**HISTORY ANSWERS FORM 2**

Q. 1.Name the branches of history that deals with the study of people’s ways of life.

- Social history (1x1)

Q 2. List down three aspects of history.

- Social political

-Economic (1x3)

Q3.Identify any two forms of oral traditional which can be used as a source of information on history and government.

- Folk tales

-Proverbs

–riddles

- songs

-stories

-myths(1x2)

Q4.Give two reasons why early human being lived in groups.

- for security purpose

-For easy hunting (2x1)

Q5.List downtheories that attempt tp explain the discovery of agriculture by man

- Diffusion theory

-The independent (2x1)

Q6.Identify two groups of Southern cushites speakers who migrated to Kenya

-Eastern cushites (2x1)

Q7.What was the main importance of age- set system among the Kenya communities

- Ensured continued supply of warriors to defend the community at any given time (1x1)

Q8.Give four reasons for the coming of portugues to East Africa Coast in the 15th Century

- to trade

-To look for a sea route to india

-To explore/for adventure

-To look for a legendary Christian king, Prester John.

-To counter the spread of Islam

-E. African coast had natural harbours that served as refueling sites for them. (4x1)

Q9.Give the main reason for the coming of the Christian missionaries to E.Africa.

- To spread Christianity

Nb/ Ignore to spread their religion if Christianity is not mentioned (1x1)

Q10.Name three continents that participated in the Trans-Atlantic slave Trade

- Europe

-Africa

-America (3x1)

Q11. Give one contribution of George Stephenson on transport

-He built the first railway locomotion (1x1)

Q12.Name three early sources of energy

- Wood

-Wind

-Water (3x1)

Q13.Name the person who invented the following

- Michael Faraday

-Alexander Graham Bell (2x1)

**SECTION B(75 MARKS)**

Q14. A) Identify five levels of conflict

 Individual vs individual

-Individual v/s Group

-Group v/s group

-Group v/s state

-State v/s state

-Individuals v/s state (5x1)

b)Identify five peaceful methods of resolving conflict

- Arbitration

-negotiation

-mediation

-religious action

-peace keeping

-missions (5x1)

Q15. a)What do you understand by the following words/ pharase

- developing/less developed/less industrialized counties

-Radical change in the field of agriculture.

b)Explain four effects of early agriculture on man

- Man settled down

-improvement of transport

-development of trade due to surplus

-urban centre developed

-development of government

-development of religion

-inventions e.g wheel(4x2)

Q16. a) Name three communities in Kenya that took part in the long distance trade

-akamba

-Mijikenda

-Waswahili(3x1)

b) List down five challenges that were faced trades during the Trans-Saharan Trade

- Loss of direction

-attach by wild animals

-frequent sand storms

-sometimes could burry trade alive

-sometimes the Tuaregs could turn against trades and steal their goods

-language barrier

-the journey across the desert was long and tiresome (5x1)

Q17. a) State five disadvantages of animal transports

-they are slow/time consuming

-Animals may be attacked by wild animals/affected by diseases

-Limited to short distance

-they cannot carry bulky goods like vehicles

-some animals become stubborn when tired

-animals required regular feeding

-their movements are limited to day time (5x1)

b) Explain five impacts of road transport in Kenya.

-Loss of live due to accidents

-development of urban centers along the road

-creation of jobs e.g a river

- Source of revenue/income for government e.g by issuing road license

-environmental pollution

Has promoted industrialization (5x2)

Q18. a) State five uses of gold during the ancient times

–to make ornaments

-to make handless of swords

-as a measure of wealth

-as a trade item

-as currency/to make coins

- To make utensils e.g spoons (5x1)

b) List down five factors that facilitated the spread of iron working in Africa

–intermarriage between communities

-trade activities e.g trade between Mesopotamia and Egypt

-war/ warfare between communities

- Migration of communities-

It was spread by messenger who received gore iron as gifts

Development of agriculture in different parts of Africa which created demand for iron tools

Q 19.a) Identify five sources of energy during the industries Revolution in Europe

 Steam

-electricity

-petroleum

-solar energy

-atomic energy

-coal (5x1)

B) Explain five factors that facilitated the development of industries in Britain

-Adequate capital

-long period of peace and political stability

-availability of raw materials

-good government policies which supported industries

-ready marked for industrial goods

-availability of both skilled and unskilled labour from the high British population.

-Agrarian revolution which availed raw materials to industries-enough sources of energy e.g coal

-good transport network existed (5x2)

Q20.State five effects of the scientific Revolution on agricultural factor

 –better methods of food preservation e.g refrigeration have been irrert

-increased agricultural production due to use of agrochemicals and other farm inputs

- Mechanization of agriculture

-loss of soil fertility due to continuous use of fertilizer

-diversification of agriculture as a result of new scientific methods of farming.

- biotechnology which is threatening traditional crops(5x1)