STANDARD FOUR

TERM 1 2018

ENGLISH

Rea	d the passag	e and fill in	the blank	spaces 1 - 15.	
One day a police officer was passing 1 a house. He 2 people 3 inside the house "Kache					
cut the neck. I will 4 the shoulders. "You don't 5 to know how to cut the shoulders, Let 6 do					
it. "And you Katana. 7 8, sister how to cut the legs." 9 police officer 10 his sum out					
He pushed the door 11 and ran into the house. He found a 12 and his children 13 out a shirt					
and a 14 of 15 .					
1.	A. at	B. over	C. near	D. on	For questions 24 - 25, write one word for each
2.	A. heard	B. hard	C. had	D. hear	group.
3.	A. say	B. talking	C. play	D. talked	24. Apples, bananas, pineapples, mangoes.
4.	A. cutting	B. cute	C. cat	D. cut	A. stationary B. trees C. fruits D. beverages
5.	A. same	B. seam	C. seem	D. sim	 Chairs, cupboards, tables, desks
6.	A. me	B. my	C. mine	D. he	A. furniture B. wood C. equipment D. furnitures
7.	A. shore	B. showing		D. showed	Write the opposite of the underlined word.
8.		B. theirs	C. yours	D. your	26. The path is wide.
	A. a	B, the	C. an	D. me	A. big B. short C. small D. narrow
	A. pulling	B. pulled	C. push		27. Our tank is empty. A. half B. full C. no D. off
	A. open	B. in	C. out	D. pack	A. half B. full C. no D. off For questions 28 - 30, choose the best
	A. nurse			D. back	alternative from the choices given.
		B. teacher		D. tailor	28 mother is a doctor.
	A. press	B. cutting		D. bring	A. Him B. Her C. Mine D. Yours
	A. pair	B. bunch	C. team	D. pride	29. Has helunch?
15.	A. cups	B. dress	C. shorts	D. book	A. take B. took C. taken D. taking
	For anartions 16 19 shows the base				30. Our class is good.
	For questions 16-18, choose the best alternative to fill in the blanks.				A. is it? B. are you? C. was it? D. isn't it?
16.	Her mother bought her pretty dresses.			accae	Read the passage and answer questions 31-40.
	A. two B. to C. too D. toe				A right is something that someone is entitled to
17.	The desk is heavy for him to carry.				get or have by law. Children also have rights. They
	A. to B. too C. toe D. two				have the right to life, participation rights.
18.	She wentschool yesterday.				developmental rights, participation rights and right
	A. two B. twu C. to D. too				to security.
	For questions 19 - 21, complete the following				Right to life involves the provision of all the
	similies.				basic needs which include food, shelter and clothing.
19.	As sweet as				Lack of these needs makes a child live miserably.
	A. sugar	B. biscuit (C. honey	D. juice	Developmental rights group all the efforts that
20.	As light as a				make a child live independently in his or her future
	A. feather B. candle C. cotton D. baby				life. These efforts includes: giving the child quality
21.	As white as				education, providing the child with time to play, safe
				D. snow	space of play and play materials as well as ensuring the child is in good health, not forgetting to praise a
	Choose the	suitable pro	eposition to	fill in the	child for job well done.
	blank. Who is taller Kafedha and Kamali?				
22.	who is taller	r	Kafedha an		Participation rights means allowing a child to take part in matters affecting him or her and the family
	A. among B. for C. between D. beside The thief jumped the fence and disappeared.			D. beside	at large. A child should be attached to
22	The Alexander				at large. A clinic spould be subject to average his is-
23.					at large. A child should be allowed to express his or her feelings freely, listen to and give views to
23.	The thief jun A. over B.		e fence and o C. up	disappeared. D. from	her feelings freely, listen to and give views to situations.

Security rights include all the necessary measures that ensure a child's life is not endangered. Involving children in rivals and wars is violating their right to security.

All stakeholders, parents, teachers, children officers and the government should ensure that children and their rights are protected.

- Something entitled to someone by law is a A. need B. right C. food D. necessity
- According to the passage, the rights of children are grouped into:-
 - A, one B, two C, three D, four
- 33. A child walked naked and went without fod. Which of his rights did the child miss?
 - A. Right to life B. Participation rights
 C. Right to security D. Developmental rights
- The word <u>miserably</u> is underlined in the passage. It means being:-
 - comfortable
- B. happily
- C. unhappily
- D. good
- 35. Food, shelter and clothing are needs.

 A. basic B. first C. secondary D. third
- 36. Quality education, time to play and safe play materials fall under;-
 - A. survival rights B. partic
 - B. participation rights
 - C. development rights D. food
 - 37. Which of the following practices is dangerous to children?
 - A. Resting under a shade B. Playing football
 - C. Doing homework D. Rivals and wars
 - provide me with food, shelter and clothing.
 A. Friends B. parents C. babies
 - D. thieves
 - 39. Who among the following are not one of the stakeholders?
 - A. Children officers
- B. Parents
- C. The government
- D. Robbers
- 40. The BEST title for the passage is:-
 - A. Rights
- B. The stakeholders
- C. The rights of a child D. Needs

Read the passage carefully, then answer questions 41 - 50.

Leopard who was called Chui and Hare who was called Sungura wer good friends. When Leopard was invited by his inlaws, he took Hare as his companion. Leopard was greedy and did not want to share whatever was served with anyone, therefore made a plan.

Each of the two friends carried a bag with their personal things on their shoulders: a large one for leopard and a smaller one for Hare. Leopard began to show his true colours before they reached to his in-laws. He took a straw which he used when taking porridge and hid it in a bush. He claimed that it would be bad manners for them to appear too eager to drink their porridge. To leopard, hiding the straw was a mark of politeness. He insisted that when they were served with beer or welcoming porridge. Hare would return to where Leopard had hidden the straw and take it back to Leopard's in-laws place.

At last they arrived and were welcomed with alot of joy by Leopard's in laws. When a pot of porridge was produced, leopard turned to hare, "you remember what I told you," he whispered. Hare continued to stare at the pot until Leopard stamped his foot.

Hare got up and went back to where Leopard had hidden the straw. As soon as hare left, leopard took the pot of porridge and began to drink from it without waiting for the straw. He drank and drank until his stomach was full. When there was no porridge left in the pot, he handed it back to his hosts. "Thank you very much," he said. "That was very nice porridge I dare say, the best I have ever tasted." His in-laws were happy to hear him say that.

When Hare got back with the straw. Leopard turned to him and said, "sorry, you took so long, my friend. The porridge had to be drunk before it went bad. You should have hurried back as I told you."

- 41. Who were good friends according to the story?
 A. Leopard and hare B. In-laws and leopard
 - C. Hare and in-laws D. No friends
- 42. What was the other name for leopard?
 - A. Sungura B. Hare C. Leopard D. Chui
- 43. Who invited Leopard?
 - A. Hare B. Leopard's in-laws
 - C. His daughters D. Chui
- 44. Where was the straw hidden?
 - A. In water
- B. In a house
- C. In a bush
- D. In a bag
- 45. Who was Leopard's companion, according to the passage?
 - A. Hare B. Chui C. In-laws D. Leopard
- 46. When Hare and Leopard arrived at Leopard's inlaws, what was produced?
 - A. A bowl of meat
- B. A pot of porridge
- C. Beer
- D. Soda
- 47. Who went back for the straw?
 - A. Leopard B. In-laws C. Hare D. Chui
- 48. Did Leopard use a straw to drink the porridge? A. Yes B. No C. All D. Little
- A. Straw
 B. Pot of porridge
 C. Leopards in-laws
 D. Hare
- 50. Which is the **BEST** title for the passage?
 - A. The straw B. Th
 - B. The greedy leopard
 - C. A pot of porridge
- D. The in-laws