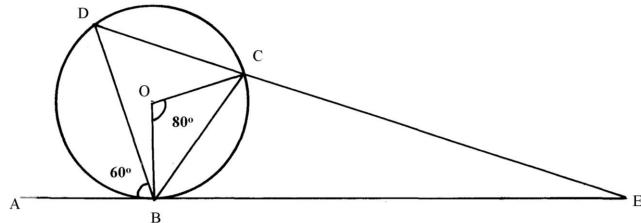
1. Graphical Methods

- 1. The equation of a circle is given as
 - $2x^2 + 2y^2 8x + 5y + 10 = 0$. Find the radius of the circle and the coordinates of its centre. (3 mks)
- 2. The equation of a circle is given by $x^2 + 4x + y^2 5 = 0$. Find the centre of the circle and its radius.
- 3. The equation of a circle is $x^2 + y^2 + 6x 10y 2 = 0$. Determine the co-ordinates of the centre of the circle and state its radius
- 4. In the diagram below ABE is a tangent to a circle at B and DCE is a straight line. If ABD = 60° , BOC = 80° and O is the centre of the circle, find with reasons \angle BEC



5. Obtain the centre and the radius of the circle represented by the equation:

$$x^2 + y^2 - 10y + 16 = 0$$

6. Complete the table below, for the function $y = x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x$

| $\frac{1}{2}$ | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------|----|-----|----|----|---|----|--|
| X | -5 | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | |
| \mathbf{x}^3 | -125 | | -27 | -8 | | 0 | 1 | |
| $6x^2$ | | 96 | 54 | | 6 | 0 | 6 | |
| 8x | -40 | | -24 | | | 0 | 8 | |
| у | | | 3 | 0 | | 0 | 15 | |

- (a) Draw a graph of the function $y = x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x$ for $-5 \le x \le 1$ and use the graph to estimate the roots of the equation $x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x = 0$
- (b) Find which values of **x** satisfy the inequality $x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x 1 > 0$
- 7. Sketch the curve of the function $y = x^3 3x + 2$ showing clearly minimum and maximum points and the y intercept.
- 8. Show that $4y^2 + 4x^2 = 12x 12y + 7$ is the equation of a circle, hence find the co-ordinates of the centre and the radius
- 9. Two variables R and P are connected by a function $R = KP^n$ where K and n are constants. The table below shows data involving the two variables

| P | 3 | 3.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 |
|---|----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| R | 36 | 49 | 64 | 81 | 100 |

- (a) Express $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{KP}^{\mathbf{n}}$ in a linear form
- (b) Draw a line graph to represent the information above
- (c) Find the values of constants **K** and **n**
- (d) Write down the law connecting **R** and **P**
- (e) Find the value of **P** when $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{900}$
- 10. A circle of radius 3cm has the centre at (-2, 3). Find the equation of the circle in the form of $x^2 + y^2 + Px + qy + c = 0$
- In an experiment, the values of two quantities V and T were observed and the results recorded as 11. shown below.

| V | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| T | 0.49 | 0.30 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.16 | 0.137 |

It is known that **T** and **V** are related by a law of the form T = a

where **a** and **b** are constants.

- a) Draw the graph of I against V
- b) Use your graph to find;
 - i) The values of **a** and **b**.
 - ii) V when T = 0.38
 - iii) **T** when V = 4.5
- Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $y = 2x^3 + x^2 + 3x 1$ at the point (1, -5) 12. expressing you answer in the form y = mx + c
- $243 = (81)^{-1} \text{ x } (\frac{1}{27})^{x}$ determine the value of x 13. Given that :-
- Show that $3x^2 + 3y^2 + 6x 12y 12 = 0$ is an equation of a circle hence state the radius and 14. centre of the circle
- (a) Fill in the table below for the function $\mathbf{v} = -6 + x + 4x^2 + x^3$ for $-4 \le x \le 2$ 15.

| х | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 |
| х | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| $4x^2$ | | | 16 | | | 4 | |
| x^3 | | | | | | | |
| y | | | | | | | |

- (b) Using the grid provided draw the graph for $y = -6 + x + 4x^2 + x^3$ for $-4 \le x \le 2$
- (i) Use the graph to solve the equations:-
 - (i) $x^3 + 4x^2 + x 4 = 0$
 - (ii) $-6 + x + 4x^2 + x^3 = 0$ (iii) $-2 + 4x^2 + x^3 = 0$
- The table below shows the results obtained from an experiment to determine the relationship 16. between the length of a given side of a plane figure and its perimeter

| Length of side t (cm) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Perimeter P(cm) | 6.28 | 12.57 | 18.86 | 21.14 | 31.43 |

- (a) On the grid provided, draw a graph of perimeter **P**, against t
- (b) Using your graph determine;
 - (i) the perimeter of a similar figure of side 2.5cm
 - (ii) the length of a similar figure whose perimeter is 9.43cm
 - (iii) the law connecting perimeter p and the length t
- (c) If the law is of the form P = 2kt + c where k and c are constants, find the value of k
- 17. In an experiment with tungsten filament lamp, the reading below of voltage (V) current (I), power (P) and resistance (R)were obtained. It was established that **P** was related to **R** by a law $P = a R^n 0.6$. Where **a** and **n** are constants.

| V | 1.30 | 2.00 | 2.80 | 4.40 | 5.70 |
|---|------|------|------|------|-------|
| I | 1.50 | 1.80 | 2.10 | 2.50 | 2.90 |
| P | 0.73 | 2.05 | 3.28 | 7.44 | 10.62 |
| R | 0.89 | 1.13 | 1.33 | 1.78 | 1.99 |

Plot a suitable line graph and hence use it to determine the value of **a** and **n**

- 18. Find the gradient of a line joining the centre of a circle whose equation is $x^2 + y^2 6x = 3 4y$ and a point P(6,7) outside the circle..
- 19. a) Complete the table below for the function $y = -x^3 + 2x^2 4x + 2$.

| X | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----------------|----|----|----|---|---|----|---|-----|
| -x ³ | 27 | 8 | | 0 | | -8 | | |
| $2x^2$ | 18 | 8 | 2 | 0 | | | | |
| -4x | | 8 | | 0 | | | | -16 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| у | | 26 | | 2 | | -6 | | -46 |

- b) On the grid provided below draw the graph of $-x^3 + 2x^2 4x + 2$ for $-3 \le x \le 4$.
- c) Use the graph to solve the equation $-x^3 + 2x^2 4x + 2 = 0$.
- d) By drawing a suitable line on the graph solve the equation. $-\mathbf{x}^3 + 2\mathbf{x}^2 5\mathbf{x} + 3 = 0$.
- 20. Determine the turning point of the curve $y = 4x^3 12x + 1$. State whether the turning point is a maximum or a minimum point.
- 21. (a) Complete the table below for the equation of the curve given by $y = 2x^3 3x^2 + 1$

| | (4,) | TIP TO CO | | 010 0010 | | 1 1110 04 | | | | , | J = J = J |
|---------|------|-----------|----|----------|---|-----------|---|-----|----|-----|-----------|
| X | -2 | -1.5 | -1 | -0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 |
| $2x^3$ | -16 | | -2 | | 0 | | 2 | | 16 | | |
| $-3x^2$ | -12 | | | 0.75 | 0 | -0.75 | | | | | -27 |
| 1 | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| y | -27 | -12.5 | | | 1 | | | | | | 13.5 |

- (b) Use the table to draw the graph of the function $y = 2x^3 3x^2 + 1$
- c) Use your graph to find the values of x for :-
- (i) y > 0
- (ii) The roots of the equation $2x^3 3x^2 + 1 = 0$
- (iii) $2x^3 3x^2 = 9$
- 22. Find the radius and the centre of a circle whose equation is:

$$2x^2 + 2y^2 - 6x + 10y + 9 = 0$$