# **KASNEB**

**CPA PART III SECTION 5** 

**CICT PART III SECTION 5** 

**CIFA PART III SECTION 5** 

**CCP PART III SECTION 5** 

## STRATEGY, GOVERNANCE AND ETHICS

WEDNESDAY: 25 May 2016.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer ALL questions. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question.

**QUESTION ONE** 

# SHUGA COMPANY LIMITED (SCL)

Shuga Company Limited (SCL) is one of the oldest sugar manufacturing companies in the Great Lakes region of Africa. The company manufactures sugar from sugarcane which is mainly sourced from over 60,000 registered outgrowers. The company operates a nucleus estate where it has planted sugarcane on more than 50,000 hectares of land. SCL is 100% owned by the government. Most of the sugar manufacturing companies in the country where SCL operates are owned by the government. The farmers' voice is low since they have limited control of activities in SCL which is largely controlled by the government.

The directors of SCL are appointed by the government. The current board comprises 27 directors most of whom are appointed through local politicians. A recent governance audit revealed that 6 directors were secondary school dropouts.

The audit also revealed that:

- No board member had adequate financial management qualifications.
- Some board members were employees of the company and had voting rights.
- Two board members had no appointment letters.
- The chairman of the board was running most of the day-to-day activities of the company.
- The term limits for the board members were not clear and some members had served the Board for more than 20 years.
- The chief executive officer and other senior managers were political appointees.
- SCL had no policy on risk management, procyrement and information communication technology.

SCL and its contracted farmers are yet to embrace modern methods of farming. The outgrowers greatly rely on rain to grow their sugarcane. Rain fed sugarcane takes 3 times more time to mature than sugarcane grown using irrigation. Lack of sufficient cane has resulted to SCL shutting down the manufacturing plant most of the times during the year. A number of employees are usually laid off during the shut downs. Some shut downs are however scheduled to allow for maintenance of the machines and boilers. These shut downs can last for several months leading to a huge shortage of sugar in the market.

The company has a capacity of producing 300,000 metric tonnes of sugar in a year. However, it only produces 100,000 metric tonnes. SCL is highly inefficient, poorly governed and has lost goodwill from farmers and employees. Due to the low pay per metric tonne of sugarcane delivered to the company, its contracted farmers have resulted to selling their sugarcane to its competitors. This adds to SCL's woes since farmers are financed by the company to acquire farm inputs such as fertilizers and seedlings with the hope that the company would recover its money after the delivery of sugarcane and before making payments for the sugarcane delivered.

The competitors of SCL use the latest technology to manufacture sugar. SCL, a company which used to control 79% of the market share uses an archaic technology. For SCL to return to profitability, the company has no choice but to acquire an integrated enterprise resource management software. With trade liberalisation, competition has gone a notch higher.

CA51, CT51, CF51 & CP51 Page 1 Out of 3 More private sugar factories are being established which pay employees better and farmers on time. Business people are importing cheaper sugar which they sell at a price below the cost of production at SCL. The company has on various occasions imported sugar which it packaged and sold to the local market instead of manufacturing sugarcane from local farmers. In some instances, earnings from imported sugar ended up in private accounts of the senior managers.

Early in the year 2015, the company suspended a number of employees implicated in irregular termination of contracts with farmers. The company lost 400 million shillings mostly through legal suits. More money was lost as the company ignored guidelines on pricing. SCL's procurement systems did not conform to the government's procurement and disposal regulations.

Other malpractices in the company include:

- A large amount of sugar that is manufactured by SCL leaves the stores of the company undocumented. This is done with the knowledge of senior management and security officials at the factory.
- Collusion between sugar distributors and senior officials of SCL to give undocumented credit advances to selected distributors.
- Laxity in collecting sales proceeds from buyers in order to earn interest and kickbacks for sales officials.
- Not harvesting contracted farmers' cane on time. A farmer has to bribe SCL's employees for sugarcane to be harvested

SCL is an important company to the economy since many livelihoods depend on the company for survival. The government in the past came up with interventions which seem not to work. Some of these interventions are:

- The setting up of importation quotas and punitive customs duty on imported sugar.
- Writing off loans to millers such as SCL and farmers.
- Assisting SCL to settle debts to farmers.
- Improving infrastructure such as roads in the sugar belts.
- Reduction in tariffs on raw materials and capital inputs.

It is evident that for SCL to be saved from collapse, more strategies need to be developed. Mere lip service will not help turnaround a company which was once a gem in the sugar belt.

#### Required:

- With the use of suitable examples, illustrate how the code of governance for state corporations in your country has (a) been flouted by SCL. (12 marks)
- Explain five measures that SCL should put in place to ensure that the company is competitive in the market. (5 marks)
- Suggest six remedies available to SCL where directors are found culpable of breaching fiduciary duties. (6 marks) (c)
- (d) Assuming that you are a corporate strategy consultant and SCL has approached you for advice on modernisation of the company's operations, suggest six modules that should be included in the integrated enterprise resource management software for the company. (12 marks)
- (e) to Assess five unethical practices propagated by various agents of SCL 1 6 solds on sought belief the solds of scales of s (Total: 40 marks) secured to SCL, shutting down the manufacturing plant most of the times during the year. A number of

## **QUESTION TWO**

- Distinguish between the following types of conflict of interest:
- (i) "Actual" and "potential" conflict of interest.
  - "Personal" and "impersonal" conflict of interest. The properties of the properties o
- (b) With the use of a well labelled diagram, describe John Kotter's 8-step process for leading change. (11 marks) (Total: 15 marks)

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QUESTION THREE		
(a)	Explain the term "social audit" in relation to an organisation's performance.	(2 marks)
(b)	Despite the existence of both legal and regulatory frameworks governing the operations of compacompanies continue to collapse due to fraud and mismanagement.	nies, many
	With reference to the above statement, discuss four challenges facing company regulators in your country.	(8 marks)
(c)	Management is a science.	
	Justify the above statement. (Total:	(5 marks)
QUESTION FOUR		
(a)	Explain five roles of the Board in enterprise risk management (ERM).	(5 marks)
(b)	Corruption has become endemic in many countries.	
	In relation to the above statement, assess ways in which the utilitarian theory could be applied to address c your country.	orruption in (5 marks)
(c)	Describe five guidelines to be followed while developing a control system in an organisation.  (Total:	(5 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE** Business excellence involves developing and strengthening the management systems and processes of an organisation to improve performance and create value addition to stakeholders. With reference to the above statement, illustrate the Baldrige Criteria for performance excellence model. (10 m² (b) Analyse the steps followed while formulating a corporate strategy.