storage site of mineral ions / vitamins and blood.  $1 \times 1 = 1 \text{mk}$
- (c) (i) Female.  $1 \times 1 = 1 \text{mk}$ 
  - (ii) Presence of uterus.
    - Presence of foetuses in the uterus.  $1 \times 1 = 1 \text{mk}$

(d) G - Thoracic region / Thorax region.

H - Cervical region / neck region.  $2 \times 1 = 2 \text{mks}$ 

(e) Part H.

- Rings of cartilage prevent collapsing of the trachea during exhalation.
- Hollow trachea allows passage of air.
- Mucus covered endothelium to trap foreign particles / dust.
- Moist endothelium to moisten the inhaled air.
- Ciliated epithelium to waft trapped particles towards the pharynx  $2 \times 1 = 2 \text{mks}$

## Part G

- Spongy / numerous alveoli to increase the surface area for gaseous exchange.
- Elastic; allows for stretching / expansion during inhalation.
- Vascularised; increase rate of absorption.
- Pleural membrane; protects against mechanical injury / lubrication / keeping lungs air tight therefore free from interference of external pressure.  $2 \times 1 = 2 \text{mks}$
- 2. (a) A 1a, 9a

B 1b, 2b, 3a, 4b, 5a

C 1b, 2b, 3b

D 1b, 2b, 3a, 4a, 6a, 7a

E 1b, 2b, 3a, 4a, 6a, 7a F 1b, 2b, 3a, 4a, 6b, 8a

G 1b, 2a

H 1b, 2b, 3a, 4a, 6a, 7b

Cestoda Annelida Nematoda

Insecta

Insecta

Arachnida Mollusca

Crustacea

Total marks = 8mks

(b) (i) Identity - Thoracic vertebra 1mk

Reason-Long neural spine

- Short transverse process.
- Has facets of rib articulation. max 1mk

(ii) C - Tuberculum 1mk D - Capitulum 1mk



(iii) Sternum 1mk

3	Food substance	Procedure	Observation	Conclusion.
	Protein	To 2 cm <sub>3</sub> suspension add an equal amount of 10% NaOH and then add 1% CuSO <sub>4</sub> drop by drop then shake	Colour of CuSO <sub>4</sub> change to purple / violet	Protein Present.
	Reducing sugar	Place suspension X in a test tube and add an equal amount of Benedict's' solution. Then heat / boil / warm.	Blue colour of Benedict's solution remains/retained.	Reducing sugar absent.
	Lipids	Rub/smear suspension X on a filter paper, dry the filter and observe through a source of light.	Permanent translucent mark formed.	Lipids/oils/fats present.



