

**SERIES 26 EXAMS**

**MARKING SCHEME**

1. Table 1
- |                      |       |   |      |
|----------------------|-------|---|------|
| Complete table       | -2mks | } | 5mks |
| Decimal point        | -1mk  |   |      |
| Accurate value       | -1mk  |   |      |
| Principal of average | -1mk  |   |      |
| Final answer         | -1mk  |   |      |
- (i) average =  $\pm 0.1 \frac{(20+20.0+20.0)}{3} = 20.0\text{cm}^3$
- (ii) Molarity of R =  $\frac{40}{40\sqrt{1/2}} = 1.0 \sqrt{1/2}$  1
- $\frac{25 \times 1}{1000\sqrt{1/2}} = 0.025 \sqrt{1/2}$  1
- (iii) NaOH : HCl  
1 : 1  
0.025 = 0.025 (same moles) 1
- (iv)  $20.0\text{cm}^3 = 0.025$   
 $100\text{cm}^3 = \frac{0.025}{20} \times 100 \sqrt{1}$  1  
 $= 0.125 \sqrt{1}$  1
- (v)  $1000\text{cm}^3 = 2\text{moles}$   
 $100\text{cm}^3 = \frac{100 \times 2 \sqrt{1}}{1000}$  1  
 $= 0.2\text{moles} \sqrt{1}$
- (vi)  $0.2 - 0.125 \sqrt{1} = 0.075 \sqrt{1}$  2
- (vii)  $\text{MCO}_3(s) + 2\text{HCl} \longrightarrow \text{MCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2(g)$  1  
Moles of  $\text{MCO}_3 = \frac{0.075 \sqrt{1/2}}{2}$  1  
 $= 0.0375\text{moles} \sqrt{1/2}$  1
- (viii) RFM of  $\text{MCO}_3 = \frac{4.69 \sqrt{1/2}}{0.0375}$   
 $= 125$  2
- (ix) RAM of Q = 125-60  
 $= 65 \sqrt{1/2}$  1

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|   |  |     |
|---|--|-----|
| 2.(i) Blue litmus paper turns red $\sqrt{1/2}$<br>Red litmus remains red $\sqrt{1/2}$     | Acidic compound/ $\text{H}^+$ $\sqrt{1}$ present | 2   |
| (ii) Effervescence occurs $\sqrt{1}$  | $\text{H}^+$ present /solution acidic $\sqrt{1}$ | 2   |
| (iii) Purple colour changes to colourless/ $\text{H}^+$ / $\text{KMNO}_4$ is decolourised | $\text{>C=C-C}\equiv\text{C-}\sqrt{1}$           | 2   |
| (iv) Fruity or sweet smell $\sqrt{1}$   | $-\text{COOH}-$ confirmed $\sqrt{1}$             | 2=8 |

**3. Solid N**

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| (a) Dissolves to form a colourless solution $\sqrt{1}$                                | Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Fe <sup>3+</sup> or Cu <sup>2+</sup> $\sqrt{1}$ absent  | 2 |
| (b) White $\sqrt{1/2}$ precipitate soluble $\sqrt{1/2}$ in excess <b>1</b>            | Al <sup>3+</sup> , Zn <sup>2+</sup> or Pb <sup>2+</sup> $\sqrt{1}$<br>3 ions -1mk<br>2 ions- $1/2$ mk  | 2 |
| (c) white $\sqrt{1/2}$ precipitate insoluble $\sqrt{1/2}$ in excess alkali $\sqrt{1}$ | Al <sup>3+</sup> , Pb <sup>2+</sup> present $\sqrt{1}$   | 2 |
| (d) No white precipitate is formed $\sqrt{1}$   | Al <sup>3+</sup> $\sqrt{1}$ confirmed  | 2 |
| (e) white precipitate $\sqrt{1}$  | Cl <sup>-</sup> , SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> $\sqrt{1}$ IRj Co <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup><br>Note aluminum carbonate does not exist | 2 |
| (f) white precipitate dissolves on warming $\sqrt{1}$                                 | Cl <sup>-</sup> ions $\sqrt{1}$ confirmed  | 2 |

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