1. (a) d = 0.60cm $0.1131 cm^{3}$ 

 $\frac{22}{42}(0.6)^3$ 

 $= 0.1131 \text{cm}^3$ 

(1mk)

(1mk)

D = 1.40(b)  $A = \frac{22}{28} \times (1.4)^2$  $= 1.54 \text{cm}^2$ 

(1mk)

 $h_0 = 5.3$ cm (c)

(1mk)



## Table I

Number of ball bearings (N)	1	2	3	4	5	
Floating level h(cm)	5.6	5.8	6.0			
$h - h_o(cm)$	0.3	0.5	0.7			(6mks)

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(g) 
$$(0.01)$$
 and  $(3,0.7)$ 

$$S = \frac{Dh - h_o}{DN} = \frac{0.7 - 0.1}{3 - 0} \checkmark 1$$
= 0.2cm \(\frac{1}{3}\)

(2mks)

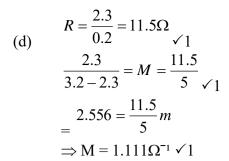
(h) 
$$\frac{P_s}{P_1} = slope = \frac{P_s}{P_L} \quad \frac{V}{A} \Rightarrow \frac{P_L}{P_s} = \frac{S \times A}{V}$$

$$= \frac{0.2cm \times 1.54cm^3}{}$$

(2mks)

2. (b) 
$$E = 3.20V$$

(c) 
$$V = 2.30$$
  
  $I = 0.20$ 

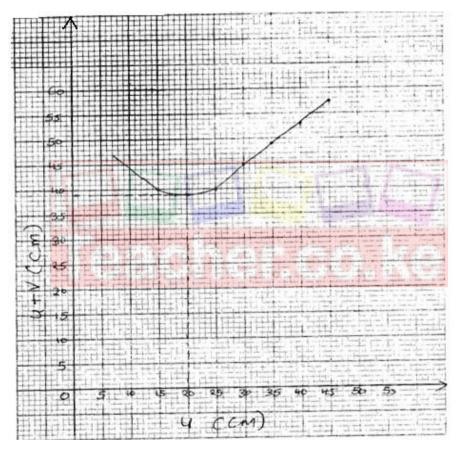




## Part B: TABLE 3

U(cm)	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	
V(cm)	25.0	19.0	15.0	15.0	14.0	13.0	12.5	
(U + V(cm))	40.0	39.0	40.0	45.0	49.0	53.0	57.5	(8mks)

## (e) A GRAPH OF U + V AGAINST U



Using 
$$U + V = 4K$$
  
 $39 = 4K$   
 $K = 9.75cm$ 

$$U = 2K$$

$$20 = 2K$$

$$K = 10cm$$

$$K = \frac{09.75 + 10}{2.0}$$

$$= 9.875$$
cm

OR





