

## SERIES 32 EXAMS

### CHEMISTRY PP 233/3

#### MARKING SCHEME

- 1(a) CT - 1 - table completed with realistic temperature readings  
 D.P - 1- 1 or 0 dips consistently used.  
 A - 1 1<sup>st</sup> reading => 2 of s  
 T 1 temperature increases then decreases.
- (i) Plotting - 1  
 Scale - ½ plots cover at least half of the grid provided  
 Axes – ½ both axes correctly labeled.

Or

- (ii) Peak temperature - temperature at O = ans (ii)  
 (iii)  $40\text{cm}^3 \times 1.0\text{gcm}^{-3} \times 4.2 \times DT =$  ans (a) (iii)

(b) CT - 1

D.P - 1

A - 1

P.A - 1

F.A - 1

(c)(i)  $\frac{25}{100} \times 0.3 = 0.0075$

$\underline{0.0075}$

$\frac{2}{2}$

(ii)  $\frac{250 \times 0.000375}{2} =$  ans c (ii)  
 Average volume

(iii)  $\frac{40}{1000} \times 0.5 = 0.02$

(d) 0.02 - ans c (ii) = ans (d)

(e)  $\frac{1}{Ans(d)} \times Ans(a) (iii)$   
 Ans (d)

DH = ans

2(a)

OBSERVATION	INFERENCES
(a)(i) Effervescence/bubbles produced white ppt formed	$\text{CO}_3^{2-}$
(b)(i) Blue pp that does not dissolve in excess	$\text{Cu}^{2+}$
(ii) Blue ppt that dissolve in excess to form deep blue solution	$\text{Cu}^{2+}$
(ii) Brown solid deposited	$\text{Cu}^{2+}$
(a) Burn with yellow sooty flame	$-\text{C} = \text{C-}$ or $>\text{C} = \text{CT}$
(b) Turns from orange to green	$>\text{C- CT}$ , $-\text{C} = \text{C-}$ , $-\text{OH}$

(ii) Turns from orange to red	Acid solution
(iii) Effervescence /bubbles	H+

3