

SERIES 52 EXAMS

CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL.

Ans (ii)

233/3

MΔ	RKING	SCHEN	ΛF

(a) Table 1	2mrks
(i) Complete table	½mrk
Penalize ½ mrk for unrealistic temperature readings less than 10°C or above	40^{0} C.
(ii) Use of decimal	1/2
Accept whole numbers or Idp.	
Used consistently otherwise penalize	1/2
(iii) Accuracy	1/2
(iv) ΔT	1/2
Penalise	
(b) (i) Heat change = 40 x $4.2\sqrt{1}$ x ΔT =Correct ans $\sqrt{1}$ (J)	
Or 40 x 4.2 x Δ T = Corr.ans (KJ)	
Penalise ½ mrk for " j "	
(ii) $\frac{1.8}{126} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = 0.0143 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ (iii) 1f Δ H1 (II) mole = ans (1)	
;. Imole = $\underline{1 \text{ mole } x (i)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \text{corr. Ans} \text{J/moles}$	



or ans (i)
$$x = corr. KJ/moles$$
ans (ii) 1000 (2d.p)

Ans (i) and (ii) must be transferred intact. Otherwise penalize ½ mrk

(c)
$$\Delta H_3 = \Delta H_{1+} \Delta H_{2\sqrt{1/2}}$$

Correct Substitution√ 1

Correct answer. √ ½

- (-) Sign must be shown otherwise penalize ½ mrk for the answer.
- 2. Procedure III Table III

Table III

Distributed as follows

5mrks.

A. Complete table

1mrk

Conditions

(i) Complete table with 3 titrations

1mrk

(ii) Incomplete table with only 2 titrations done

 $1/_{2}$

(ii)Incomplete table with only one titration done

0mrk

Penalties

- (i) Wrong arithmetic / substration.
- (ii) Inverted table
- (iii) Unrealistic titre values > 1cm³ or in hundreds.

(iv) Burette readings beyond 50.0 cm³ unless explained Penalise ½ to a maximum of ½ i.e. penalize ½ ONCE. (b) Use of decimal (Tied to 1st and 2nd rows only) Accept 1 or 2 decimal places used consistently otherwise penalize fully. If 2d.p are used the 2nd decimal place must be '0' or 5 otherwise penalize fully. Accept inconsistency in the use of zeros. (c) Accuracy: 1mrk Compare candidates correct titre value with S.V. and tick ($\sqrt{}$) the chosen value. **Conditions** (i) If at least one titre value is within + 0.10 of S.V... value 1mrk. (ii) If no value is within \pm 0.10 of S.V. but there is at least one within \pm 0.2 of S.V. ½mrk (iii) If no value is within ± 0.2 onwards..0 (d) Principles of average 1mrk. (i) If 3 constant value average 1mrk. (ii) If 3 titrations are done only .2 are consistent and averaged 1mrk (iii) If only 2 titrations are done and are consistent and averaged 1mrk (iv) If 3 titrations are done but are inconsistent and are averaged 0mrk (v) If 3 are possible but only 2 averaged 0mrk (vi) If only 2 titrations are done and are inconsistent but averaged award 0mrk

0mrk

Penalties.

(vii If only one titration is done

- (i) Penalise $\frac{1}{2}$ mrk for arithmetic error if outside + 0.2 units in the 2^{nd} d.p. of averaged value expected.
- (ii) Penalise ½ mrk if no averaging is shown but answer given is correct.
- (iiI) If no working is shown and the answer given is wrong penalize fully.
- (iv) Accept rounding off or translocation of the answered to 2 d.p. Otherwise penalize ½ for rounding off to 1d.p. or whole number.

Accept answer if it works out exactly to 1d.p. or whole number and credit accordingly.

(e) Final accuracy (Tied to correct average titre)

Compare the candidates correct average titre with S.V.

(i) If within \pm 0.10 of S.V.

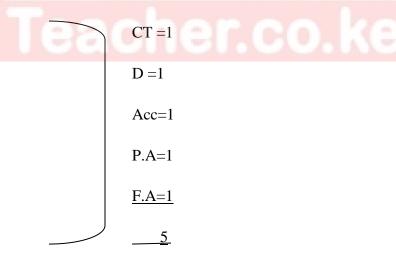
1mrk

(ii) If not within ± 0.1 but within ± 0.2 of S.V.

1/2

(iii) If beyond \pm 0.2 award

0mrk



(ii) If $1000 \text{cm}^3 = 0.03 \text{ moles} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

Titre = Titre x 0.03
$$\frac{1000\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}}{1000\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}}$$
= corr ans, (4d.p)

(iii) If
$$2 = ans$$
 (II)

$$5 = 5 \times \operatorname{ans} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ (II)} = \operatorname{corr} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ ans}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ (4d.p.)}$$

(iv) If ans. (III)
$$= 2.3g$$

:. 1mole =
$$\frac{1 \times 2.3}{\text{Ans. (III)}} = \text{corr.} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ corr.ans without units.}$$

P. x H₂O =ans
$$(IV)\sqrt{}$$

$$90 + 18x \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}x$$
 = ans. (IV) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

or

$$x = ans(IV) - 90\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

18

= correct ans. Rounded off to whole number.

Note the values to be transferred must be transferred intact otherwise penalize ½ mrk for wrong transfer, or penalize fully for strange figure.

Obsevations

3.(a) White precipitate $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

Soluble√½ in excess

(b) White √precipitate

Soluble $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ in excess

Inferences

$$Al^{3+\sqrt{1/2}}Pb^{2+\sqrt{1/2}}$$
, Zn^{2+} present 2 $1/2$

$$Zn^{2+}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$
 present

 $1\frac{1}{2}$

(c) No effervescence $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ /no bubbles gas

 $CO_3^{2+}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$, $SO_3^{2-}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$, $HCO_3^{-\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}}$

No bubbles of a gas.

(d) White precipitate

 $\text{CO}_3^{2\text{-}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$, $\text{SO}_4^{2\text{-}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$, SO $_3^{2\text{-}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$,

$$CL^{-}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

absent

3mks



(e) White $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ precipitate dissolves

- Cl⁻ present
- Must be mentioned in (d) 1mrk

(f) R not decolourised.

Or R remains purple

C = C - , -C = , C - , R, -OHabsent

Only 2 ½
$$1\frac{1}{2}$$

—C C — $\sqrt{1}$ present

R - OH $\sqrt{1}$ absent **2mrks**

(ii) Orange √ 1 colour

remain orange

- (iii) Effervescence/bubbles of a gas
- (iv) PH $5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ or 6 reject range of PH
- (v) Burns with blue $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ flame

H+ present

Weak√½ acid or

saturated organic compound present