THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

232/3

— PHYSICS —

Paper 3



(PRACTICAL) Nov. 2019 – 2½ hours



Name	Index Number
Candidate's Signature	Date

Instructions to candidates

- (a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) Answer all the questions in the spaces provided in the question paper.
- (d) You are supposed to spend the first 15 minutes of the 2½ hours allowed for this paper reading the whole paper carefully before commencing your work.
- (e) Marks are given for a clear record of the observations actually made, their suitability, accuracy and the use made of them.
- (f) Candidates are advised to record their observations as soon as they are made.
- (g) Non-programmable silent electronic calculators may be used.
- (h) This paper consists of 10 printed pages.
- (i) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- (j) Candidates should answer the questions in English.

For Examiner's Use Only

Question 1	a	d	e(i)	e(ii)	f(i)	f(ii)
Maximum Score	2	8	4	3	1	2
Candidate's Score	19.				1	-

Total

Question 2	а	b	C	d	e (1,67	g
Maximum Score	1	1	7	4	3	3	1
Candidate's Score							

Total

Grand Total



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Question 1

You are provided with the following:

- A stirrer
- A stand, a boss and a clamp
- A thermometer
- An ammeter
- A voltmeter
- A beaker
- A source of boiling water
- Two dry cells in a cell holder
- A switch
- Seven connecting wires
- A component labelled X

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Proceed as follows:

(a) Set up the circuit as shown in figure 1.

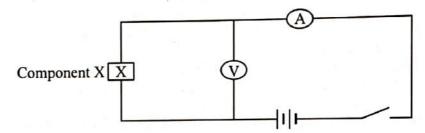


Figure 1

(i) Close the switch, read and record the current I through component X and the potential difference V across it. (1 mark)

I =

V =

Open the switch.

(ii) Determine the resistance R of component X given that: $R = \frac{V}{I}$ (1 mark)



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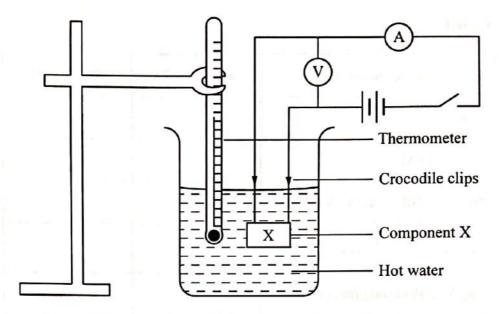


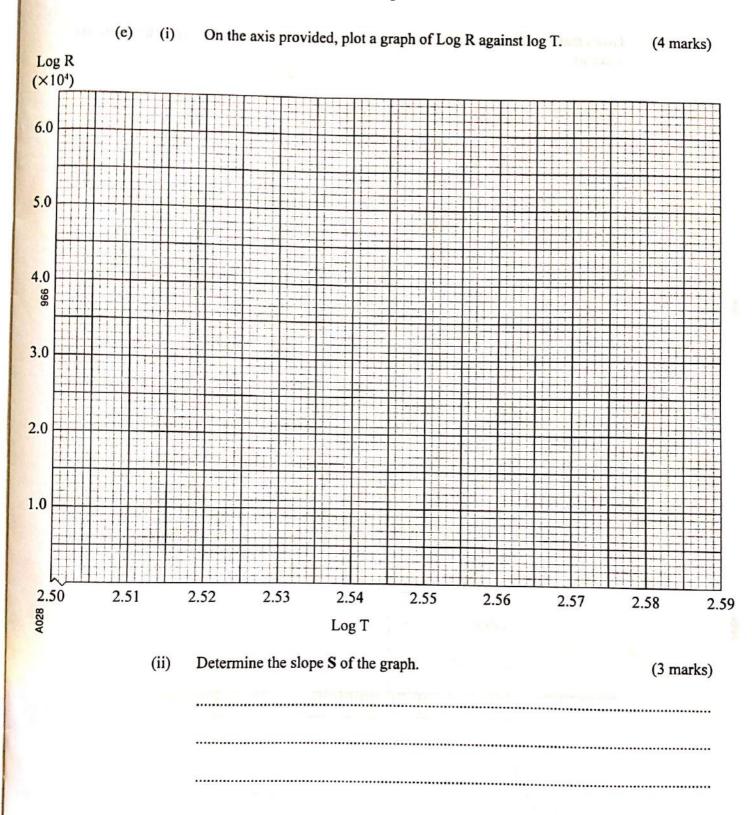
Figure 2

(c) Stir the water from time to time, when the temperature falls to 80°, switch on the circuit, read and record the current I and the potential difference V in table 1. Then open the switch.



(8 marks)

Temperature of hot water (°)	80	75	70	65	60	55
T (K)						
Current I (A)	H					
Potential difference V (V)	1					
Resistance $R = \frac{V}{I} (\Omega)$	- 1	Ţ	17			
Log R (3 decimal places)		7				
Log T (3 decimal places)	- E - E - T					





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Turn over

	(f)	Give value	that R and T are related by the equation Log F of;	R = Log K + n Log T, determine the
		(i)	n	(1 mark)
		,		
		(ii)	K	(2 marks)
			r ·	
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Question 2

You are provided with the following:

- A metre rule
- A stand, boss and clamp
- A piece of string
- A 20 g mass
- A 50 g mass
- A measuring cylinder containing water
- A concave mirror
- A screen
- A candle
- Pieces of sewing threads
- A mirror holder (Lens holder)

Proceed as follows:

PART A

(a) Using a string, suspend the metre rule on the stand so that it balances horizontally at its center of gravity. Record the centimetre mark at which the metre rule balances.

Centimetre mark = cm

(1 mark)

(b) With the metre rule balanced at its centre of gravity, suspend a 20 g mass at a distance of 30 cm from the centre of gravity. Suspend the 50 g mass on the other side of the centre of gravity and adjust its position until the rule is balanced. See figure 3.

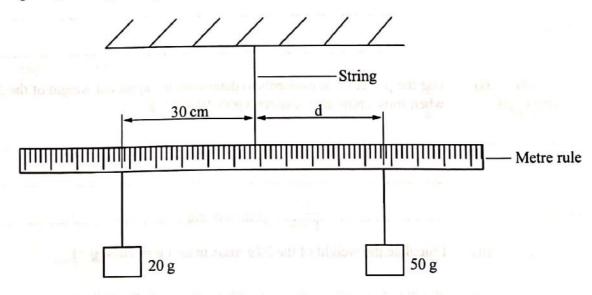


Figure 3



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Turn over

	Reco	rd the d	listance d of the 50 g mass from the centre of gravity.	
		d = .		
		d = .	m	(1 mark)
	(c)	(i)	Record the volume of the water in the measuring cylinder provide	led.
			V =	(1 mark)
		(ii)	Immerse the 20 g mass fully into the water and adjust the positio mass so that the rule balances horizontally. Record the volume V ₁ of the water plus 20 g mass and the distance	
996			mass from the centre of gravity.	hapli I in
			$V_1 = \dots$	(1 mark)
			d ₁ =	(1 mark)
		(iii)	(I) Determine the volume of the water displaced	(1 mark)
			(II) Determine the weight of the water displaced. (density of water = 1 gcm ⁻³)	(3 marks)
AUZB	(d)	(i)	Use the principle of moments to determine the apparent weight of when fully immersed in water. $(g = 10 \text{ Nkg}^{-1})$	
			The heart of the second	
				•••••
		(ii)	Calculate the weight of the 20 g mass in air $(g = 10 \text{ Nkg}^{-1})$	(1 mark)
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(iii)	Determine the apparent loss in weight of the 20 g mass.	(1 mark)
	<u></u>	

PART B

(e) Light the candle and place it at distance u = 20 cm in front of the concave mirror. Adjust the position of the screen until a sharp image of the candle flame is obtained. See figure 4.

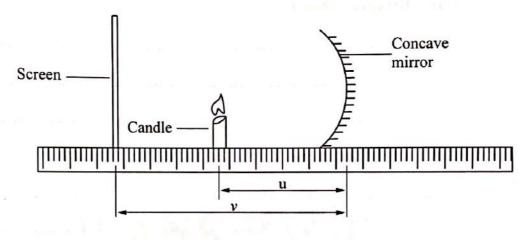


Figure 4

(i) Read and record the distance v between the screen and the mirror.

$$v = \dots$$
 (1 mark)

- (ii) Determine:
 - I. the magnification m of the mirror given that: $m = \frac{v}{u}$, (1 mark)

II. the value f_1 given that: $f_1 = \frac{mu}{m+1}$ (1 mark)

(f) Re	peat part (e) for distance $u_1 = 18 \text{ cm}$	marrage, finis	
(i)	Read and record the distance v_1 between the screen	and the mirror.	
	$v_1 = \dots$		(1 mark)
(ii)	Determine the magnification m ₁ of the mirror.		(1 mark)
	osano di nome i minasos e i succión, il succión de Salali il es están cumo com como de la como		(5)
(iii	Hence determine f ₂ .		(1 mark)
	renur Z		<u> </u>
(g) De	etermine the average value of f.		(1 mark)
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