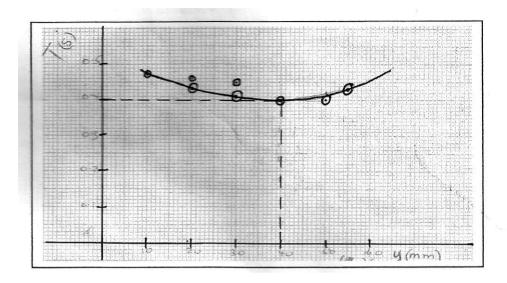
PHYSICS 232/3

Marking scheme

Q1 a) PM = h=12.0±1.0cm(11.0-13.0) to 1 dp $\sqrt{1}$ mk

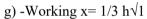
c

Y (mm)	10	20	30	40	50	55
$t(s) \pm 1.0$	2.35	2.28	2.05	2.00	2.10	2.13
T(s)	0.47	0.43	0.41	0.42	0.43	0.74



 $^{1}/_{3}h = ^{1}/_{3} \times 12 = 4cm = 40mm$

T when y = 40 mm = 0.4 s (shown on the graph)



- Evidence of extraction from graph $\sqrt{1}$

-Reading of value from her/ his graph

Within range (0.40-0.45) $\sqrt{1}$

h)
$$T = 0.4$$

$$t = 0.4x5 = 2sec$$

$$(2)^2 = \left(\sqrt{\frac{33.6}{4}}\right)^2$$

$$4 = 33.6 \sqrt{}$$

$$K = 33.6 \sqrt{}$$

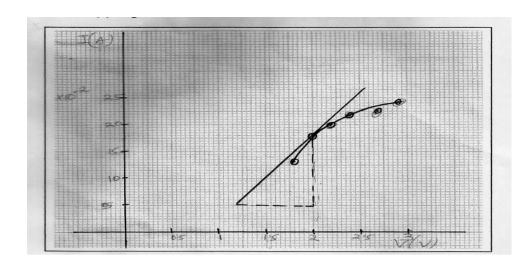
$$=8.4\sqrt{}$$

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Length L	100	80	60	40	20	0
Voltage V	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.9
Current I	0.16	0.18	0.20	0.22	0.22	0.24
(A)						

ii) Brightness increases ✓





iv) Axes -1

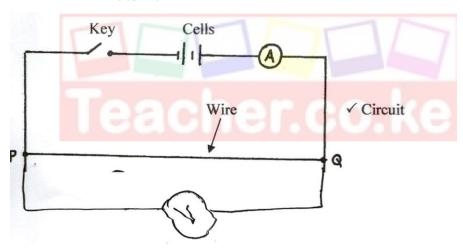
Scale - 1

Plotting – 2 at least four each ½ mark

Curve -1 to pass through at least 3 correct plotted points.

v) Tangent at the point

$$g = \frac{17.5 - 5}{2 - 1.2}$$
 $x = 1.5625 \times 10^{7} \text{ A/V}$
 $= x = 1.563 \times 10^{7} \text{ A/V}$



NB – ammeter cell and switch in series voltmeter parallel to wire

 $V=2.4V \sqrt{1/2}$

 $I=0.3A \sqrt{1/2}$

 $d \approx 0.36$ mm = $3.6 \times 10^{-4} \pm \sqrt{0.01}$ mm

 $P = 0.785 \underbrace{2.4}_{0.3} \underbrace{3.6 \times 10}_{1} \stackrel{?}{\longrightarrow} \sqrt{1} \text{ substitution of own values}$

= $8.1389 \times 10^{-7} \Omega$ m $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ calculated $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ unit