

SERIES 31 EXAMS

233/3

CHEMISTRY PAPER 3

MARKING SCHEME

Q 1: Table 1 (5mks)

The marks are distributed as follows

A: Complete table (4mks)

- (i) Complete table with 3 titration done. (1mk)
- (ii) Incomplete table with 2 titration done. $(\frac{1}{2}mk)$ (0mk)
- (iii) Incomplete table with 1 titration done.

Penalties

- (i)Wrong arithmetic (subtraction of the initial from final burette readings)
- (ii) Inverted table
- (iii) Burette reading beyond 50cm³ unless explained e.g. 50.0cm³ + 12.0cm³ = 62.0cm³
- (iv)Unrealistic titre values i.e. hundred or below 1.0

Note

Penalize ½ mk for each to a maximum of ½ mk. i.e. penalize ½mk once

B Use of decimals

- (i) Accept only 1 or 2 decimal places used consistently otherwise penalize FULLY. i.e award 0 mk
- (ii) If 2 decimal places are used, the second decimal place <u>must</u> be either a "0" or "5" otherwise penalize FULLY.
- (iii) Accept inconsistency in the use of zeros as initial burette readings e.g 0, 0.0, 0.00

C: Accuracy

(1mk)

Compare the candidate's titre values with school value (SV) and tick (\checkmark) the chosen value earn a mark.

CONDITIONS

- If at least one value is within ± 0.10 cm³ of the S.V award 1mark. (i)
- If no value is within ± 0.10 cm³ of the school value, but at least one value is within \pm (ii) 0.20cm³ of the S.V award ½ mark
- (iii) If no value is within + 0.20cm³ of the S.V award 0 mark (iii)

Note:

If there is arithmetic error in the table, compare the S.V with worked out correct value and award accordingly.

D. Principles of averaging

(1mk)

Values averaged MUST be shown and MUST be within +0.20 of each other.

CONDITIONS:

- (i) If 3 titration are done and consistent and averaged (1mk)
- (ii) If 3 titrations are done and only two are consistent and averaged. (1mk)
- (iii) If only two titrations are done and consistent are averaged. (1mk)
- (iv) If 3 titrations are possible but only 2 are averaged (0mk)
- (vi) If only 2 titration done are inconsistent and are averaged. (0mk)
- (vii) If only 1 titration done. (0mk)

PENALTIES

1 233 / 3



- (i) Penalize $\frac{1}{2}$ mk for wrong arithmetic in average titre if error is outside ± 2 units in the 2^{nd} decimal place.
- (ii) Penalize ½mk if no working is shown but answer given is correct
- (iii) Penalize FULLY if no working and answer given is wrong
- (iv) Accept rounding off answer (average titre) to 2 decimal places e.g 12.6666 to 12.66 or 12.67, 21.3333 to 21.33. Otherwise penalize mk for rounding off to 1dp or a whole number.

Note:

- (i) Accept answer (average titre) to 1dp or a whole if it works out exactly and credit FULLY.
- (ii) Question 1 a (i) MUST be marked before the marking for averaging is awarded in table (1)

E. FINAL ANSWER (1mk)

(Tied to correct average titre)

Compare the candidates CORRECT AVERAGE TITRE in S.V. and

(i) If within \pm 0.010 of the S.V

(1mk)

(ii) If NOT within + 0.10 of the S.V but within + 0.20 then award $\frac{1}{2}$ mk

(iii) If beyond + 0.20 of the S.V.

(0mk)

Note:

(i) Where there are 2 possible pairs of titres(can be averaged, use the pair that is closed to the S.V. and credit accordingly e.g if S.V = 24.0 and the titres are 23.8, 23.6 and the candidate averages 23.8 + 23.6

Pick $\underline{23.8 + 23.9} = 23.85$ so as to credit ½mk of the candidates titre which would score 0 mk.

Also if a candidates titre were 24.3, 24.1 and the same S.V = 24.0 and the candidate average 24.3 + 24.1 = 24.2

Pick $24.1 + 23.9 = 24.0 \text{cm}^3$ to credit 1mk

Instead of ½ mk, if the candidates averaging titre is used.

If wrong values are averaged pick the correct values (if any) following the principles of averaging, average then award according.

1 b) (Average titre x 0.2) $\checkmark \frac{1}{2}$

1000

= Ans. $\checkmark \frac{1}{2}$

c) Mole ratio 1:1√½

= Ans. In $b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

d) $(250 \text{cm}^3 \text{ x Ans. In c}) \checkmark \frac{1}{2} \text{ or } 40 \text{ x Ans. In c} \checkmark \frac{1}{2}$

25

=Ans. ✓

e) $(1000 \times \text{Ans. In (d)}) \checkmark \text{ or } 4 \times \text{Ans. In (d)} \checkmark$

250

= Ans. ✓

f) $M_O V_O = M_R V_R$

$$= M_Q \times 25 = Ans. In (e) \times 250 \checkmark$$

= Ans. (e) $\times 10$

=Ans. ✓

Q2. Award s a follows:

- Complete table

(1mk)

- Decimal (accept whole numbers or 1 d.c.p. where decimal place is 5 or 0) for 1mk

- Accuracy (within ± 2 of school value) for 1 mk otherwise award 0mrk
- Trends (change in temperature must be positive) 1mk
- a) Temp. of solution C + Temp. of solution $D\sqrt{1/2}$ = Ans. 2(a) $\sqrt{1/2}$

- b) $H^{+}_{(g)} + OH^{-}_{(G)}$ $H_2O\checkmark$
- c) DH = $100 \times 4.2 \checkmark \times DT = Ans. \checkmark 2$ (c) KJ
- d) 1000cm³ contains 2 moles

therefore 50cm³

$$= \frac{50 \times 2}{1000} \checkmark \frac{1}{2} = 0.1 \text{ moles } \checkmark \frac{1}{2}$$

e) 0.1 moles evolved Ans. 2 (c) KJ

Therefore 1 mole

$$= \underbrace{1 \times 2 \text{ (c) KJ}}_{0.1} \checkmark = \text{Ans. } \checkmark 2 \text{ (e) KJ / mole}$$

f)

Energy



233 / 3

Q3. a)	servations	Inferences
a) Solid partially dissolve to form <u>colourless</u>		- Absence of coloured ions Fe ²⁺ , Fe ³⁺ , cu.
filtrate √1/2 and white residue		3 ions mentioned✓
		2 ions "√½
		1 ion " √ 0
b) No white precipitate √1/2		Absence of ions. Al³+,Zn²+, Pb²+, Mg²+, Ca²+ Ba²+ - 3 ions mentioned ✓ - 2 ion s "✓½ - 1 ion "✓0 NB: Mentioned presence of NH⁺4, Na⁺, K⁺ does not contradict but does not earn a mark.
c) Whit √½ ppt. which dissolve on warming. Penalize fully if heating mentioned for warming.		Presence of cl⁻√½
		-CO ₃ ²⁻ √½present
d) – Formation of a <u>colourless</u> √½ gas which turn blue √½ litmus paper red and red litmus paper remains red. √½		- Zn ²⁺ √½present
- Put off burning spirit √½ - Yellow residue when hot. √½ - White residue when cold. √½		
- White residue when cold. 7/2		Co^{2-3} , SO^{2-3} any for 1mk
e) Effervescence √½	/ bubbles of a colourless √1/2	any for this
gas formed.	72	더 씨 어 이 씨 시 (디
<i>U</i>		Zn ²⁺ Pb ²⁺ , Al ³⁺ ions present
(i) white ppt√½. soluble excess√½		- 3 ions mentioned
		- 2 ions mentioned
		- 1 ion mentioned
(ii) White ppt. $\checkmark \frac{1}{2}$ soluble in excess $\checkmark \frac{1}{2}$		
		Zn ²⁺ ✓ confirmed

233 / 3 4