

DOUBLE MERIT NATIONAL EXAMINATION

STANDARD EIGHT YEAR 2021

SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

2ND MERIT

Time: 2 hour 15 Minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question paper.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET.

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-
 YOUR INDEX NUMBER
 YOUR NAME
 NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT.**
9. For each of the questions 1-90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

29. The Great North road joins which of these two towns?

- A. Lagos and Algiers
- B. Cape town and Cairo
- C. Dakar to Ndjamena
- D. Mombasa and Lagos

The correct answer is B

On the answer sheet:

26. [A] [B] [C] [D] 27. [A] [B] [C] [D] 28. [A] [B] [C] [D] 29. [A] **[B]** [C] [D]

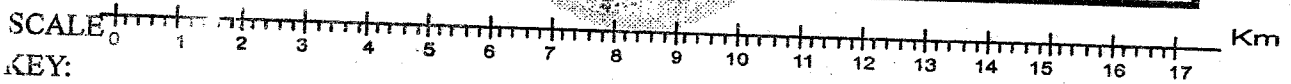
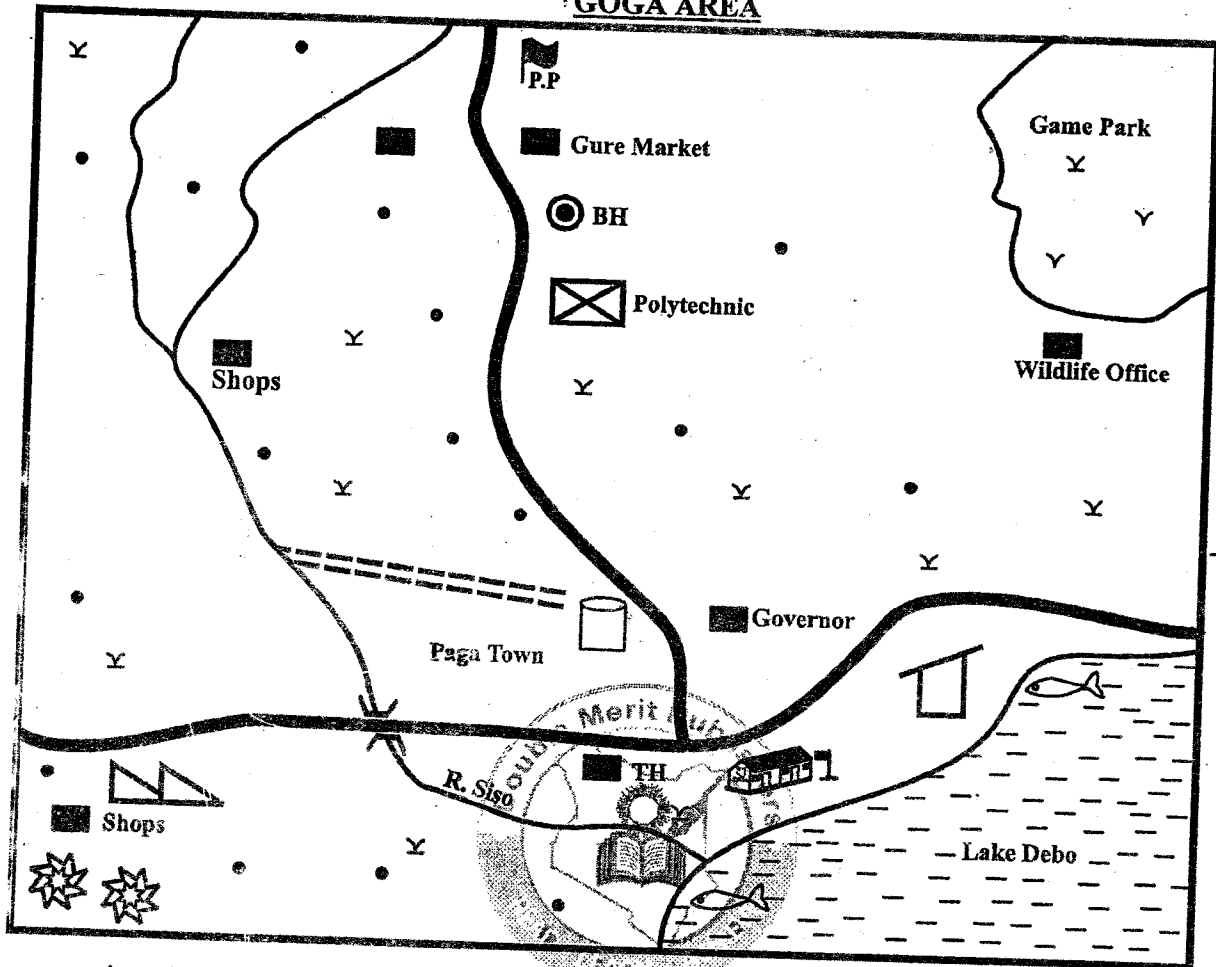
In the set of boxes number 29, the box with letter B printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This question paper consists of 12 printed pages.

PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES

GOGA AREA



KEY:

	Cement Factory		Water pipes		Tarmac road
	Build-up areas		River and bridge		Water tank
	Settlements		Fish factory		Police Post
	Limestone mines		School		Bore hole
	Grass		Fishing areas		Town Hall

Study the map of Goga Area below and use it to answer questions 1 to 7.

1. The **most** important social facility that the people living in Paga town need is
 - A. a police station
 - B. a church
 - C. a hospital
 - D. a school

2. The **main** source of water for domestic use for the residents of Paga town is
 - A. River Siso
 - B. Lake Debo
 - C. water tank
 - D. a bore hole

3. The location of both the cement and fish factory was **mainly** influenced by
 - A. nearness to market
 - B. nearness to roads
 - C. nearness to cheap source of labour
 - D. nearness to raw materials

4. Which evidence on the map shows that Goga is a dry area? Presence of
 - A. a river
 - B. shrubs
 - C. a lake
 - D. limestone mines

5. Three of the following statements about lake Debo are correct. Which one is **not**?
 - A. It causes rainfall in the area
 - B. It is found in a dry area
 - C. It is a source of fish
 - D. It is an inland drainage feature

6. Which one of the following economic activities is **not** carried out in Goga area?
 - A. Forestry
 - B. Mining
 - C. Fishing
 - D. Trading

7. What is the length of the tarmac road from the junction toward the police post?
 - A. 6km
 - B. 11km
 - C. 9km
 - D. 15km

8. The following are traditional weather observation methods;
 - i) Presence of dew on the grass
 - ii) Croaking of frogs
 - iii) Shedding of leaves
 - iv) Drying and turning of grass into brown
 Which combination of methods indicate the end of a rainy season?
 - A. i and ii
 - B. iii and iv
 - C. ii and iii
 - D. i and iii

9. The **main** economic activities of the river and lake nilotes during the migration period were crop growing and
 - A. fishing
 - B. hunting
 - C. basket weaving
 - D. livestock keeping

10. Which one of the following statements about the climate of the Kenya highlands is **correct**? They
 - A. experience cool temperatures
 - B. have one rainy season
 - C. are not throughout the year
 - D. receive rainfall from North East trade winds

11. Which one of the following economic activities is carried out in a hot and dry climate?

- A. Tea growing
- B. Dairy farming
- C. Sugar cane farming
- D. Beef farming

12. Which one of the following skills was taught through observation in the pre-colonial period?

- A. Good behaviour
- B. Midwifery
- C. Trading
- D. Iron working

13. Which of the following fishing grounds is best suited for fishing using trawling method?

- A. Lake Victoria
- B. Coastal waters of Morocco and Angola
- C. Lake Nasser in Egypt
- D. River Niger

14. A duty that was performed by the kings of the Baganda people before the coming of Europeans was

- A. solving difficult cases
- B. leading the army to war
- C. making weapons for the army
- D. predicting future events

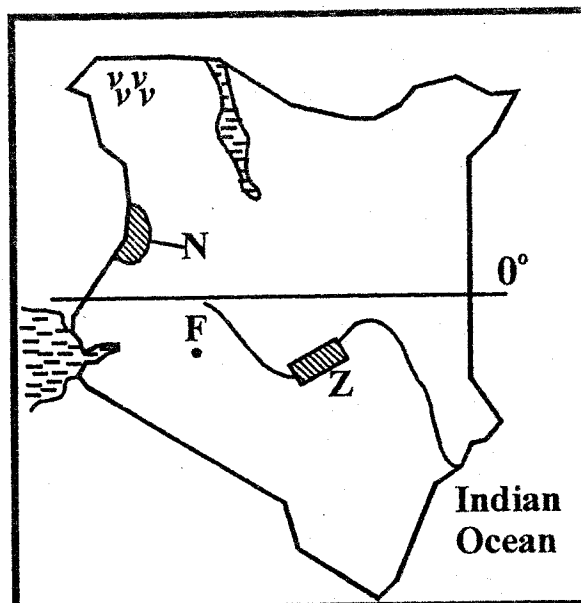
15. The following are statements about a region in Africa;

- i) It has hot days and cold nights
- ii) Rainfall is less than 250mm per year
- iii) Vegetation consist of dry shrubs and turf grass

The region described above is

- A. West Coast of Africa
- B. Lake Victoria basin
- C. Congo basin
- D. Kalahari region

Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 16 to 19.



16. The river projects marked Z were established mainly to

- A. generate electricity
- B. control flooding
- C. store water for irrigation
- D. create inland fishing grounds

17. The archaeological site marked F is

- A. Olorgesailie
- B. Koobi Fora
- C. Kariandusi
- D. Eliye Springs

18. The crop grown in the shaded area marked N in large commercial farms is

- A. cotton
- B. maize
- C. rice
- D. coffee

19. Natural vegetation in the area marked vvv mainly consist of

- A. mangrove trees
- B. dry bushes and short grass
- C. tall grass and woodland vegetation
- D. dense evergreen forest

- 20. Chief Mkwawa and Kabaka Mwangi reacted to the coming of Europeans when they
 - A. collaborated with Europeans
 - B. helped Europeans defeat other communities
 - C. attacked Europeans coming to their areas
 - D. Signed peace treaties with Europeans

- 21. Which one of the following statements about subsistence farming in the pre-colonial period is correct?
 - A. Crops were grown mainly for home consumption
 - B. Fertilizers were applied on crops
 - C. Machines were used to harvest crops
 - D. Africans grew cash crops

22. The communities shown in the boxes below have a common origin.



Which one of the following communities is represented by letter Y in the above box?

- A. Langi
 - B. Burji
 - C. Dinka
 - D. Pokomo
- 23. The following are descriptions of a town in Kenya
 - i) It began when the railway line reached there
 - ii) It handles exports and imports
 - iii) It has an international airport
 The town described above is
 - A. Kisumu
 - B. Eldoret
 - C. Thika
 - D. Nakuru

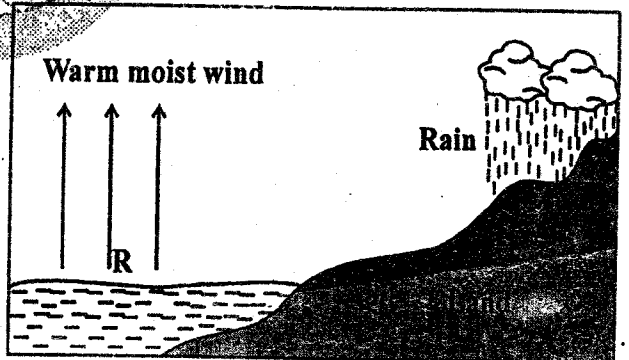
- 24. The main reason why the government is promoting methods of livestock farming among pastoral communities is to
 - A. improve living standards of pastoralists
 - B. make proper use of available grass
 - C. increase the number of their livestock
 - D. increase supply of meat in the country

- 25. Initiations were important in traditional African communities because they
 - A. enabled people to interact
 - B. enabled people to eat special foods
 - C. enable the youth choose marriage partners
 - D. marked passage to adulthood

- 26. The tourist attraction along the coast of Kenya is
 - A. Fort Jesus
 - B. Marine Parks
 - C. Tourist hotels
 - D. Sandy beaches

- 27. Which one of the following statements about cotton growing in Kenya is correct?
 - A. It is only grown in large plantations
 - B. It is grown in the cool and wet highlands
 - C. Production of cotton has decreased
 - D. It is mainly grown for export

The diagram below shows the formation of convectional rainfall.



- 28. Which one of the following areas in Eastern African experiences the type of rainfall shown above?
 - A. The lake Victoria basin
 - B. Central parts of Tanzania
 - C. Western parts of Uganda
 - D. Ethiopian highlands

29. Which one of the following weather instruments is correctly matched with the element of weather it measures?

<u>Instrument</u>	<u>Element of weather</u>
A. Barometer	Amount of rainfall
B. Hygrometer	Atmospheric pressure
C. Thermometer	Amount of water vapour
D. Anemometer	Speed of wind

30. The main reason why fishing along the Kenyan coast is not fully developed is due to

- A. Competition from foreign fishing vessels
- B. Inadequate funds to buy modern equipment
- C. Low demand for fish in the country
- D. Lack of adequate fishing skills

31. Most people in Germany live in towns because

- A. most people are educated
- B. the country has large urban centres
- C. towns offer employment to many people
- D. most of the people have small families

32. A requirement for an African to be assimilated in French colonies in Africa was that the person had to

- A. have more than one wife
- B. be elected to the French parliament
- C. be living in France
- D. be a christian

33. Which one of the following activities mostly enabled communities to interact before the colonial period?

- A. Trading activities
- B. Marriage ceremonies
- C. Initiation ceremonies
- D. Games and sports

34. The main benefit of democratic elections in Kenya is that people are able to

- A. hold elections frequently
- B. elect leaders who are educated
- C. elect leaders of their choice
- D. interact during campaign periods

35. Which one of the following minerals is correctly matched with its method of mining?

<u>Mineral</u>	<u>Method</u>
A. Sand	open-cast
B. Salt	evaporation
C. Diatomite	dredging
D. Soda ash	scooping

36. Which one of the following duties is performed by a chief in a location in Kenya?

- A. Supervising elections in the location
- B. Appointing social workers in the location
- C. Maintaining security in the location
- D. Making laws for governing the location

37. One of the contributions of Nelson Mandela towards achieving democracy in South Africa is that he

- A. demanded for inclusion of Africans in elections
- B. led South Africa to independence
- C. formed political parties in the country
- D. led the country to join African Union

38. Which one of the following is the main crop grown at Kenana in Sudan?

- A. Rice
- B. Cotton
- C. Coffee
- D. Sugarcane

39. One of the results of British colonial rule in Kenya is that

- A. it promoted traditional education
- B. it led to development of roads
- C. it promoted traditional African customs
- D. it promoted traditional African religions

40. The following are statements about a mountain in Africa;
 i) *It is found near the border of two countries*
 ii) *It is covered by snow at the peak*
 iii) *It formed through volcanic activity*
 The mountain described above is
 A. Mount Elgon
 B. Mount Kenya
 C. Mount Kilimanjaro
 D. Mount Ruwenzori
41. The location of Bamburi cement factory in Mombasa was influenced mainly by
 A. high demand for cement in the area
 B. availability of electricity
 C. nearness to a port to export cement
 D. presence of limestone
42. Which of the following is a way of managing rapid population growth?
 A. Increasing food production
 B. Providing family planning services
 C. Encouraging immigration
 D. Giving child allowances
43. The main work of a Board of Management (BOM) in a school is to
 A. supply books to the school
 B. identify and implement school policies
 C. market the school in the community
 D. prepare the school routine
44. A foreign woman who marries a Kenyan citizen may be allowed to become a citizen of Kenya if she
 A. gets children
 B. registers to be a voter
 C. applies to become a Kenyan citizen
 D. owns property in Kenya
45. Traffic police officers wear jackets that reflect light at night so as to
 A. reduce accidents on the roads
 B. warn motorists of dangerous sections of roads
 C. keep themselves warm at night
 D. make them visible to motorists
46. The most effective way of ensuring that pupils behave well in schools is by
 A. promoting dialogue among pupils in schools
 B. punishing pupils who break rules
 C. making rules for the pupils to follow
 D. allowing pupils to do what they like
47. Which one of the following countries in Africa is not land-locked?
 A. Democratic Republic of Congo
 B. Mali
 C. Senegal
 D. Eritrea
48. The following are statements about a traditional leader of a community in Kenya
 i) *He welcome Europeans in his area*
 ii) *He became a paramount chief*
 iii) *A town was named after him*
 The person described above is
 A. Masaku
 B. Laibon Lenana
 C. Nabongo Mumia
 D. Waiyaki wa Hinga
49. The main aim of forming the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) in 1975 was to
 A. prevent the spread of deserts
 B. form similar systems of government
 C. increase trade among member countries
 D. promote peace among member states
50. The main threat facing equatorial rainforests in Africa is
 A. frequent fires in the forests
 B. frequent cutting down of trees
 C. pests that attack trees
 D. unreliable rainfall
51. Most lakes found on the floor of the Rift valley are salty because they
 A. are deep
 B. are found in basins formed through faulting
 C. do not have outlets
 D. are narrow

52. The main contribution of tourism to the economy of Kenya is that
- it has led to building of hotels
 - it has led to construction of roads
 - it promotes good relations with other countries
 - it earns foreign exchange for the country
53. The main problem facing road transport in most rural areas in Africa is
- impassable roads in the wet season
 - frequent accidents on the roads
 - high cost of repairing vehicles
 - lack of road signs
54. Monica has written an article in the newspapers criticising the frequent closure of universities. Which freedom was he exercising? Freedom of
- association
 - expression
 - movement
 - worship
55. Which one of the following is a form of print media?
- Internet
 - Newspaper
 - Telephone
 - Television
56. Which one of the following countries is a member of East African community?
- Somali
 - Ethiopia
 - Tanzania
 - Sudan
57. Which one of the following is the main benefit of respecting human rights?
- People feel free and secure
 - Elections are held frequently
 - People are able to become rich
 - Leaders are able to rule for long
58. Which one of the following is not an arm of the government?
- Executive
 - Kenya Defence Forces
 - Judiciary
 - Legislature
59. Who among the following officials is a member of the executive?
- Chief Justice
 - Speaker
 - Cabinet Secretary
 - Senator
60. Members of the county assembly are elected to represent people living in
- counties
 - districts
 - wards
 - constituencies

SECTION B:

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. "That is why a man leaves his father and mother and is united with his wife" (Genesis 2:24). This statement teaches christians about
- honesty
 - work
 - marriage
 - tolerance
62. Which one of the following commands did God give Noah after the flood?
- "Have many children so that your descendants will live all over the earth"
 - "Leave your country, your relatives and your father's home"
 - "Your descendants will be strangers in a foreign land"
 - "Obey me and always do what is right"
63. When Sarah died Abraham married another woman whose name was
- Keturah
 - Rebecca
 - Deborah
 - Hannah

64. The Israelites cried to God when they were living in Egypt because
- they had no food
 - there was darkness over all Egypt
 - Moses had deserted them
 - the Egyptians mistreated them
65. "Do not steal" (Exodus 20:15) Christians obey this commandment when they
- work to earn their living
 - respect other people's property
 - love their enemies
 - obey the leaders of their country
66. Hannah fulfilled her promise to God while Samuel was still young when she
- made a robe for him every year
 - took him to serve God at Shiloh
 - decided cases in Israel
 - led Israel to war
67. The sin that was committed by king Saul was
- disobedience
 - adultery
 - idolatry
 - cheating
68. King Solomon asked God to give him wisdom because he wanted to
- rule for a long time
 - become wise
 - rule the Israelites with justice
 - marry many wives
69. The prophet who claimed that he was too young to become a prophet was
- Isaiah
 - Joel
 - Jonah
 - Jeremiah
70. "This very day in David's town the Saviour was born - Christ the Lord" (Luke 2:11). These words were said by an angel to
- the shepherds
 - the wisemen
 - Herod
 - Zechariah
71. Which of the following was done by Jesus when he was still young?
- He was baptised in River Jordan
 - He changed water into wine
 - He chose the twelve disciples
 - He went to Jerusalem with his parents
72. After Jesus was baptised he went to the wilderness to
- rest
 - fast
 - sleep
 - preach
73. When Jesus changed water into wine he had gone to Cana to
- preach in the synagogue
 - eat in the house of Zacchaeus
 - attend a wedding
 - pray and fast
74. The parable of Jesus that teaches christians to repent their sins is
- the friend at midnight
 - the shrewd manager
 - the unforgiving servant
 - the lost son
75. "Pray that you will not fall into temptation" (Luke 22: 40). Jesus said these words to his disciples when
- they were at the mount of Olives
 - they were walking through a cornfield
 - they were eating the last supper
 - they were at the home of Lazarus
76. Herod was happy when Jesus was brought to him for trial because
- he had not seen Jesus
 - he hoped Jesus would perform a miracle
 - he was a secret follower of Jesus
 - he had not heard about Jesus
77. Some women went to the tomb of Jesus early in the morning to
- pray at the tomb
 - see if he had resurrected
 - apply perfumes on his body
 - take away the body

78. Cleopas and his friend were surprised when Jesus spoke to them on the way to Emmaus because
- Jesus asked them what they were talking about
 - Jesus preached to them
 - Jesus broke the bread
 - Jesus showed them his scars
79. The disciples of Jesus were inside a closed room on the day of Pentecost because
- they wanted to receive the Holy Spirit
 - they were afraid of the Jews
 - they were taking their meal
 - there was a big crowd outside
80. Saul was blinded by a bright light when he was on the road to
- Damascus
 - Emmaus
 - Jerusalem
 - Antioch
81. Which one of the following groups is made up of gifts of the Holy Spirit only?
- Patience, faith, tolerance
 - Goodness, teaching, kindness
 - Faith, wisdom, preaching
 - Humility, faithfulness, meekness
82. Which one of the following acts is performed by priests in traditional African communities?
- Baptizing people
 - Giving the Holy Communion
 - Making sacrifices
 - Initiating young people
83. In traditional African communities initiation ceremonies are done in order to
- mark a new stage in life
 - eat special foods
 - celebrate the New Year
 - make use of leisure time
84. In traditional African communities the living dead are best remembered through
- naming children after them
 - visiting their graves
 - performing libations for them
 - composing songs for them
85. A ritual performed for a new born baby in some traditional African communities is
- baptizing a baby
 - making body marks
 - washing a baby
 - shaving the hair
86. Dennis visits the sick and gives them food. The christian value that he demonstrates is
- faithfulness
 - wisdom
 - kindness
 - humility
87. It is important for christians to pray together in order to
- share their meals
 - know one another better
 - read the scriptures
 - strengthen their faith
88. Priscilla finds that she has free time during the school holiday. She can best spend this time by
- resting at home
 - visiting and helping the aged
 - reading story books
 - attending birthday parties
89. Christians celebrate the resurrection of Jesus during
- Passover
 - Christmas
 - Easter
 - Pentecost
90. The first European missionaries were sent by
- Church Mission Society
 - Mill Hill Fathers
 - African Inland Mission
 - Holy Ghost Fathers

**SECTION II:
ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. The Surah of the Holy Quran that teaches Muslims on patience is
A. Falaq
B. Asr
C. Ikhlas
D. Nasr
62. Which prophet mentioned below did **not** receive revelation according to Suratul Tiyn?
A. Muhammad
B. Issa
C. Musa
D. Daud
63. The first Surah to be revealed to prophet Muhammad is
A. Baqara
B. Fatiha
C. Alaq
D. Tiyn
64. The rights of the dead are
A. 5
B. 4
C. 3
D. 2
65. What is the meaning of the verse below, "In-na maal usri yusra."
A. And to your Lord turn your attention
B. Verily, with every difficult there is relief
C. And we raised high your fame
D. Read in the name of your Lord
66. Prophet Muhammad received revelation in the year _____ A.D.
A. 570 B. 595
C. 610 D. 633
67. Which one of the following is true about both Iddul Fitri and Iddul Ad-haa? In both
A. Zakatul Fitri is given
B. celebration is done after sighting the moon
C. fasting is done before the prayer
D. slaughtering of animal is done
68. Fasting on alternate days of the fast was practised by nabii
A. Nuh
B. Ibrahim
C. Musa
D. Zakariyah
69. The optional prayer performed immediately after sunrise is
A. Dhuba
B. Kusuf
C. Qabliya
D. Istikhara
70. The first child to embrace the Islamic faith is
A. Abubakar
B. Ali
C. Zaid
D. Hussein
71. The **main** reason why Muslims pay Zakat is
A. A pillar of Islam
B. A command from Allah
C. A duty of the rich Muslims
D. Strengthens relationship
72. Which of the following is **not** an instruction given to Nabii Musa's mother by Allah (SW)?
A. Cast him in the river
B. Suckle your child
C. We sent the inspiration
D. We will make him a messenger
- Islam forbids hoarding of goods in order to fight against
A. injustice
B. intolerance
C. pride
D. unfaithfulness
74. How did the prophet (S.A.W) succeed in converting people to Islam?
A. He had memorised the Holy Quran
B. He was helped by the companions
C. He was married to lady Khadija
D. He had a good simple life and sweet words that attracted many
75. The Holy Quran was revealed in piecemeal to the prophet. For how many years was the Quran revealed in Makkah?
A. 10 years
B. 13 years
C. 23 years
D. 40 years
76. Zuleikha a reknown milk seller adds water to the milk before selling to her customers. This practice is called
A. Ghush
B. Ribaa
C. Hoarding
D. Israaf

77. King Negus of Abyssinia is mainly remembered in the history of Islam because of
- desire to become a muslim.
 - willingness to invite the prophet
 - willingness and kindness to help muslims
 - acceptance to become a companion of the prophet
78. The attribute of Allah mentioned in Suratul Tiyn is
- most forgiving
 - best of all judges
 - most beneficent
 - self-sufficient
79. Which of the following activities nullifies Swaum?
- Washing after Asr
 - Sleeping after Dhuhr Swalah
 - Playing football and arguing with playmates
 - Fainting while running
80. On the 10th of Dhul Hijaah the pilgrims practise three of the following except one. Which one is **not**?
- Performing Tawaf
 - Performing Saayi
 - Storming the Jamarat
 - Sacrificing an animal
81. Three of the following can abstract a Muslim woman to perform Sunnah fast **except**
- Heidh
 - Nifas
 - Eddah
 - Breast feeding
82. Which of the following is **not** an angel of Allah?
- Ridhwan
 - Luqman
 - Malik
 - Ruhul Qudus
83. Swahibul Hut is a title given to the Prophet
- Ibrahim (A.S)
 - Ibrahim (A.S)
 - Yunus (A.S)
 - Musa (A.S)
84. The pillar of Islam that is performed only once in a Muslim life is
- Saum
 - Zakat
 - Swalah
 - Hajj
85. Swalatul Janazah is made up of _____ Takbiratul Ihram.
- 4
 - 3
 - 2
 - 1
86. A male shroud is made up of three of the following parts **except** one. Which one is it?
- Ihram
 - Lifafah
 - Qamis
 - Izaar
87. The cancellation of the treaty of Hudaibiyah led to
- Umra of the prophet
 - Hijjatul Widaa
 - battle of Hunein
 - conquest of Makkah
88. During the farewell speech, the prophet (P.B.U.H) emphasized that Muslims should stick to
- The Quran and Swalah
 - The Quran and Hadith
 - The Quran and Saum
 - The Quran and Sunnah
89. The following are recipient of Zakat **except**
- the captives
 - the traveller
 - the collectors
 - the orphans
90. The **best** way to help a friend who is addicted to drugs is
- keeping away from him
 - reporting the matter to the police
 - informing their parents
 - advise him/her on the dangers of drug abuse.