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## FORM ONE PHYSICS MID TERM 1 2023 EXAM



(4mks)

IID TERWI I 2023 EAAWI		
1.	Define physics?  It is the study of matter and relation to energy	(1mks)
2.	Describe three branches of physics.	(6mks)
3.	<ul> <li>Mechanics</li> <li>Electricity of magnesium</li> <li>Thermo dynamics</li> <li>Geothermal optics</li> <li>Waves</li> </ul> Describe any three relationship between physics and other subjects.	(6mks)
	<ul> <li>Physics and region</li> <li>Physics and history</li> <li>Physics and geography</li> <li>Physics and home science</li> <li>Physics biology</li> <li>Physics chemistry</li> <li>Physics and technology</li> </ul>	
4.	<ul> <li>List five laboratory rules.</li> <li>Tuck in shirts and blouses- gas tap should be closed</li> <li>Wear closed shoes- Wash hands after experiment</li> <li>Follow instructions and fully</li> <li>Windows and doors should be open when working in the laboratory</li> <li>No eating in the lab</li> </ul>	(5mks)
5.	Define length and state its SI units.  - Length is a measure of distance between two points. SI unit is metre (M)	(2mks)
6.	State 2 factors that determine the choice of instrument to measure length. (2mks)  - Level of accuracy desired.  - Size of the object to be measured.	
7.	(a) What is the SI unit for area.	(1mk)
	$M^2$	

(b) Express the following into  $M^2$ 



(i) 9000cm<sup>2</sup> 1m<sup>2</sup>=10000cm<sup>2</sup> ? 9000cm<sup>2</sup> =0.9m<sup>2</sup>

(ii)  $0.05 \text{cm}^2$ 

 $10000 - 1m^2$  $0.05cm^2$  0.05/10000 = 0.000005

8. The water level in a burette is 30cm<sup>3</sup>, 55 drops of water fall from the burette and average volume of one drop is 0.12cm<sup>3</sup>. What is the final water level in the burette. (3mks)

Volume of all drops – 355 x 0.12 =6.6cm 30 x 6.6cm<sup>3</sup> 36.6cm<sup>3</sup>

9. (a) Define mass and give its SI units.

(2mks)

- Mass is quantity of matter in an object. Its SI unit is kilogram.
- (b) Covert the following into kilograms (1mk)
- (i) 2 tonne

I tone – 1000kg 2 tonne – 200kg

(ii) 400 grams 1000g – 1kg 400gram ? 400/1000 0.4kg

(iii) 600mg (millgram) 600/1000= 0.0006kg

- 10. The mass of 20cm<sup>3</sup> of wood was found to be 0.4kg. Calculate the density of wood
  - a) In  $kg/m^3$ Density = mass/volume=0.4/0.00002=2000kg/m<sup>3</sup>

(2mks)

Density = mass/volume=0.4/0.00002=2000kg/m<sup>3</sup>

b) In  $g/cm^3$  (2mks)

0.4 x 1000=40g/20cm<sup>3</sup>=2g/cm<sup>3</sup>

11. How has physics helped in advancement in medicine.

(4mks)

- Gamma rays used to destroy body cells
- Microscopes observes disease causing organisms



- **Stethoscope checks heat beats**
- Lenses used to correct eye defects
- X rays used for producing
- Brain scanner check damage in brain
- Hearing aids used by people with ear problems
- 12. State four apparatus used in physics laboratory.

(4mks)

- **Ammeter**
- Voltmeter
- **Thermometer**
- Beam balance
- Metre rule
- Wires
- Lenses
- **Mirrors**
- **Diodes**
- **Resistors**
- **Bulbs**
- magnets
- 13. Express each of the following volumes in M<sup>3</sup>
  - a)  $27 \text{cm}^3$

(2mks)

 $Im3 = 1000000cm^3$ ? 27cm<sup>3</sup>

b) 11000mm<sup>3</sup>

 $0.000027 \mathrm{m}^3$ 

(2mks)

 $1m^3 = 1000mm^3$ ? 11000mm<sup>3</sup>

11cm<sup>3</sup>

 $1m^3=1000000xm^3$ 

?=11000cm

=11000 = 0.011m<sup>3</sup>

14. Define volume and its SI units

(2mks)

- It is the amount of space occupied by matter. SI units metre <sup>3</sup>
- 15. Define density and state the SI unit.

Density is mass per unit volume of in object. Its SI unit is kilogram per cubic metre. (kgm<sup>-3</sup> or  $kg/m^3$ )