

SERIES 37 EXAMS

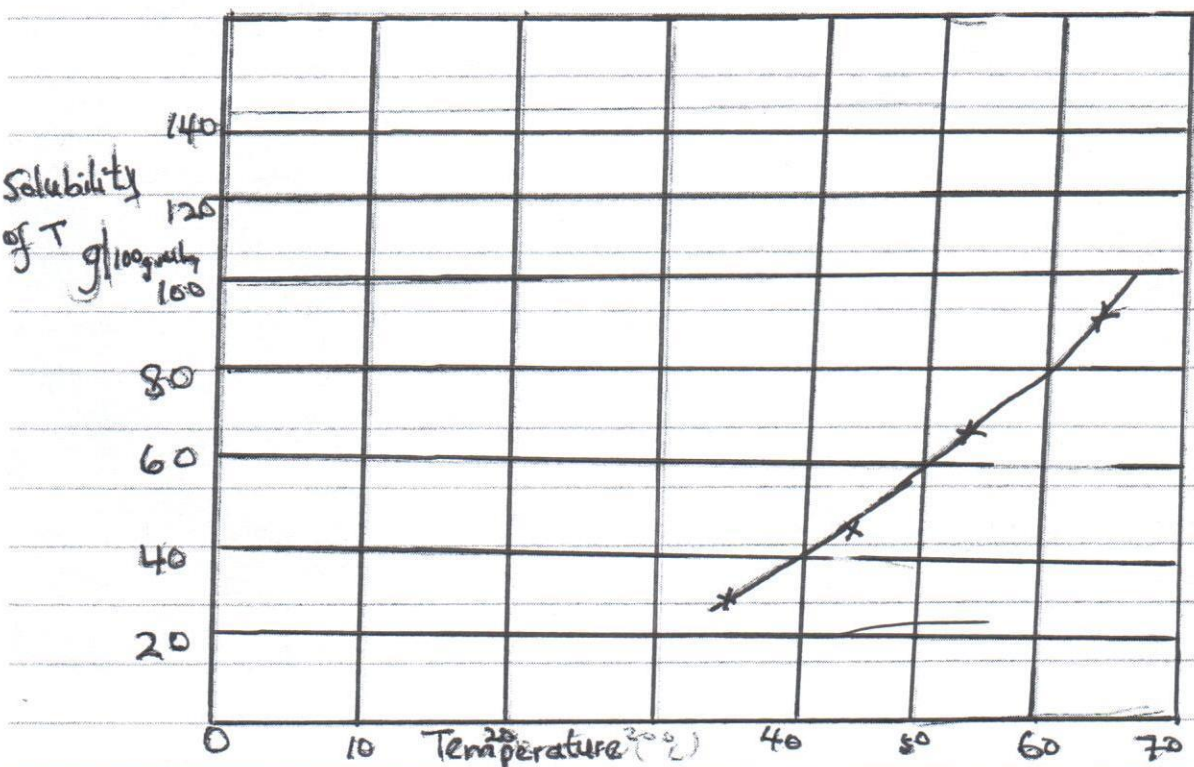
**233/3 – CHEMISTRY PAPER 3
MARKING SCHEME**

1. TABLE I

Volume of distilled water in boiling tube	Crystallization temperature	Stability of solid T in 100g / water
4	70.0	100
6	56.0	66.67
8	49.0	50.00
12	35.0	33.33

Complete table	(4mks)
Decimal place	(½ mk)
Accuracy	(½ mk)
Trend	<u>(1mk)</u>
Total	<u>6mks</u>

GRAPH



- (i) Solubility at 55°
Showing $\sqrt{1/2}$
Correct value $\sqrt{1/2}$

- (ii) Temperature – 80g / 100g of water
 Showing $\sqrt{1/2}$
 Correct value $\sqrt{1/2}$

Procedure II

	I	II	III
Final burette reading cm ³	19.8	37.5	19.6
Initial burette reading cm ³	0.0	19.8	0.0
Volume of T used cm ³	19.8	19.7	19.6

Average volume = 19.70cm² $\sqrt{1}$

TABLE II

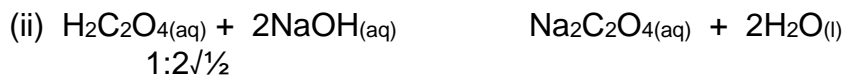
Complete table	(1mk)
Decimal place	(1mk)
Accuracy	(1mk)
Principles of averaging	(1mk)
Final answer	(1mk)

Calculations

(b) (i) Moles of Q

$$n = \frac{cxv}{1000} = \frac{(0.2 \times 25)}{1000} \sqrt{1/2}$$

$$= 0.005 \text{ moles} \sqrt{1/2}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Moles of T} &= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 0.005\right) \sqrt{1} \\ &= 0.0025 \text{ mols.} \sqrt{1} \end{aligned}$$

(iii) Molarity of T

$$M = \frac{16}{1}$$

(iv) $C = \frac{n \times 1000}{V}$

$$= \frac{(0.0025 \times 1000)}{19.7} \sqrt{1/2}$$

$$= 0.1269 \text{ M} \sqrt{1/2}$$

(c) RFM = $\frac{\text{Mass per litre}}{\text{Molanli}}$

$$= \frac{16}{0.1267} = 126.08 \sqrt{1/2}$$

$$\text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O} = 126.08$$

$$90 + 18n = 126 \sqrt{1/2}$$

$$18n = 36 \sqrt{1/2}$$

$$n = 2 \sqrt{1/2}$$

2. (a)

(i)

Observation	Inference
Yellow ppt/ $\sqrt{1/2}$ Soluble on warming $\sqrt{1/2}$	Pb^{2+} / $\sqrt{1/2}$

(ii)

Observation	Inference
Yellow ppt / residue / solid Blue Green filtrate	Pb^{2+} / $\sqrt{1/2}$ Cu^{2+} / Fe^{2+} present/ $\sqrt{1/2}$

Observation	Inference
Blue ppt. $\sqrt{1/2}$ Insoluble in excess/ $\sqrt{1/2}$	Cu^{2+} $\sqrt{1/2}$

Observation	Inference
Blue ppt. $\sqrt{1/2}$ Deep blue solution in excess/ $\sqrt{1/2}$	Cu^{2+} $\sqrt{1/2}$

Observation	Inference
Brown deposit/ $\sqrt{1/2}$ Green colour fades/ $\sqrt{1/2}$	Cu^{2+} displaced from solution $\sqrt{1}$

3. (i)

Observation	Inference
Burns with a yellow sooty / smoky flame.	Long chain hydrocarbon - unsaturated organic cpd - $= C = C =$ or $- C = C -$

(ii)

Observation	Inference
- Dissolve to form colourless solution or - Forms colourless solution	Polar organic compound / polar cpd Accept Soluble salt / cpd

Observation	Inference
Effervescence / bubble / fizzling Reject; Hissing	$COOH / H^+ / H_3O^+$ / $\sqrt{1}$ Acidic cpd; organic acid; carbonic acid; acidic solution

Observation	Inference
Orange colour persists / remains the same OR/ $\sqrt{1}$ Orange colour does not turn green Reject: yellow colour persists.	Absence of R-OH/ $\sqrt{1}$

Observation	Inference
KMnO ₄ decolourized or KMnO ₄ changes/1 from purple to colourless. Reject: solution remains colourless.	$= C = C = / - C = C -$ Present Accept: Unsaturated organic cpd $\sqrt{1/2}$