16. LAND RECLAMATION AND REHABILITATION

This topic entails:-

- (i) Definition of land reclama; tion and land rehabilitation
- (ii) Discussing:
 - (a) The factors that influence the location of the selected irrigation schemes in Kenya
 - (b) The significance of irrigation of farming in Kenya
 - (c) The problems experience in irrigation farming in Kenya
- (iii) Description of the methods used in land reclamation and rehabilitation in Kenya
- (iv) Comparing the methods of land reclamation in Kenya and the Netherlands
- 1. (a) Apart from Mwea, name **three** other large irrigation schemes in Kenya
 - (b) (i) Explain **four** conditions that made Mwea-Tebere a suitable location for an irrigation scheme
 - (ii) Explain **four** problems facing farmers in Mwea irrigation scheme
 - (c) State six benefits which Kenya derives from irrigation farming
- 2 (a) A part from draining swamps, state **two** other methods used to reclaim land in Kenya.
 - (b) State **three** benefits that resulted from the reclamation of Yala Swamp.
- 3. (a) (i) Distinguish between land reclamation and land rehabilitation
 - (ii) Name any three methods of irrigation.
 - (iii) State **two** advantages of irrigation over natural water supplies
 - (b) (i) Why was Mwea Tebere irrigation scheme initiated?
 - (ii) Explain **four** physical conditions that favoured the establishment of Mwea Irrigation Scheme
 - (iii) Give three problems that are faced in Mwea Irrigation Scheme
 - (c) (i) What is a **polder**.
 - (ii) Describe how land is reclaimed and prepared in the Netherlands
 - (iii) Give any **three** benefits of the delta plan
 - (d) How does the above activity differ from that in Denmark?
- 4. Explain **three** problems caused by a large aging population
- 5. a) i) Apart from rice name two other crops grown under irrigation at mwea Tabere irrigation scheme
 - ii) Explain **four** factors that favoured establishment of Mwea Tabere irrigation scheme
 - b) Give four problems associated with irrigation farming on R. Thiba & Nyamindi
 - c) Explain three benefits of Mwea Tabere irrigation scheme
 - d)i) Name two other irrigation schemes in Kenya apart from Mwea Tabere
 - ii) State **three** benefits of rice farming
- 6. (a) Differentiate between **land reclamation** and **land rehabilitation**
 - (b) Explain **four** methods of land reclamation in Kenya
 - (c) Explain any two methods used in land reclamation and rehabilitation in Netherlands
 - (d) State four factors which influenced the establishment of Perkerra Irrigation Scheme
- 7. (a) Explain **two** significance of irrigation farming in Kenya
 - (b) State three benefits of syader see projects
- 8. (a) Name any **three** crops grown under irrigation farming in Kenya
 - (b) (i) Explain four conditions that made Mwea Tebere a suitable location for irrigation farming
 - (ii) Outline **two** aims of the tsetseflies control project in the Lambwe valley of Kenya
 - (iii) State four efforts being made to conserve water catchment areas of Kenya

- 9. (a) (i) What is a **polder**
 - (ii) Name **three** crops grown in the polders.
 - (b) Describe the stages involved in the reclamation of land from the sea in the Netherlands
 - (c) Explain **four** ways that the Netherlands benefited from the delta plan project
 - (d) State six problems experienced in irrigation farming in Kenya
- 10. a) A part from Mwea name three other large irrigation schemes in Kenya
 - b) Explain **four** conditions that made Mwea a suitable location for irrigation scheme
 - c) Explain **four** ways through which tenants have benefited from Mwea irrigation scheme
 - d) Explain **three** problems faced by farmers in Mwea Tabere irrigation scheme
- 11. (a) (i) Differentiate between land reclamation and land rehabilitation
 - (ii) Name **two** methods of rehabilitating land in Kenya
 - (b) (i) What is a polder
 - (ii) Name **two** crops grown in the polders
 - (c) Describe the stages of reclamation of land from the sea in the Netherlands
 - (d) (i) State **three** physical factors that influence the establishment of Pekerra irrigation scheme
 - (ii) Explain **four** significance of irrigation farming in Kenya
- 12. (a) (i) Differentiate between land reclamation and land rehabilitation
 - (ii) List **three** ways in which tsetse fly menace was controlled in the Lambwe valley
 - (b) (i) Name two areas in Kenya where swamps have been reclaimed
 - (ii) State **four** factors which influenced the establishment of Perkerra irrigation scheme
 - (c) Explain three problems facing irrigation farming in Kenya
 - (d) List **four** benefits of the Delta plan project in Netherlands
- 13. (a) State **two** methods used to reclaim land in Kenya
 - (b) Outline the stages through which land is reclaimed from the sea in the Netherlands
- 14. (a) List **four** types of wasteland that can be reclaimed
 - (b) Give **two** advantages of irrigation farming compared to rain fed farming