232/3 **PHYSICS** Paper3

MARKING SCHEME

- Lo = 56.0cm (It may depend on its position the student tied the meter rule) 1. (e)
 - (h)

L(cm)	Ext e(cm)	Time t 20 osc (s)	Periodic time T (s)	$T^2(s^2)$
10	8.8	12.22	0.611	0.37
20	7.7	11.21	0.561	0.31
30	6.6	10.12	0.506	0.26
40	5.6	9.15	0.458	0.21
50	4.5	8.20	0.410	0.17

- (i) Graph
 - Axes with scale $\checkmark \checkmark 2$
 - Plot 4-5 corr ✓✓2
 - Plot 3 corr ✓1
 - Best line ✓1

Gradient =
$$\frac{\Delta e}{\Delta T^2}$$

(j) Gradient =
$$\overline{\Delta T^2}$$

$$\frac{\left(4.3-1.4\right)\times10^{-2}}{\left(1.5-0\right)\times10^{-1}}$$

$$= = 0.19m/s^2 \pm 0.05$$

(k)
$$C = O$$

Gradient =
$$4\Pi^2$$

 $R = 1.9 \times 4 \times 3.142 \times 3.1$

$$R = 1.9 \times 4 \times 3.142 \times 3.142$$
$$= 75.028 \text{m/s}^2$$

2. (ii) a)

L(cm)	100	80	60	40	20	0
V(v)	0.25	0.45	0.55	1.75	1.15	1.60
I(A)	0.12	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.18	0.21

- (iii) Brightness increases with a decrease in L
- (iv) Axes ✓1

Scale ✓1

Plot 4-5 corr ✓✓1

Plot 2-3 corr **√**1

Curve ✓1

Tangent at $v = 1 \text{ volt} \checkmark 1$ (v)

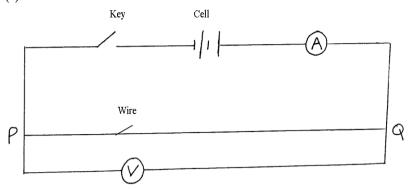
$$\frac{0.16 - 0.14}{1.4 - 0.3}$$

Slope of tangent == $0.018\Omega^{-1}$

Reciprocal of resistance of bulb. (vi) (a)



(b) (i)



(ii) V = 1.8V

$$I = 0.14A$$

(iii) $d = 3.6 \times 10^{-4} M$

$$p = 0.785 \times \left(\frac{1.8}{0.14}\right) \times \left(\frac{3.6 \times 10^{-4}}{1}\right)^{2}$$
$$= 1.308 \times 10^{-6} \Omega M$$

