

MATHEMATICS P2 MARKING SCHEME 2021

1.	$\frac{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3})}{(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3})}$ $\frac{\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{18} + 3}{6 - 3}$ $\frac{2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6} + 3\sqrt{2} + 3}{3}$	M ₁ M ₁ A ₁
2.	$3(2x-1) = 8x-1$ $6x-3 = 8x-1$ $-2x = 2$ $x = -1$	M ₁ A ₁
3.	$A = P \frac{1 + r^n}{100}$ $= 200,000 \frac{1 + 7^4}{100}$ $= 200,000 (1.3107960)$ $= \text{Sh. } 262159.20$ $I = 262159.20 - 200000 = \text{Sh. } 62,159$	M ₁ A ₁ B ₁
4.	$12^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = ar^{11}$ $10^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = ar^9$ $\frac{ar^{11}}{ar^9} = \frac{9}{1}$ $r^{11-9} = 9$ $r^2 = 9$ $r = \pm 3$ $r = 3 \text{ or } -3$	M ₁ A ₁
5.	$(2 - \frac{1}{4}x)^5 = 2^5 + (2^4)(5)(-\frac{1}{4}x)^2 +$ $10(2^2)(-\frac{1}{4}x)^3 + 5(2)(-\frac{1}{4}x)^4 + (-\frac{1}{4}x)^5$ $= 32 - 20x + 5x^2 - \frac{5}{8}x^3 + \frac{5}{128}x^4 - \frac{1}{1024}x^5$	B ₁
ii.	$1.96^5 = 32 - 20(0.16) + 5(0.16)^2 - \frac{5}{8}(0.16)^3 + \frac{5}{128}(0.16)^4 - \frac{1}{1024}(0.16)^5$ $= 28.925$	M ₁ A ₁
6.	<p>a) QW x QX = QY x QZ</p> $11 \times 6 = 4(a+4)$	M ₁

	$4a + 16 = 66$ $4a = 50$ $a = 25$ b) $QS^2 = QY \times QZ$ $= 4(4+12.5)$ $QS = \sqrt{66}$ $= 8.124$	A ₁ M ₁ A ₁																					
7.	$x(x-1) - 3x(x+1) = 0$ $x^2 - x - 3x^2 - 3x = 0$ $-2x^2 - 4x = 0$ $-2x(x + 2) = 0$ $x = 0$ or $x = -2$	M ₁ M ₁ A ₁																					
8.	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">x</th> <th style="text-align: left;">f</th> <th style="text-align: left;">cf</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>45 - 50</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>51 - 56</td> <td>10</td> <td>12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>57 - 62</td> <td>11</td> <td>23</td> </tr> <tr> <td>63 - 68</td> <td>20</td> <td>33</td> </tr> <tr> <td>69 - 74</td> <td>6</td> <td>39</td> </tr> <tr> <td>75 - 80</td> <td>1</td> <td>40</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> $\frac{1}{4} \times 50 = 12.5^{\text{th}} = 56.5 + \frac{12.5 - 12}{11} \times 6$ $= 56.77\text{kg}$ $\frac{3}{4} \times 50 = 37.5^{\text{th}} ;$ $62.5 + \frac{37.5 - 23}{20} \times 6$ $= 66.85\text{kg}$ $\text{Quartile deviation} = \frac{1}{2} (66.85 - 56.77)$ $= 5.04$	x	f	cf	45 - 50	2	2	51 - 56	10	12	57 - 62	11	23	63 - 68	20	33	69 - 74	6	39	75 - 80	1	40	B ₁ B ₁ A ₁
x	f	cf																					
45 - 50	2	2																					
51 - 56	10	12																					
57 - 62	11	23																					
63 - 68	20	33																					
69 - 74	6	39																					
75 - 80	1	40																					
9.	$P = \frac{KQ^3}{\sqrt{R}}$ $P_1 = \frac{K(1.2Q)^3}{\sqrt{0.64R}}$ $= \frac{1.728KQ^3}{0.8\sqrt{R}}$ $= 2.16 \frac{KQ^3}{\sqrt{R}}$ $\frac{2.16 - 1}{1} \times 100$	 M ₁ M ₁																					

	= 116%	A ₁
10.	<p>Let cos x be y</p> $8y^2 - 2y - 1 = 0$ $4y + 1)(2y - 1) = 0$ <p>y = - 1/4 or 1/2</p> <p>cos x = 1/4 => x = 75.52</p> <p>angle in 2nd and 3rd quadrant</p> <p>∴ x = 104.48, 255.52</p> <p>Cosx = 1/2 => x = 60°</p> <p>Angle in 1st and 4th quadrant.</p> <p>x = 60°, 300°</p> <p>∴ x = 104.48, 255.52°, 60° 300°</p>	<p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>B₁</p>
11.	$A^2 = \frac{3 + 2\chi}{5 - 4\chi}$ $A^2(5 - 4\chi) = 3 + 2\chi$ $5A^2 - 4A^2\chi = 3 + 2\chi$ $5A^2 - 3 = 2\chi + 4A^2\chi$ $5A^2 - 3 = \chi(2 + 4A^2)$ $\chi = \frac{5A^2 - 3}{4A^2 + 2}$	
12.	$AB = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ $/AB/ = \sqrt{16 + 4 + 4}$ $= \sqrt{24}$ $/AB/ = 4.90$	<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p>
13.	$x^2 - 6x + 9 + y^2 - 10y + 25 = -30 + 9 + 25$ $(x-3)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 4$ <p>R=2</p> <p>C (3,5)</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p>

14.	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3x + y \\ 2x + 4y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix}$ <p> $3x + y = 17$ $2x + 4y = 10$ $X = 5.8$ $Y = -0.4$ $(-0.4, 5.8)$ </p>	
15.		M1 M1 A1
16.		B1 M1 A1
17.	<p>a) Taxable income = 21,000 + 9000 p.a = sh. 30,000 $\frac{30000 \times 12}{12} = \text{K}\text{£} 18,000 \text{ p.a}$</p> <p> $2 \times 3900 = 7,800$ $3 \times 3900 = 11,700$ $4 \times 3900 = 15,600$ $5 \times 3900 = 19,500$ $7 \times 2400 = \underline{16,800}$ $71,400$ </p> <p>$\frac{15}{100} \times 2000 = 300$</p> <p>Total relief p.a = (300 + 1056) 12 = sh. 16,272</p> <p>Tax paid 71400 - 16272 = sh. 55, 128</p> <p>P.A.Y.E $\frac{55128}{12} = \text{sh } 4594$</p> <p>b) Total deductions = 4594 + 2000 + 2000 + 2500 = sh. 11,094 per month</p> <p>Net salary = 30,000 - 11,094 = sh. 18,906</p>	B ₁ B ₁ B ₁ B ₁ B ₁ B ₁ B ₁ M ₁ M ₁ A ₁

<p>18.</p>	<p>i) $\frac{7}{200} \times 50 + \frac{19}{400} \times 30$</p> <p>$1.75 + 1.425$ $= 3.175$</p> <p>ii) $\frac{3.175}{80} \times 100$</p> <p>$= 3.96875\%$</p> <p>iii) let the masses be x</p> <p>$\frac{\frac{19}{400}x + \frac{7}{200}(50 - x)}{50} \times 100 = 4$</p> <p>$\frac{1.25x + 1.75}{50} \times 100 = 4$</p> <p>$1.25x + 175 = 200$ $1.25x = 25$</p> <p>$x = \frac{25}{1.25}$</p> <p>$x = 20$ $x > 20$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 B1</p>
<p>19.</p>	<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>W</p> <p>$\frac{5}{10}$</p> <p>$\frac{6}{11}$ W B</p> <p>$\frac{7}{12}$ W $\frac{5}{10}$ W</p> <p>$\frac{5}{11}$ B $\frac{6}{10}$</p> <p>$\frac{4}{10}$ B</p> <p>$\frac{5}{12}$</p> <p>$\frac{7}{11}$ W $\frac{6}{10}$</p> <p>B W</p> <p>$\frac{4}{11}$ B $\frac{4}{10}$</p> <p>$\frac{7}{10}$ B</p> <p>$\frac{3}{10}$ W</p> <p>B</p> </div> <p>b) i) $(\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{5}{10}) + (\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{5}{11} \times \frac{6}{10}) + (\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{7}{11} \times \frac{6}{10})$</p> <p>$= \frac{21}{44}$</p>	<p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p>

$$\text{ii) } \left(\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{5}{11} \times \frac{4}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{7}{11} \times \frac{4}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{4}{11} \times \frac{7}{10}\right)$$

$$= \frac{7}{22}$$

$$\text{iii) } \left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{4}{11} \times \frac{7}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{7}{11} \times \frac{4}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{5}{11} \times \frac{4}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{7}{11} \times \frac{6}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{5}{10} \times \frac{6}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{5}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{5}{10}\right)$$

$$= \frac{427}{440}$$

M₁

A₁

M₁

A₁

20.

Answer FIVE questions in this section (2marks)

X°	0°	15°	30°	45°	60°	75°	90°	105°	120°	135°	150°	165°	180°
cos 2X°	1.00	0.87	0.5	0.00	-0.5	-0.97	-1.00	-0.97	-0.5	0.00	0.50	0.87	1.00
sin (X°+30°)	0.50	0.71	0.87	0.97	1.00	0.97	0.87	0.71	0.50	0.26	0.00	-0.26	-0.50

(ii) Using the grid provided draw on the same axes the graph of $y = \cos 2X^\circ$ and $y = \sin(X^\circ + 30^\circ)$ for $0^\circ \leq X \leq 180^\circ$. (4marks)

(iii) Find the period of the curve $y = \cos 2X^\circ$ (1mark)

180°

(iv) Using the graph, estimate the solutions to the equations; (1mark)

(a) $\sin(X^\circ + 30^\circ) = \cos 2X^\circ$

$X = 19.5^\circ \text{ and } 139.5^\circ$ (within ± 10)

(b) $\cos 2X^\circ = 0.5$

$X = 30^\circ, 150^\circ$ (within ± 10)

T2

P1

C1

P1

C1

B1

B1

B1

B1

21.

Class	Mid point X	f	t =	ft	t ²	ft ²
15-19	17	6	-5	-30	25	150
20-24	22	10	-4	-40	16	160
25-29	27	9	-3	-27	9	81
30-34	32	5	-2	-10	4	20
35-39	37	7	-1	-7	1	7
40-44	42	11	0	0	0	0

45-49	47	15	1	15	1	15
50-54	52	13	2	26	4	52
55-59	57	8	3	24	9	72
60-64	62	7	4	28	16	112
65-69	67	5	5	25	25	125
70-74	74	4	6	24	36	144
			$f = 100$	$ft = 28$		$ft^2 = 873$

- a) (i) $x = 42 + = 43.4$
(ii) $- = 0.7856$
(b) $x = 12.31$

22.

23 (a) Using a ruler and a pair of compasses only, construct a parallelogram ABCD such that AB=9 cm, AD=7 cm and angle BAD=60°. (3 marks)

(a) On the same diagram, construct:

- (i) the locus of a point P such that P is equidistant from AB and AD; (1 mark)
- (ii) the locus of a point Q such that Q is equidistant from B and C; (1 mark)
- (iii) the locus of a point T such that T is equidistant from AB and DC; (1 mark)

(b) (i) Shade the region R bounded by the locus of P, the locus of Q and the locus of T. (1 mark)

(ii) Find the area of the region shaded in (d)(i) above. (3 marks)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 3.4 \times 5.5 \times \sin 30$$

$$= 4.2625 \text{ cm}^2$$

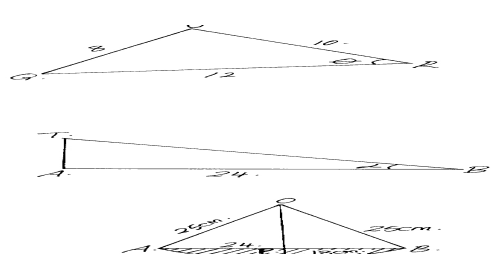
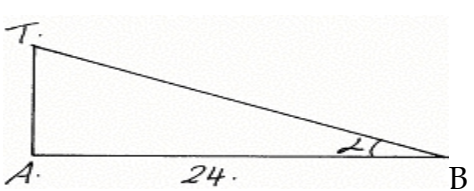
23.

$+ =$
 $A+4b = 7 \dots\dots\dots(i) \times 4$
 $4a + 16b \dots\dots\dots 10 (ii)$
 $4a + 16b = 28$

 $b = 1$

M1

M1

	$a = 9 - 4 = 3$ $c + 4d = 4 \dots\dots\dots (iii) \times 4$ $4c - 2d = 16 \dots\dots\dots (iv)$ $4c + 16d = 16$ $d = 0$ $c = 4$ $=$ $ii. = =$ $B^1 (-6, -8)$ $b) \quad A^1 \quad B^1 \quad C^1 \quad A^{11} \quad B^{11} \quad C^{11}$ $=$ $A^{11} (10, 7) \quad B^{11} (-4, -6) \quad C^{11} (4, 10)$ $=$	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1A</p> <p>1</p>
		<p>10</p>
<p>24. a)</p>	 <p>Required angle is θ</p> $8^2 = 10^2 + 12^2 - 2 \times 10 \times 12 \cos \theta$ $64 = 244 - 240 \cos \theta$ $-180 = -240 \cos \theta$ $\cos \theta = \frac{180}{240}$ $\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{180}{240} = 41.41^\circ$ <p>b) Space = volume</p> $= \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 10 \sin 41.41^\circ \times 24$ $= 60 \sin 41.41^\circ \times 24$ $= 952.5 \text{ m}^3$ <p>c)</p>  <p>$TA = 10 \sin \theta = 10 \sin 41.41^\circ$ $\tan \alpha = \frac{10 \sin 41.41^\circ}{24}$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p>

	$\frac{24}{\tan \alpha} = 0.2756$ $\alpha = 15.41^\circ$	M1
		M1
		M1
		A1