



506007

KENYA NATIONAL ASSESSMENT SERIES

KCPE SECOND PREDICTION 20/21 SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

506

Time: 2Hours 15 Minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES (Please read these instructions carefully)

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question paper.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET.

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-
YOUR INDEX NUMBER
YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a **dark** line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

37. Which one of the following is **not** true about latitudes?
- A. They are parallel to each other
 - B. They run from West to East on earth's surface
 - C. They are equal in length
 - D. They influence the climate of a place

The correct answer is

On the answer sheet:

35. [A] [B] [C] [D]

36. [A] [B] [C] [D]

37. [A] [B] [C] [D]

38. [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes number 37, the box with letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your **dark line** **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.



This question paper consists of 12 printed pages.

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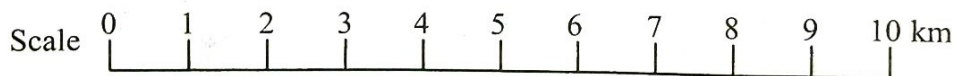
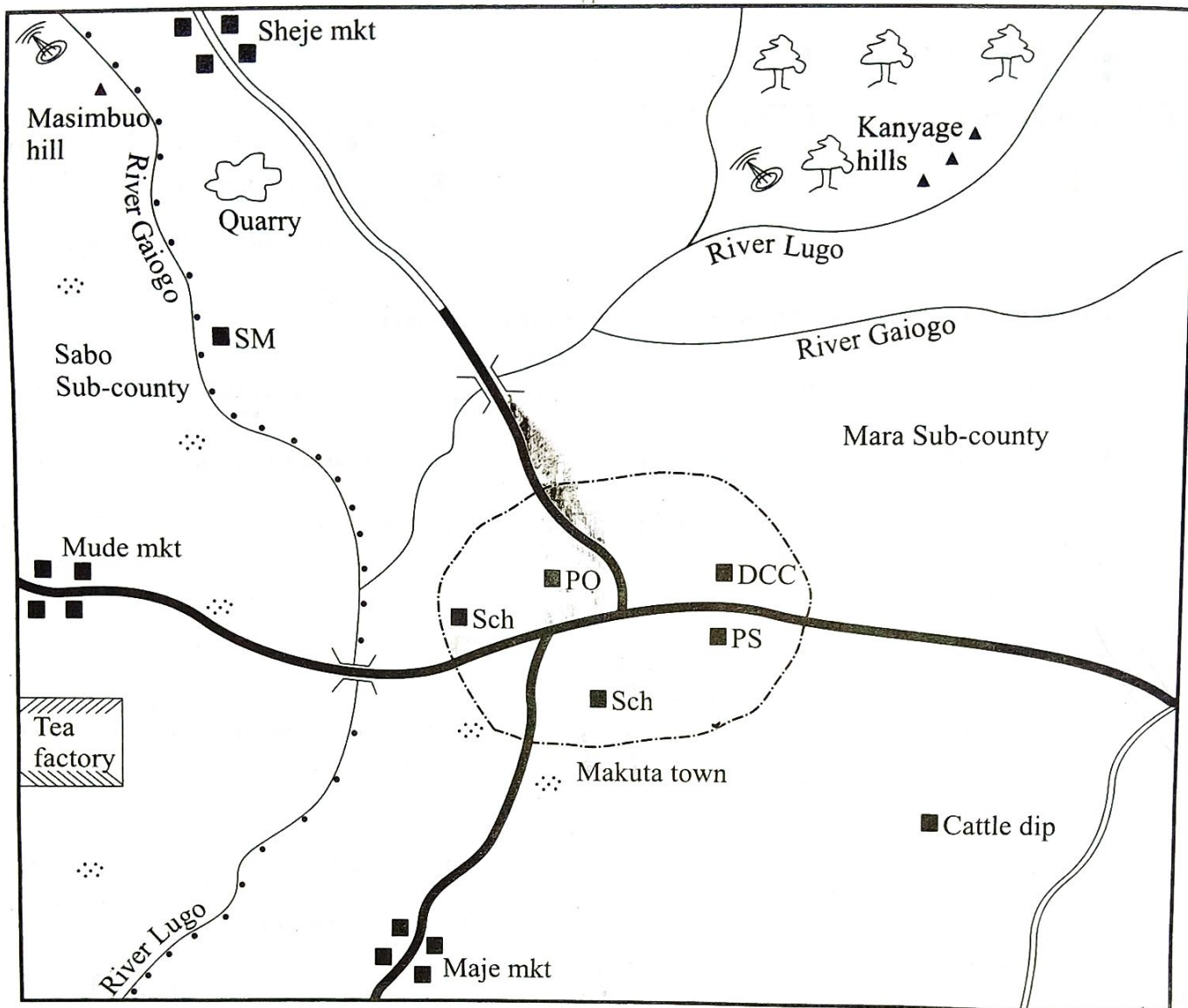
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TURN OVER

PART A: SOCIAL STUDIES

JEMA AREA



KEY

	Forest		Town boundary	DCC - Deputy County Commissioner
	River and bridge		Permanent buildings	SM - Saw Mill
	Tarmac road		Settlement	PS - Police Station
	Mobile phone booster		Murrum road	PO - Post Office
	Sub-county boundary			Mkt - Market
				Sch - School

Study the map of Jema area and use it to answer questions 1-7

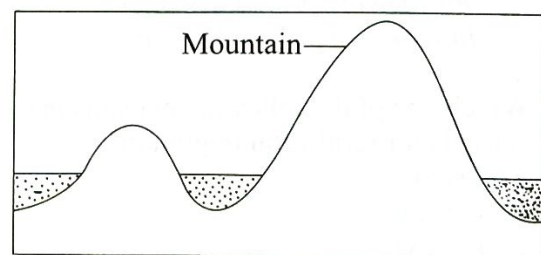
1. What is the direction of Cattle dip market from Sheje market?
 - A. North East
 - B. South West
 - C. South East
 - D. North West
2. The **main** settlement pattern in Sabo area is likely to be?
 - A. Linear
 - B. Clustered
 - C. Sparse
 - D. Dense
3. What is the total distance in kilometers of murrum road in Jema area?
 - A. 8
 - B. 10.5
 - C. 9
 - D. 13
4. The following functions are carried out in Makuta town **except**
 - A. education
 - B. religion
 - C. administration
 - D. security
5. The climate of Jema area can be described as
 - A. hot and dry
 - B. cool and wet
 - C. hot and wet
 - D. cool and dry
6. The land in Jema area rises from?
 - A. North East to South West
 - B. East to West
 - C. North to South
 - D. South West to North East
7. The **main** economic activity carried out by residence of Jema area is likely to be
 - A. Agriculture
 - B. Trading
 - C. Transport and communication
 - D. Fishing along the river

8. Which one of the following statements **least** explains the importance of a school routine?
 - A. It shows the subjects taught in school
 - B. It ensures proper management of time
 - C. It promotes discipline in the school
 - D. It encourages pupils to work hard
9. The time at Conakry 14°W is 10.00 am. What will be the time at Kigali 30°E?
 - A. 12.56 am
 - B. 7.04 am
 - C. 12.56 pm
 - D. 11.20 am
10. The following statements describe the characteristics of various vegetation cover in Africa.
 - i) Plants are deep rooted with fleshy stems
 - ii) There are little or no undergrowth
 - iii) Plants are broad leaved
 - iv) Consist of tough grass and thorny bushes
 - v) Presence of climbers and creepers
 - vi) Trees have needle like leaves

Which of the following describes the vegetation found in hot and wet areas?

- A. i, iv, vi
- B. ii, i, iii
- C. ii, iii, v
- D. iv, ii, vi

Use the diagram below to answer questions 11 – 12



11. The type of mountain shown above was formed as a result of
 - A. erosion of soft rocks
 - B. accumulation of lava on the earth surface
 - C. folding of sedimentary rocks
 - D. faulting and uplifting of rocks

12. Which one of the following shows the example of mountains represented by the diagram above
- A. Meru, Kilimanjaro
 - B. Tibest, Ahaggar
 - C. Ruwenzori, Pare
 - D. Drakensberg, Atlas mountains

13. The following are measures used by farmers to protect and retain the soil nutrients. Which one is **not**?
- A. Ploughing across the contours
 - B. Terracing
 - C. Strip cropping
 - D. Use of trash-lines

14. The following Bantu Communities are found in Southern Africa **except**
- A. Sotho
 - B. Ovambo
 - C. Khoisan
 - D. Zulu

15. All the following pre-historic sites are found in Ethiopia **except**
- A. Dire Dawa
 - B. Nuri
 - C. Omo valley
 - D. Lalibela

16. The following statements describe the reasons for migration:
- (i) Search for employment
 - (ii) Settlement of landless people by Government
 - (iii) Search for fertile land
 - (iv) Pursuit of higher education abroad
 - (v) Shortage of agricultural land
 - (vi) In search of political asylum

Which one of the following explains the reasons for rural-rural migration?

- A. i, v, vi
- B. ii, iii, v
- C. iv, v, vi
- D. i, iii, iv

7. The following are the positive effects of internal migration in Kenya **except**
- A. increased affordable labour in urban areas
 - B. improved standard of living in the rural areas
 - C. increased land fragmentation in the rural areas
 - D. increased agricultural production in the rural areas

18. Which one of the following River Lake Nilotes are found in Southern Sudan?
- A. Dinka
 - B. Acholi
 - C. Lugbara
 - D. Alur

19. The following statements describe marriage ceremonies conducted in Kenya:
- i. Allows polygamy
 - ii. Conducted by respected community leaders
 - iii. Can be registered and marriage certificate issued

The marriage ceremony described above is **likely** to be

- A. Islamic Marriage
- B. Civil Marriage
- C. Religious Marriage
- D. Customary Marriage

20. It is important to observe moral values in the society **mainly** because it
- A. encourages people to work hard
 - B. helps people to behave responsibly
 - C. helps individuals to understand their roles
 - D. promotes honesty and obedience

21. Karen lives with her father and her brother. This is an example of
- A. extended family
 - B. big family
 - C. nuclear family
 - D. singlehood family

22. Some standard eight pupils were asked by their teacher to define school administration. They gave definition as follow:

Jonathan: The aims and beliefs of the school

Gesora: Activities planned for the school each day of the week

Juliet: Groups of people who helps the school to run smoothly

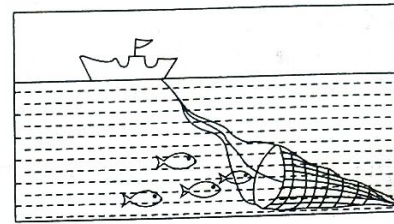
Nyamokami: Set of expectations for the school

Who among the pupils gave the correct definition?

- A. Nyamokami
- B. Gesora
- C. Jonathan
- D. Juliet

23. The following were characteristics of traditional methods of farming **except**
- poor yields
 - work was done communally
 - crop rotation was practiced
 - simple tools were used
24. The following are conditions that favour the growing of a crop in Africa
- Plenty rainfall is more than 1200mm
 - High temperature between 21°C and 26°C
 - Props to support the fruits
 - Deep well drained soils
- The conditions described above favour the growing of
- bananas
 - cloves
 - cocoa
 - cotton
25. Which one of the following is the **main** benefit of poultry farming in Kenya?
- It's a source of food
 - It creates employment opportunity
 - Improves the standard of living
 - Droppings are used as manure to increase soil fertility
26. Which one of the following crops can be grown in a greenhouse?
- Vegetable, cloves, fruits
 - Beans, flowers, pyrethrum
 - Fruits, vegetables, flowers
 - Bananas, millet, maize
27. Which of the following types of fish are **mainly** harvested from fresh water bodies?
- Lobster, Prawn, Mullet, Crab
 - Parrot fish, Snapper, Cavalla, Barracuda
 - Kingfish, Catfish, Goatfish, Black bass
 - Nile perch, Dagaa, Tilapia, Mudfish

28. The fishing method shown below is **likely** to be

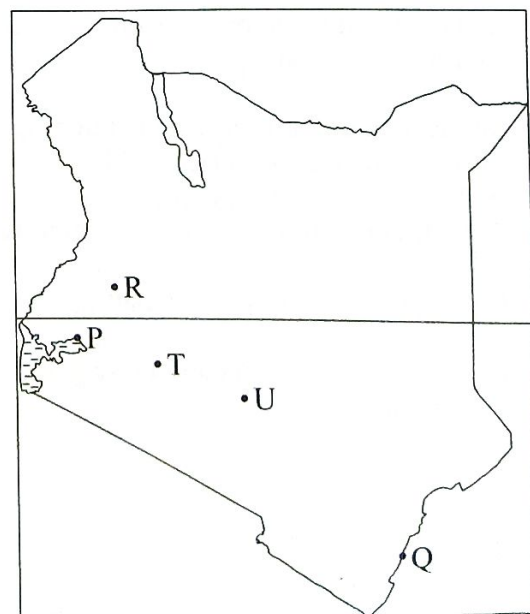


- long lining
 - net drifting
 - trawling
 - purse - seining
29. The following are contributions of mining to the economy of Kenya **except**
- expansion of trade
 - development of infrastructure
 - degradation of environment
 - creation of employment
30. The following are uses of a certain mineral mined in Kenya
- Used in manufacture of paper
 - Used in Soap making
 - Used as a preservative
 - Used in making animal feeds

The mineral described above is **likely** to be mined from?

- Bamburi in Mombasa County
- Kariandusi in Nakuru County
- Kimwarer in West Pokot County
- Fundisa in Kilifi County

Use the diagram below to answer questions 31 and 33



31. The towns marked **P** and **T** respectively are
 A. Nakuru and Nairobi
 B. Kisumu and Nairobi
 C. Eldoret and Nakuru
 D. Kisumu and Nakuru
32. The **main** problem facing the town marked **U** is likely to be?
 A. Lack of enough job opportunities
 B. High rate of crime
 C. Lack of enough decent houses
 D. Traffic jams and congestion
33. Three of the following are efforts being made by the government to solve the problems experienced in the town marked **Q**. Which one is **not**?
 A. Upgrading Slum Areas
 B. Constructing bypasses
 C. Encouraging old people to go to rural areas
 D. Decentralizing industries
34. Which of the following groups of industries consist of manufacturing industries?
 A. Bicycle Repair, Hair dressing
 B. Soap Making, Glass Making
 C. Electronic assembly, Motorcycle Assembly
 D. Grain Milling, Coffee Milling
35. Three of the following are ways in which settlement scheme were acquired in Kenya **except**
 A. white settlers were alienated from African land
 B. land reclamation
 C. land buying companies were formed
 D. forest excision
36. Which one of the following is **not** a problem facing industries in Africa?
 A. Inadequate power supply
 B. Stiff competition from cheap imported goods
 C. Displacement of people to create room for industries
 D. Poor transport and communication network
37. The **main** reason for conserving our wild animals is
 A. to make it easy for tourists to view the animals
 B. to prevent other animals from eating them
 C. to generate income for the government
 D. to protect the wild animals as part of our national heritage
38. Three of the following are effects of deforestation. Which one is **not**?
 A. It causes catchment areas to dry up
 B. It leads to extinction of some tree species
 C. Leads to siltation of rivers and dams
 D. It discourages soil erosion
39. The following forests are planted forests in Kenya. Which one is **not**?
 A. Jilore
 B. Kaptagat
 C. Ainamoi
 D. Timboroa
40. Three of the following are problems facing wildlife. Which one is **not**?
 A. Lack of trained wildlife personnel
 B. Poaching Activities
 C. Human and Wildlife Conflicts
 D. Fire outbreaks during dry seasons
41. Which one of the following statements is **untrue** about Mediterranean climate?
 A. Has hot dry summer.
 B. It experience off shore winds during winter.
 C. Has a temperature range of about 15^oc.
 D. Rainfall experienced is influenced by westerly winds.
42. The Capital city of Old Ghana Kingdom was established at
 A. Meghan
 B. Kumbi Saleh
 C. Wagadu
 D. Wangla
43. The following are economic organization of the San during pre-colonial period **except**
 A. held special ceremonies
 B. were mainly hunters and gatherers
 C. traded with Khoikhoi
 D. made arrows and spearheads

44. Sharon has witnessed an accident in which a vehicle has overturned and there is an injured passenger. Which one of the following would be the immediate action for Sharon to take?
- Take the passenger to hospital
 - Ask the onlookers to stay away from the scene
 - Report the accident to the traffic police
 - Administer first aid to the passenger
45. Mekatilili Wa Menza and Wanje Wa Mandori led the Giriama community to resist the British in 1913 **mainly** because
- they wanted their land back
 - their Shrines were dishonored
 - they wanted to remain independence
 - the British disrespected their leaders
46. The following are some of the positive effects of the coming of the early visitors to Eastern Africa **except**
- African workers were underpaid
 - introduction of Christianity and Islam
 - growth and development of coastal towns
 - introduction of new crops
47. The following are some of the contributions of prominent leaders in Africa
- Promoted the formation of independent churches and schools*
 - Set up many private schools*
 - Supported free education from Primary to Universities*
 - Was a great poet and writer*
 - He abolished slavery*
 - He was the first chair of OAU*
- Which one of the following was the achievement of Haile Selassie?
- i, iii
 - v, vi
 - iv, v
 - iii, vi
48. Which one of the following demands were made by Kikuyu Central Association (KCA)?
- Kenya to remain a protectorate not a colony
 - African land owners to be given title deeds
 - African representation in Lancaster house conference
 - Education for Africans using local languages
49. The following functions are carried out by Commonwealth **except**
- encouraging trade and development among members
 - promoting parliamentary democracy
 - meeting basic needs of refugees all over the world
 - promoting international cooperation among members
50. Which of the following was **not** an official in the Kingdom of Buganda?
- The Katikiro
 - The Lukiiko
 - The Omulamuzi
 - The Omwanika
51. Which one of the following statements is **not true** about the Belgians system of colonial administration in Congo?
- The colony was treated as an overseas province of Belgium
 - Africans were required to carry passes
 - Unemployed Africans were not allowed to live in towns
 - The Belgians appointed African administrators
52. Which of the following can lead to loss of citizenship in Kenya?
- Using false documents for registration
 - Travelling out of the country
 - Becoming a citizen of another country
 - When one lost an identity card (ID)
53. The following statements demonstrate collective responsibility. Which one does **not**?
- Assisting people during hunger
 - Participating in voting for regional leaders
 - Building community projects like schools
 - Defending the country from external attacks
54. Three of the following factors undermine peace **except**
- Religious differences
 - Ethnicity
 - Reconciliation
 - Rigging in elections

55. Wahome disagreed with his family on the inheritance of family land. Which is the **best** way of solving the dispute?
- Talking over the issue with the family members
 - Taking the land forcefully
 - Selling the land and sharing the money among the family members
 - Taking the matter to a court of law
56. The shield on the Coat of Arms of Kenya symbolises?
- Our readiness and ability to defend our country
 - Our readiness to work together
 - The peace that Kenyan citizens enjoy
 - The readiness to fight our enemies
57. Which of the following department of police is **not** correctly matched with its function?
- Traffic police - carrying out driving tests.
 - General Service unit -restore laws and order.
 - C.I.D -investigates crimes.
 - Regular police - provides security for government officers.
58. The bill of right is upheld by the Kenyan Constitution **mainly** because?
- It promotes national unity
 - It Preserves human dignity
 - It enhances national peace
 - It promotes fairness in the community
59. The following functions are carried out by Independent Electoral and Boundary Commission **except**
- fixing constituencies boundaries
 - nominating candidates for electoral seats
 - clearing nominated candidates
 - ensuring that elections are free and fair
60. Which one of the following is a capital expenditure for the National government?
- Paying salaries and allowances
 - Paying water and electricity bills
 - Buying stationeries and supplies
 - Funding water projects

SECTION II CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. On the third day, God created
- man and woman
 - earth and the sea
 - animals
 - dry land and sea creatures
62. What is the **main** reason why God called Abraham?
- To give him land
 - To give him many children
 - To bring blessings to the world
 - To make him famous
63. The story of Noah and the flood **mainly** teaches Christians that
- they should protect their lives
 - families are important
 - they should protect the animals
 - those who sin are punished
64. When the Israelites went to receive the ten commandments, God's presence was shown through
- fire
 - earthquake
 - strong wind
 - Holy Spirit
65. Which one among the following activities did Joshua carry out during the Exodus?
- He led the Israelites out of Egypt
 - He made the golden calf for the Israelites
 - He received the ten commandments from God
 - He led the Israelites in crossing river Jordan
66. Which one of the following events took place when Solomon was the king of Israel?
- The making of the covenant at Sinai
 - The conquest of Jericho
 - The building of the temple of Jerusalem
 - The killing of Goliath

67. Which one of the following miracles was performed by prophet Elisha?
 A. Getting water from a stone
 B. Healing Naaman of his leprosy
 C. Changing of water into wine
 D. Was fed by ravens
68. Which of the following kings of Israel did God promise an everlasting kingdom?
 A. David
 B. Ahab
 C. Solomon
 D. Jeroboam
69. Which one of the following commandments teaches about respect for human life?
 A. Do not steal
 B. Do not accuse anyone falsely
 C. Do not commit murder
 D. Do not desire another man's house
70. Which one of the following is a teaching of Jesus on the love for enemies?
 A. Love those who love you
 B. Pray for those who mistreat you
 C. Curse those who curse you
 D. Lend and expect back
71. Why was Jesus taken to the temple when he was twelve years old?
 A. To be circumcised
 B. To be baptised
 C. To be blessed by the priest
 D. To attend the passover feast
72. Herod wanted to kill Jesus when he was born because he feared that Jesus would
 A. stop people from paying taxes
 B. stop people from going to the Synagogues
 C. take over as ruler of the Jews
 D. convert Jews to another religion
73. Which one of the following miracles of Jesus shows that he was a universal saviour?
 A. The healing of the Centurion's servant
 B. Healing of blind Bartimaeus
 C. Healing the paralysed man
 D. Feeding of five thousand people
74. Why did Jesus enter Jerusalem riding on a donkey?
 A. To show that he was a peaceful Messiah
 B. To attract the crowd
 C. To show that he was a descendant of David
 D. To show that he was the expected king of the Jews
75. Which one of the following parables of Jesus teaches about forgiveness? The parable of the
 A. sower
 B. good Samaritan
 C. prodigal son
 D. rich man and Lazarus
76. Who among the following people was a judge in Israel?
 A. Elkanah
 B. Joshua
 C. Esther
 D. Deborah
77. Who among the following women witnessed the dedication of baby Jesus?
 A. Martha
 B. Anna
 C. Elizabeth
 D. Mary Magdalene
78. Christians in the early church **best** showed their unity by
 A. singing praise
 B. baptising one another
 C. sharing food
 D. reciting scriptures
79. Who among the following was a deacon in the early church?
 A. Stephen
 B. Peter
 C. Paul
 D. James

80. Which one of the following New Testament books is a letter?
 A. Mark
 B. Luke
 C. John
 D. Timothy
81. When Philip met the Ethiopian Eunuch, the Eunuch was reading about
 A. the baptism of Jesus
 B. transfiguration of Jesus
 C. the suffering of the Messiah
 D. the coming of the Holy Spirit
82. The **best** way in which the ancestral spirits were pleased in traditional African communities was by
 A. naming children after them
 B. making sacrifices to them
 C. singing to them
 D. calling out their names
83. Who among the following people in traditional African society were punished by being sent away from the clan?
 A. Witches
 B. Land grabbers
 C. Adulterers
 D. Liars
84. Which one of the following acts of worship is common in **both** Christianity and traditional African religion?
 A. Reciting of creeds
 B. Preaching of sermons
 C. Praying to God for forgiveness
 D. Offering animal sacrifices
85. The **best** way in which a Christian can use leisure to serve God is by
 A. participating in games
 B. taking part in community celebrations
 C. participating in community work
 D. entertaining friends at home
86. Which one of the following **best** shows how Christian are helping to reduce the spread of HIV and AIDS?
 A. Being role models
 B. Counseling the sick
 C. Providing drugs
 D. Teaching on behaviour changes
87. Mary a standard eight pupil has bought a kilogram of sugar, the shopkeeper refuses to give her the correct change. As a Christian the **best** action for her to take is to
 A. shout for help
 B. ask for it
 C. cry about it
 D. forget about it
88. Which one of the following actions by Christians **best** show their respect of leaders?
 A. Being obedient
 B. Paying visits
 C. Correcting the leaders
 D. Offering gifts
89. Anna, a class eight pupil has been found to be pregnant. A friend has advised her to carry out an abortion. As a Christian, what action should she take?
 A. Stop going to school
 B. Get married immediately
 C. Follow the friend's advice
 D. Keep the pregnancy
90. "*Heal the sick, bring the dead back to life, heal those who suffer from dreaded diseases...*" (Matthew 10:8) The early Christian missionaries to Kenya obeyed this command by
 A. teaching teachers
 B. teaching people hygiene
 C. building railway
 D. training catechists

SECTION II ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following is **not** *sunnah* in *Hajj*?
 A. *Talbiyah*
 B. To be at Mina
 C. *Tawwaful Qudum*
 D. To be at Arafat