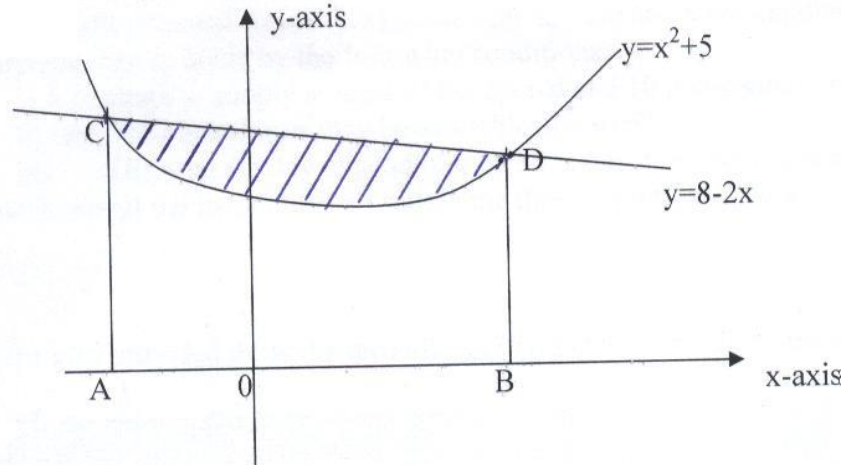


## 5. Integration

1. The diagram below, not drawn to scale shows part of the curve  $y = x^2 + 5$  and the line  $y = 8 - 2x$ . The line intersects the curve at points C and D. Lines AC and BD are parallel to the y-axis.

the y-axis



- Determine the coordinates of C and D (4 mks)
- Use integration to calculate the area bounded by the curve and the x-axis between the points C and D (3 mks)
- Calculate the area enclosed by the lines CD, CA, BD and the x-axis (2 mks)
- Hence determine the area of the shaded region (1 mk)

2. Evaluate:- 
$$\int_2^5 \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x - 2} dx$$

3. Find the values of **a** which satisfy the integral  $\int_0^1 (x^2 + 1) dx = 2a$