MOCK EXAMINATION - 2019 ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION MARKING SCHEME

1. (a) Name three types of hadith that you know.

(6 marks)

- Hadith sahih
- Hadith Hassan
- Hadith Dhaif

(b) Differentiate between Hadith NABAWI and Hadith QUDSI (7marks)

- In Hadith Nabawi both the wording and the meaning are from the prophet and in Hadith Qudisi the wording is from the prophet and the meaning from Allah.

- Nabawi are many in number while Hadithi Qudsi are few in number

- Nabawi dwells on various matters directly connected to everyday's life like halaal but Qudsi concentrates on Imaan/faith and etiquette.

- There are some weak (dhaif) Hadith in Nabawi but there are no weak Hadith in Qudsi.

- c) What are the main features of Juma prayers (7 marks)
- 2. (a) What is the significance of Juma prayers (5 marks)
 - It has to be performed in congregation led by Imam
 - If any person misses it, he cannot make up for it instead he has to offer the noon prayer.
 - Two separate adhans are performed
 - The Khutba is an addrss by the Imam before the prayer is performed.
 - While the Imam is sitting in between the sermons the people are supposed to pray for themselves.
 - Aqama is made followed by a two units
 - No Dhuhr prayer is to be performed after the Friday surmon
 - Friday is an occasion earmarked by Allah for muslims to express their collective devotion to HIM
 - The muslims come together to renew their religious bonds and social solidarity.
 - It shows devotion of muslims to their God.
 - Juma prayers helps people from being over powered by satan.
 - Performing Juma prayers helps an individual to acquire the rewards of the Juma prayers.

(b) List 5 (five) rights of neighbours in Islam.	(5 marks)
 Treating them well Living in peace with them Visiting and greeting them Sharing food with them Avoid causing ills and problems to them 	
 (c) State 5 ways of treating animals with kindness If you have to kill any animal kill it in the kindes make it less painful for the animal you slaughter sharpen the knife to reduce the suffering of the at Do not starve the animals Do not mistreat them Feed and give them water to drink Not to cage them a) List ways in which one takes care of the enviror Avoid pollution Grow trees and avoid cutting them Cultivate the land for crop growing Build well-spaced and ventilated houses Keep recreation areas clean Dispose litter and improve sewage system b) State 4 recommended ways Muslims are suppose 	t way. nimal to be slaughtered. nment. (5 marks)
 Not laugh at him/her Supplicate and be thankful to Allah Help and support the disabled person c) Explain ways in which Muslims are supposed to 1 marks) 	ook after the welfare of widows. (7
 Show kindness to the orphans Treat the orphans well Feed, Cloth and care for the orphans properly. Not scold or rebuke them a) What is the Economic significance of fasting? It promotes good health because excessive To improve physical health To improve eating habits Promotes sound budgeting To empathise with less fortunate members 	fat is burnt
due to poverty	

- due to poverty.
- b) State the spiritual significance of fasting.

- Allah rewards it directly
- Strengthen one's faith
- It is a commandment from Allah
- It increases concentration in acts of worship including swalat

(6 marks)

(5 marks)

(7 marks)

- It instills a source of loyalty and obedience to Allah.

c) Name 6 types of Saum you know.

- Fardh (obligatory)
- Sunnah (optional)
- Nadhir
- Qadha
- Kafara
- Nafl (voluntary fast)

5. a) State forbidden days to fast.

- The days of Tashreeq

- Friday

- Singling out Saturday or Sunday as a day of fasting
- Yaummul Shakk on the day of doubt
- Fasting consecutive days without eating at all
- b) Name 4 desirable acts in the month of Ramadhan. (8 marks)
- c) Name persons exempted from Saum (fasting)