



006

# PRECIOUS KCPE TRIAL

## STANDARD EIGHT - 2021

### MARKING SCHEME

MATHS	ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	SCIENCE	S/STUDIES/R.E
1. B	1. C	1. C	1. B	1. B
2. A	2. A	2. B	2. D	2. A
3. A	3. C	3. C	3. C	3. D
4. D	4. A	4. C	4. A	4. C
5. C	5. B	5. A	5. D	5. B
6. C	6. D	6. B	6. C	6. A
7. D	7. B	7. B	7. B	7. B
8. B	8. C	8. C	8. A	8. D
9. B	9. D	9. A	9. D	9. C
10. B	10. A	10. B	10. C	10. C
11. A	11. B	11. A	11. B	11. D
12. A	12. D	12. D	12. D	12. B
13. D	13. A	13. C	13. C	13. A
14. C	14. B	14. A	14. D	14. B
15. D	15. C	15. B	15. C	15. C
16. D	16. C	16. D	16. B	16. D
17. C	17. A	17. D	17. B	17. D
18. B	18. B	18. B	18. B	18. C
19. C	19. A	19. A	19. A	19. A
20. D	20. D	20. C	20. D	20. D
21. C	21. B	21. D	21. C	21. B
22. C	22. D	22. C	22. B	22. A
23. C	23. B	23. C	23. C	23. D
24. A	24. C	24. B	24. B	24. A
25. C	25. D	25. B	25. A	25. B
26. A	26. B	26. C	26. D	26. C
27. C	27. C	27. D	27. B	27. D
28. C	28. D	28. C	28. C	28. C
29. D	29. C	29. B	29. D	29. B
30. B	30. C	30. A	30. C	30. A
31. D	31. D	31. B	31. A	31. A
32. A	32. D	32. C	32. B	32. C
33. B	33. D	33. B	33. D	33. A
34. D	34. C	34. C	34. C	34. B
35. B	35. B	35. B	35. A	35. D
36. A	36. B	36. C	36. B	36. C
37. D	37. A	37. D	37. D	37. A
38. B	38. D	38. A	38. A	38. B
39. C	39. C	39. A	39. A	39. D
40. C	40. A	40. C	40. B	40. A
41. C	41. B	41. B	41. D	41. C
42. A	42. A	42. A	42. C	42. B
43. B	43. D	43. D	43. C	43. C
44. A	44. C	44. C	44. B	44. D
45. C	45. B	45. A	45. A	45. A
46. C	46. C	46. D	46. C	46. D
47. C	47. D	47. B	47. D	47. C
48. B	48. C	48. C	48. B	48. C
49. C	49. D	49. A	49. A	49. A
50. B	50. A	50. D	50. D	50. D
				<u>C.R.E</u>
				51. B
				52. B
				53. C
				54. A
				55. A
				56. C
				57. B
				58. A
				59. C
				60. D
				61. C
				62. D
				63. B
				64. A
				65. D
				66. A
				67. C
				68. C
				69. A
				70. B
				71. C
				72. D
				73. C
				74. B
				75. C
				76. A
				77. D
				78. D
				79. C
				80. B
				81. A
				82. B
				83. C
				84. A
				85. D
				86. C
				87. D
				88. A
				89. A
				90. B



# PRECIOUS KCPE TRIAL STANDARD EIGHT - 2021

006

**MATHEMATICS**

**Time: 2 hours**

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question paper.

### **HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET.**

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-  
**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**  
**YOUR NAME**  
**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

### **Example**

37. Seven women can do a piece of work in 16 days. If three of the women fell sick and did not turn up, how many more days will the remaining women take to complete the job?

- A. 12
- B. 28
- C. 22
- D. 30

The correct answer is A (12)

**On the answer sheet:**

35. [A] [B] [C] [D]    36. [A] [B] [C] [D]    37.  [A] [B] [C] [D]    38. [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes number 37, the box with letter A printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

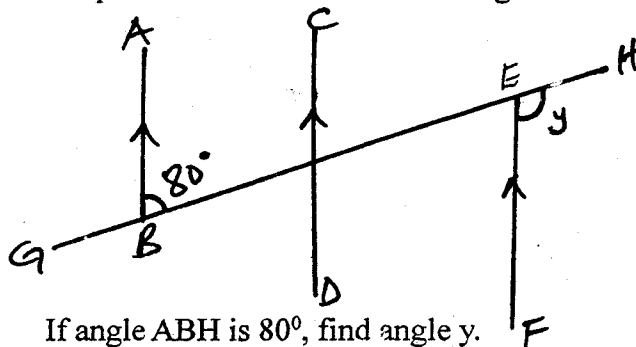
This question paper consists of 8 printed pages.

**TURN OVER**

*Covid 19 is real. Put on your mask properly. Keep social distance, sanitize and wash your hands regularly with running water.*

- What is five million two thousand and four and two thousandths in digits?  
A. 502004.002      B. 5002004.002  
C. 5002004.02      D. 50002004.02
- Round off 102501 to the nearest hundred.  
A. 102500      B. 102600  
C. 103000      D. 110000
- What is the total value of digit 3 in the number 79.7431?  
A. 0.003      B. Thousandths  
C. 0.0003      D. Ten thousandths
- What is the sum of the next two numbers in the pattern below?  
14, 31, 50, 73, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
A. 102      B. 133  
C. 198      D. 235
- Ben, Ruth and Gregory spent 27 nights in a guest house from 5th of February 2016. Which date did they leave the guest house?  
A. 1st March      B. 2nd March  
C. 3rd March      D. 4th March

- In the figure shown below, AB, CD and EF are parallel lines and GH is a straight line.



If angle ABH is  $80^\circ$ , find angle  $y$ .

- A class has 36 pupils. The ratio of boys to girls is 5:4. If 6 girls are absent, how many girls are present?  
A. 20      B. 14  
C. 12      D. 10
- What is the value of  $17.12 \div 214$ ?  
A. 0.008      B. 0.08  
C. 0.8      D. 8

- The area of Jimmy's square plot is  $14400\text{m}^2$ . He fenced it with poles at 5m intervals all round. How many poles did he use altogether?  
A. 96      B. 97  
C. 3880      D. 3881
- Construct a triangle PQR given that  $QR = 7\text{cm}$ ,  $PQ = 6\text{cm}$  and  $PR = 67\text{cm}$ . What is the measure of angle PQR?  
A.  $40^\circ$       B.  $60^\circ$   
C.  $80^\circ$       D.  $120^\circ$
- What is the value of  $x$  in the equation?  
 $\frac{2}{3}x + 7x = \frac{1}{3}x + 49$ ?  
A.  $6\frac{15}{22}$       B.  $6\frac{1}{8}$   
C.  $4\frac{9}{10}$       D.  $3\frac{1}{2}$
- Juma cycled from home to school, a distance of 6km at a speed of 5km/hr. After cycling for 30 minutes, he got a puncture that took him half an hour to mend. He later continued with his journey to school at the same speed of 5km/hr. If he reached school at 7.52 a.m, what time did he begin his journey?  
A. 6.10 a.m      B. 6.52a.m  
C. 7.02a.m      D. 7.30 a.m
- Carolyne paid sh. 350 for a dress after getting a discount of 20%. How much less would she have paid if she had been given a discount of 28%?  
A. Sh. 437.50      B. Sh. 315.00  
C. Sh. 75.00      D. Sh. 35.00
- Six people can dig a farm in 8 days. How long will it take if the six people worked for the first three days then after that only two turned up for the work?  
A. 7 days      B. 15 days  
C. 18days      D. 24 days

34. What is the simplified form of the expression

$$3(x + 3y) + 5x \quad ?$$

$$4(3x + 2y) - 6x$$

- A.  $4x + 9y$   
 $3x + 8y$   
 B.  $8x + 3y$   
 $6x + 2y$   
 C.  $8x + 9y$   
 $6x - 8y$   
 D.  $8x + 9y$   
 $6x + 8y$

35. An empty lorry weighs 1.5 tonnes. It was loaded with 50kg bags of cement and the total weight rose to 4 tonnes. How many bags of cement were loaded in the lorry?

- A. 25                      B. 50  
 C. 100                     D. 500

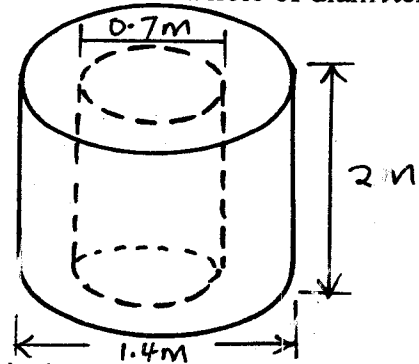
36. Maria's watch loses 5 minutes in one hour. The watch was set correctly at 10.30 a.m. on Monday. What time did it read at 5.30 p.m. the same day?

- A. 4.55 a.m              B. 4.55 p.m.  
 C. 6.05 a.m              D. 6.05 p.m.

37. Chebet's cows produced 36 litres of milk each day. She used  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the milk and gave 3 litres to her relatives. She used  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the remaining milk to feed her cats and dogs and the rest for family consumption. What fraction of the daily milk produced was consumed by the family?

- A.  $\frac{2}{3}$                       B.  $\frac{1}{4}$   
 C.  $\frac{1}{6}$                       D.  $\frac{1}{9}$

38. The diagram below represents a cylindrical concrete block of diameter 1.4m and length 2m. The block has a hole of diameter 0.7m.



What is the volume of the block?

(Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )

- A.  $0.77\text{m}^3$                       B.  $2.31\text{m}^3$   
 C.  $3.08\text{m}^3$                       D.  $9.24\text{m}^3$

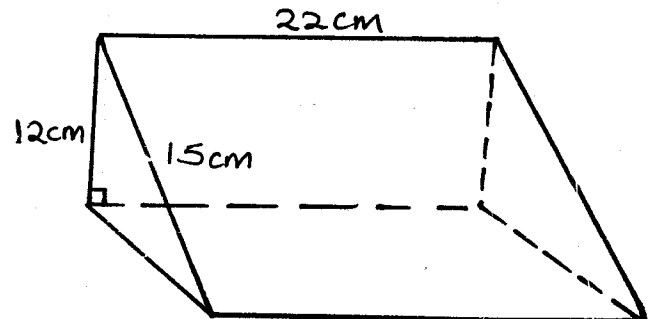
39. The hire purchase price of a machine is 20% above the marked price. Hassan bought the machine on hire purchase terms by paying 15% of the higher purchase price as deposit. If the rest of the money was spread for ten equal monthly instalments, what was the value of each instalment if the marked price was sh. 20000?

- A. Sh. 4200                      B. Sh. 3500  
 C. Sh. 2040                      D. Sh. 1700

40. What is the value of  $\frac{2.3 \times 0.12 \times 1.8}{0.46 \times 7.2 \times 0.03}$  ?

- A. 50                      B. 10  
 C. 5                        D. 2.5

41. The figure below represents a prism.

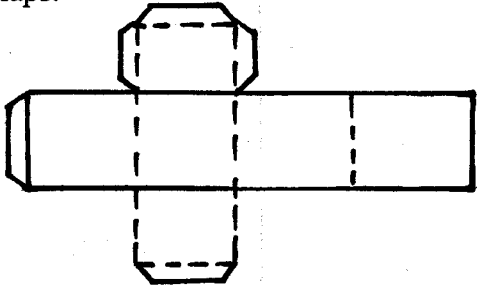


What is the total surface area?

- A.  $792\text{cm}^2$                       B.  $846\text{cm}^2$   
 C.  $900\text{cm}^2$                       D.  $3960\text{cm}^2$

42. The sum of three 2 - digit numbers is divisible by 8. Two of the numbers are 83 and 78. What is the smallest possible sum of the numbers?
- A. 184                      B. 176  
C. 168                      D. 160

43. The figure below shows a net of a solid with flaps.



- If the net is folded, how many edges will the solid have?
- A. 15                      B. 12  
C. 8                        D. 6

44. Karimi arrived in school at 8:25 a.m. He was late by 40 minutes. His sister had arrived 15 minutes before the reporting time. At what time did his sister arrive in school?
- A. 7.30 a.m                      B. 7:45 a.m  
C. 8.05 a.m                      D. 8:40 a.m

45. A cylindrical tank has a diameter of 1.4m and a height of 3.5m. If 231000cm<sup>3</sup> of water is drawn from the tank when it is full, what is the height of the water left in the tank?
- A. 1.5m                      B. 2m  
C. 3.35m                      D. 3.5m

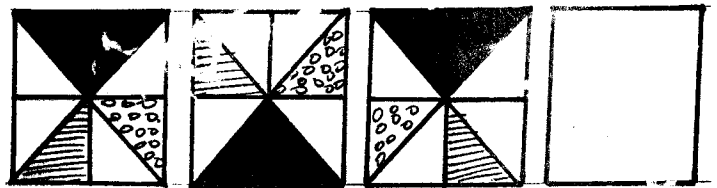
46. A roll of string of length 350m is cut into pieces of 2m and 3m. If there are twice as many pieces of 2m as there are pieces of 3m, how many pieces of 2m are there?
- A. 50                        B. 70  
C. 100                      D. 140

47. Which one of the following is not a property of a rhombus?
- A. It has two pairs of parallel lines  
B. All sides are equal  
C. All interior angles are equal  
D. Diagonals bisect each other at 90°

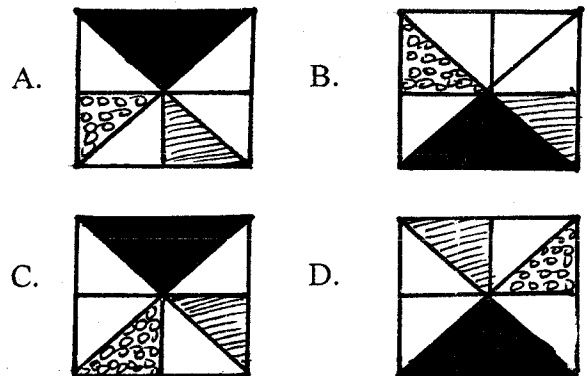
48. The length of a wire making a square of side 11cm is used to form a circle. What is the diameter of the circle? (Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )
- A. 19.25cm                      B. 14cm  
C. 7cm                        D. 6.18cm

49. Air was pumped into a balloon whose surface area was 16cm<sup>2</sup>. If the surface area increased at the rate of 10% per second, what was the surface area of the balloon in 2 seconds?
- A. 18cm<sup>2</sup>                      B. 19.2cm<sup>2</sup>  
C. 19.36cm<sup>2</sup>                      D. 20cm<sup>2</sup>

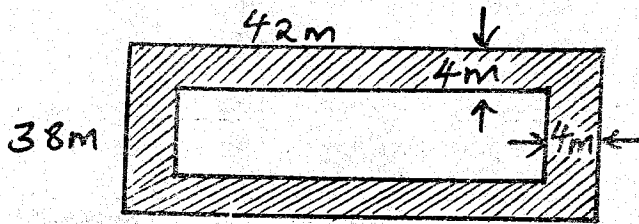
50. The figure below shows a pattern of shapes



Which one of the following shapes below should be drawn in the blank box above to continue with the pattern?



15. The figure below represents an orchard in a rectangular shape. A live fence surrounds the orchard leaving a uniform gap of 4m from the orchard all round.



If the fence measures 42m by 38m, calculate the area of the orchard in Ares.

- A. 1292                      B. 1020  
C. 12.92                     D. 10.2
16. Peter deposited sh. 3000 in a bank which gave a compound interest of 10% p.a. At the end of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  years, he withdrew all his money. How much money did he withdraw?  
A. Sh. 750.00                B. Sh. 811.50  
C. Sh. 3750.00               D. Sh. 3811.50

17. The chart below represents how Kamwana saved his money in different denominations throughout the month.

Denominations	1000	500	200	100	50
No. of notes	8	18	11	15	9

If he changed all the money into fifty-shilling notes, how many notes did he obtain?

- A. 21150                      B. 625  
C. 423                         D. 222
18. What is the value of  $1\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{3}$  of  $(3 - 2\frac{1}{4})$ ?  
A.  $1\frac{1}{4}$                          B.  $2\frac{1}{12}$   
C.  $2\frac{1}{4}$                          D.  $2\frac{17}{24}$
19. A meeting that ended at 5.25 p.m took 6 hours 45 minutes. At what time did the meeting start in 24- hour clock system?  
A. 2240 hours  
B. 1320hours  
C. 1040 hours  
D. 0120 hours

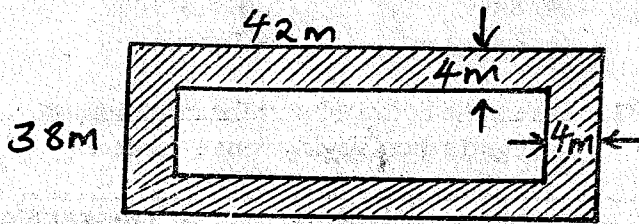
20. The table below represents the bus fares from town A to G.

A.						
50	B					
70	30	C				
100	80	40	D			
130	110	60	50	E		
150	120	80	70	40	F	
180	160	100	90	60	50	G

A bus carried 18 passengers from town G. On the way, six people alighted at town D while seven more passengers boarded the bus at town D upto town A. How much money did the bus conductor collect throughout the journey?

- A. Sh. 2160                    B. Sh. 2700  
C. Sh. 2860                    D. Sh. 3400
21. Hosea bought the following items from a shop:  
*2kg of sugar for sh. 180*  
*1 packet of salt @ sh. 12*  
*1 loaf of bread @ sh. 26*  
 *$\frac{1}{2}$ kg of meat @ sh. 120 per kg*  
What was his bill to be cleared?  
A. Sh. 328                      B. Sh. 318  
C. Sh. 278                      D. Sh. 250
22. Owen sold a shirt for sh. 900 and got a profit of 20%. If he had sold the shirt at the marked price of sh. 1000, what would have been his percentage profit?  
A. 30%                         B.  $31\frac{1}{9}\%$   
C.  $33\frac{1}{3}\%$                       D. 40%
23. What is the value of  $2p - 3qr + m$   
 $rm - qp$   
given that  $p = 5, q = 1, r = 2$  and  $m = 3$ ?  
A. 19                             B. 16  
C. 7                                D. 0
24. Each corner of a rectangular field is marked by three white marks which can be joined to form a triangle. Which of the following sets can be used to form the sides of the triangle?  
A. 1m, 2.4m, 2.6m  
B. 1m, 1.5m, 2m  
C. 1.6m, 2m, 2.5m  
D. 2m, 3.5m, 6m

15. The figure below represents an orchard in a rectangular shape. A live fence surrounds the orchard leaving a uniform gap of 4m from the orchard all round.



If the fence measures 42m by 38m, calculate the area of the orchard in Ares.

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C. 423                      D. 222
18. What is the value of  $1\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{3}$  of  $(3 - 2\frac{1}{4})$ ?  
A.  $1\frac{1}{4}$                       B.  $2\frac{1}{12}$   
C.  $2\frac{1}{4}$                       D.  $2\frac{17}{24}$
19. A meeting that ended at 5.25 p.m took 6 hours 45 minutes. At what time did the meeting start in 24- hour clock system?  
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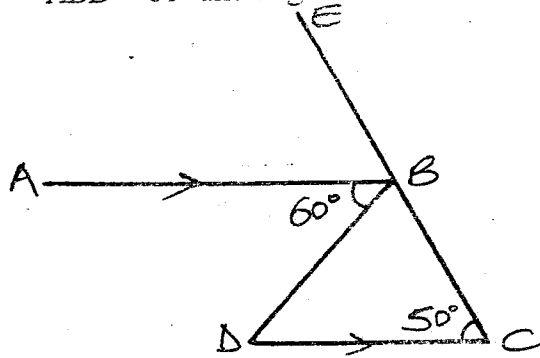
20. The table below represents the bus fares from town A to G.

A.	50	B					
	70	30	C				
	100	80	40	D			
	130	110	60	50	E		
	150	120	80	70	40	F	
	180	160	100	90	60	50	G

A bus carried 18 passengers from town G. On the way, six people alighted at town D while seven more passengers boarded the bus at town D upto town A. How much money did the bus conductor collect throughout the journey?

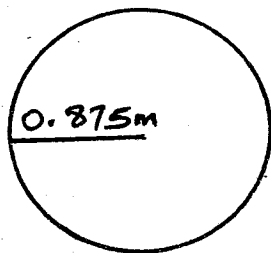
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A. 30%                      B.  $31\frac{1}{9}\%$   
C.  $33\frac{1}{3}\%$                       D. 40%
23. What is the value of  $2p - 3qr + m$   
 $rm - qp$   
given that  $p = 5, q = 1, r = 2$  and  $m = 3$ ?  
A. 19                      B. 16  
C. 7                      D. 0
24. Each corner of a rectangular field is marked by three white marks which can be joined to form a triangle. Which of the following sets can be used to form the sides of the triangle?  
A. 1m, 2.4m, 2.6m  
B. 1m, 1.5m, 2m  
C. 1.6m, 2m, 2.5m  
D. 2m, 3.5m, 6m

25. In the figure shown below, CBE is a straight line. AB and DC are parallel lines. Angle ABD =  $60^\circ$  and angle BCD =  $50^\circ$ .



What is the size of angle CBD?

- A.  $50^\circ$                       B.  $60^\circ$   
 C.  $70^\circ$                       D.  $80^\circ$
26. Ole Sekuda has 22 goats more than sheep and 10 cows more than goats. How many animals does Ole Sekuda have in total if the number of goats is  $x$ ?
- A.  $3x - 12$                       B.  $3x + 32$   
 C.  $3x - 32$                       D.  $3x + 12$
27. A section of a road 18km long is represented on a map by a line of 4.5cm. What is the scale used?
- A. 1:4000                      B. 1:40000  
 C. 1: 400000                      D. 1: 4000000
28. The diagram below represents Kaboso's wheel in motion.



If Kaboso used it over a distance of 11km, how many revolutions did it make?

- A. 200                      B. 3025  
 C. 2000                      D. 5500
29. A dealer sold a shamba for sh. 180000. He gave the owner sh 162000. What was the dealer's percentage commission?
- A. 90%                      B.  $11\frac{1}{9}\%$   
 C. 11%                      D. 10%

30. Bradley did 8 tests in Mathematics and had a mean score of 8.8. In five of the tests, he had a mean score of 9. What was the mean score for the rest of the test?
- A. 8.0                      B. 8.3  
 C. 8.4                      D. 8.95

31. The table below shows the commission charged when buying money orders.

Value of order (Sh)	Ordinary Commission (Sh)	Telegraphic Commission (Sh)
Not exceeding 500	42.00	57.00
1001-3000	114.00	126.00
3001-5000	174.00	183.00
5001- 10000	209.00	217.00
10001-20000	295.00	299.00
2001- 30000	441.00	483.00

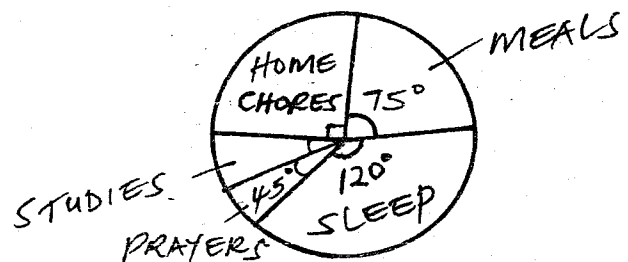
Nyangori sent sh. 8000 to his son in Maseno using ordinary money order. He also sent sh. 16000 to his daughter in Mombasa using telegraphic money order. What was the total commission charged at the post office?

- A. Sh. 209                      B. Sh. 295  
 C. Sh. 504                      D. Sh. 508

32. Construct a triangle ABC in which line AB = 8cm, angle ABC =  $90^\circ$  and BC = 6cm. Join A to C. Bisect angle CAB and let the bisector meet BC at D. What is the size of angle CDA?

- A.  $110^\circ$                       B.  $80^\circ$   
 C.  $53^\circ$                       D.  $37^\circ$

33. The pie chart below represents how Betty spends her time daily.



If Betty spends 3 hours on sleep daily, how long does she study in a week?

- A. 45 minutes  
 B. 5 hours 15 minutes  
 C. 5 hours 45 minutes  
 D. 7 hours 30 minutes





# PRECIOUS KCPE TRIAL STANDARD EIGHT - 2021

006

## SOCIAL STUDIES & C.R.E

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question paper.

### HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET.

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-  
**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**  
**YOUR NAME**  
**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

### Example

25. Which one of the following country was the last to get her independence?

- A. Mozambique
- B. Egypt
- C. Ghana
- D. Zimbabwe

On the answer sheet:

[A] [B] [C] [D]

[A] [B] [C] [D]

[A] [B] [C] [D]

[A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes number 25, the box with letter **D** printed in it is marked.

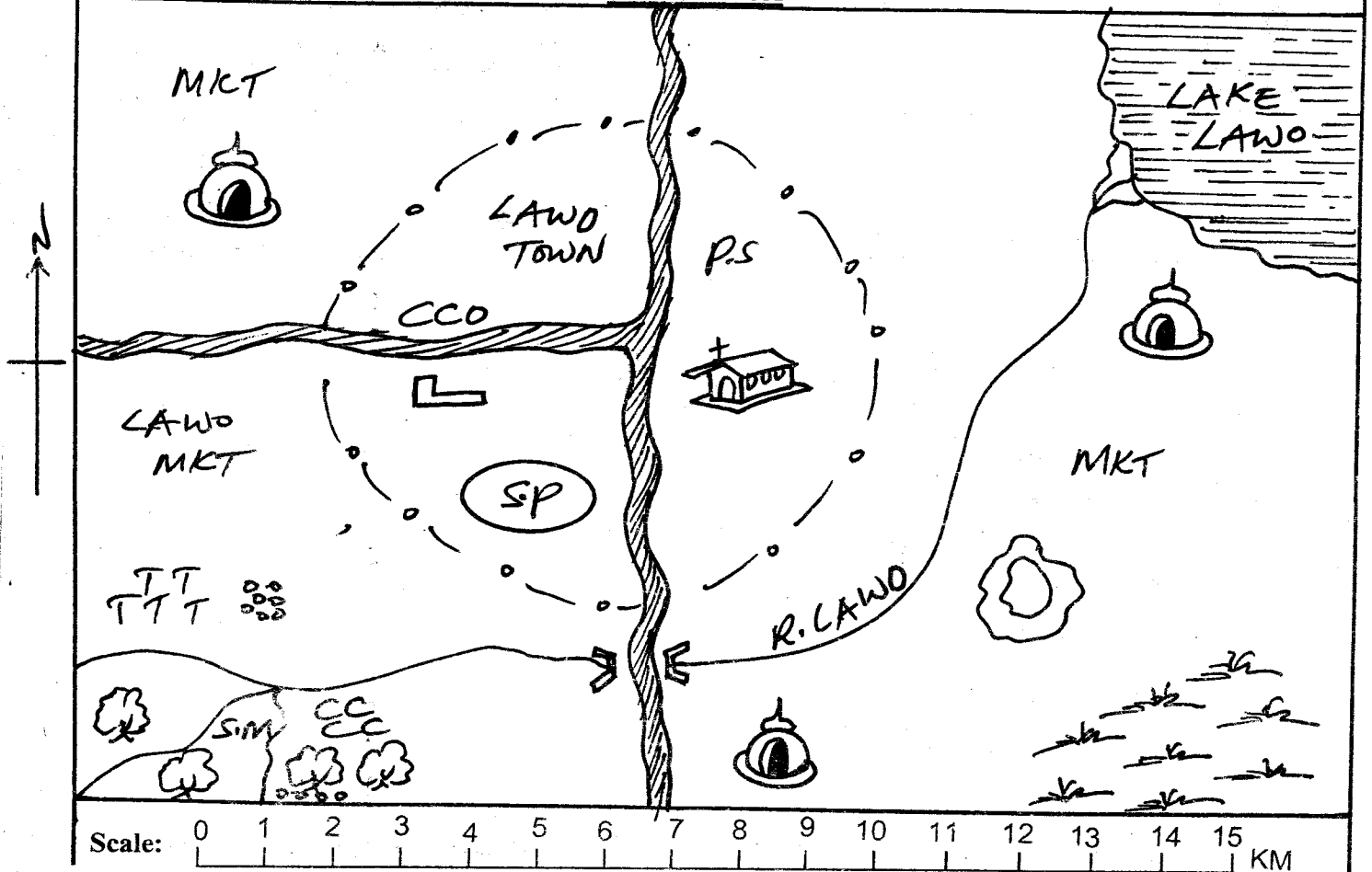
11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This question paper consists of 8 printed pages.

TURN OVER

*Covid 19 is real. Put on your mask properly. Keep social distance, sanitize and wash your hands regularly with running water.*

LAWO AREA



Key

	Tarmac road		School		Church		River		Quarry
	Scrub		Mosque		S.M- Saw Mill		TTT- Tea		CCCC- Coffee
	Swimming pool		MKT- Market						

Study the map of Lawo area and answer questions 1 - 7.

- The land in Lawo area descends towards
  - South West
  - North East
  - South East
  - North West
- Which economic activity is **not** carried out in Lawo area?
  - Fishing
  - Trading
  - Mining
  - Farming
- There is security problem in Lawo town, a meeting is convened to address the issue, who will chair the meeting?
  - The Area Chief
  - A church Elder
  - The Police Commandant
  - The County Commissioner
- The dominant religion in Lawo town is
  - Islamic
  - Hinduism
  - Christianity
  - Traditional religion
- The **main** factor influencing climate in the South Western part of Lawo area is
  - distance from a large water body
  - altitude
  - wind
  - latitude
- Which type of soil can be found towards the mouth of R. Lawo?
  - Young soil
  - Red earth soil
  - Black cotton soil
  - Loam soil

35. Below are functions of a town in Kenya:  
 i) *It is a sea-port*  
 ii) *It has a container depot*  
 iii) *It is the headquarters of Kenya Navy*  
 iv) *It is a cultural centre*  
 The town whose functions are listed above is  
 A. Kisumu                      B. Thika  
 C. Nairobi                      D. Mombasa

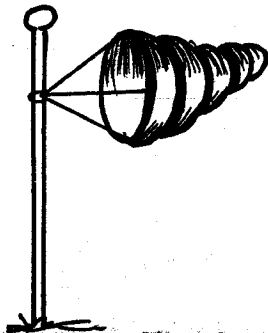
36. Below are benefits of trade. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Earns foreign exchange  
 B. Creates employment  
 C. Production of similar goods  
 D. Promotes good relations

37. Teenage pregnancy among the youths was seen to be on the rise during the corona pandemic period. What could have been the main cause of this?  
 A. Poor parenting  
 B. Interaction with social media  
 C. Children had a lot of free time  
 D. Failure to use condoms

38. Below are some uses of minerals  
 i) *Used as a medium of exchange*  
 ii) *Coating other metals*  
 iii) *Making heat insulators*  
 iv) *Making artificial teeth*  
 v) *Making copper wires*  
 Which one of the following combinations of uses listed above is for gold?  
 A. (ii) and (iv)                      B. (i) and (iv)  
 C. (i) and (iii)                      D. (ii) and (iii)

39. The Kenyan government is promoting tourism industry **mainly** because tourism  
 A. leads to development of local industries  
 B. leads to development of infrastructure  
 C. creates employment for its citizens.  
 D. earns the country foreign exchange

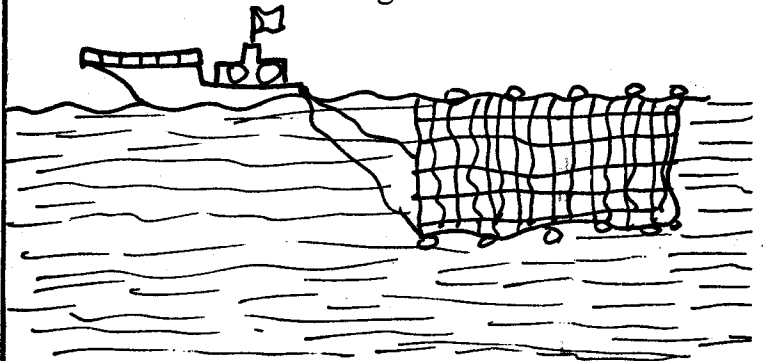
40. Which statement is true about the weather instrument shown below?



- A. It measures two elements of weather  
 B. It is a traditional way of observing weather  
 C. It is used to measure atmospheric pressure  
 D. It tells us the speed of wind

41. The following are reasons why radio is the most commonly used form of mass media communication. Which one is not?  
 A. Most people have it  
 B. It is relatively cheap  
 C. It has an audio - visual property  
 D. It uses many local languages
42. Presence of many agricultural raw materials in Kenya has led to the establishment of  
 A. manufacturing industries  
 B. processing industries  
 C. petroleum refining industries  
 D. vehicle assembly industries
43. Which one of the following UN- Agencies supports education of the less fortunate children?  
 A. UNDP                                      B. UNEP  
 C. UNICEF                                      D. UNHCR
44. How was collective responsibility **mainly** demonstrated during this corona pandemic?  
 A. Observing curfew laws  
 B. Attending funerals of covid- 19 victims  
 C. Violating ministry of health protocols  
 D. Donating items required to fight the pandemic
45. The government is encouraging the conservation of wildlife in the following ways except  
 A. trading in wildlife trophies  
 B. protecting endangered species  
 C. establishing game parks  
 D. educating people on importance of wildlife

46. The method of fishing shown below is



- A. long lining                                      B. trawling  
 C. purse seining                                      D. net - drifting

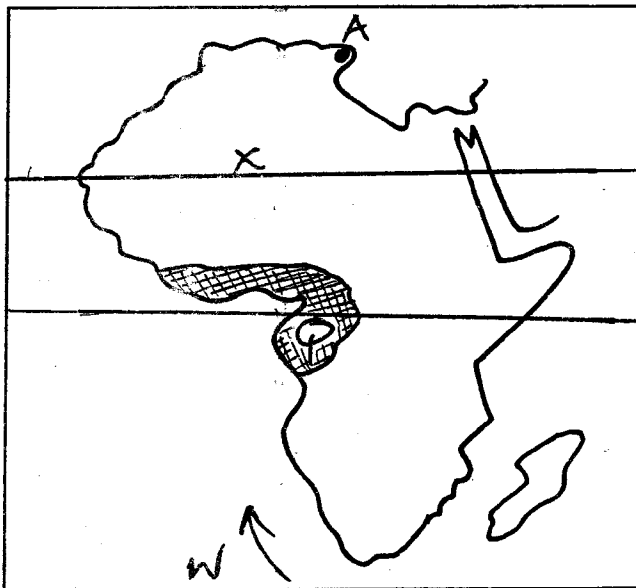
47. Which one of the following is **NOT** an effect of rural- urban migration on urban areas?  
 A. Unemployment  
 B. High crime rate  
 C. Shortage of labour  
 D. Strain on social amenities

48. The Fulani of Nigeria practise transhumance **mainly** to
- look for land for growing drought resistance crops
  - move away from tse tse fly infested areas
  - look for water and pasture for their animals
  - avoid grazing conflicts with other communities.
49. Which one of the following is a measure taken to cater for people with special needs in communication?
- Introduction of sign language in schools
  - Giving white walking sticks to the visually impaired
  - Provision of wheel chairs
  - Provision of ramps
50. The following are functions of national security organs in Kenya.
- Protect the country from external attack
  - Enforce traffic acts
  - Investigating crime
  - Building roads
  - Arresting criminals
- Which one of the following combinations of functions is performed by the National Police Service?
- (ii), (iii) and (iv)
  - (i), (ii) and (iii)
  - (iii), (iv) and (v)
  - (ii), (iii) and (v)
51. Which one of the following is **not** a way in which the second world war contributed to the struggle for independence in Kenya?
- Africans learnt that even Europeans were human
  - Africans learnt that Europeans could give them peaceful independence
  - Africans learnt how to make and use weapons
  - Africans got encouragement from friends to fight for independence.
52. Which one of the following factors is common about the government of Kenya and Swaziland?
- Both countries are headed by a king
  - Both parliaments have two houses
  - Leadership is hereditary in both countries
  - The President is elected after every 5 years in both countries
53. Below is a description of a trading bloc in Africa:
- Formed to promote trade
  - Tanzania is not its member
  - It is affected by lack of a common currency
- The regional organisation described above is
- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. SADC   | B. ECOWAS |
| C. COMESA | D. E.A.C  |
54. The Kenya coat of arms appears in three of the following. Which one is not?
- Private stationery
  - Academic certificates
  - National assembly
  - Kenyan currency
55. Implementation of the law and policies of the government is the work of
- the Executive
  - the Judiciary
  - The National Assembly
  - The Senate
56. The chief administrator of the Judiciary is the
- Chief Justice
  - Attorney General
  - Registrar of the Judiciary
  - Solicitor General
57. The following changes in the constitution made Kenya a republic. Which one did not?
- Abolition of the post of a governor
  - Formation of coalition government**
  - Creating a strong central government
  - ~~Abolition of regional governments~~
58. Which one of the following is a capital government expenditure?
- Purchasing government vehicles
  - Fueling vehicles
  - Paying salaries
  - Education requirements
59. Which method of conflict resolution was used in Kenya during the 2007 post election violence?
- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| A. Negotiation | B. Litigation |
| C. Mediation   | D. Dialogue   |
60. The constitution of Kenya is important **mainly** because
- it contains the National budget
  - it shows the distribution of national resources
  - it contains parliamentary proceedings
  - it contains the rules that govern the country

7. Which of the following statements is **true** about Lawo area?  
 A. The main settlement patterns are linear and dense  
 B. Lawo town is a recreational centre  
 C. The South Eastern part of Lawo area is cool and wet  
 D. Lawo town started mainly due to agricultural activities.
8. Which one of the following is **not** a role of a child in a family?  
 A. Helping in household chores  
 B. Obeying and respecting parents  
 C. Loving parents  
 D. Provision of family needs
9. Which one of the following African communities is **correctly** matched with its language group?  
 A. Gumuz - Cushites  
 B. Ha - Nilotes  
 C. Igbo - Kwa speakers  
 D. Gabbra - Bantus
10. Which one of the following statements is **true** about archeology according to the evolution theory?  
 A. Archeology refers to human remains  
 B. It is the period when man used stones to make tools  
 C. Archeology is the study of fossils  
 D. It is the gradual change of man from simple to complex form
11. Which one of the following explains why when it is daytime in Kenya, it is night time in USA?  
 A. USA is very far from Kenya.  
 B. The earth rotates faster in Kenya than in USA  
 C. The sun is closer to Kenya than in USA  
 D. Kenya and USA are in different longitudes
12. Which one of the following African rivers does not drain into the Atlantic ocean?  
 A. R. Gambia                      B. R. Limpopo  
 C. R. Senegal                      D. R. Orange
13. Which one of the following is **NOT** a role of the community in school development?  
 A. Providing jobs for members of the society  
 B. Offering spiritual guidance and learning resources  
 C. Donating land for expansion of the school  
 D. Supporting physical development of the school.
14. Which one of the following is a characteristic of settler farming?  
 A. Farming was majorly **small scale**  
 B. Farming was highly mechanised  
 C. Farming was for subsistence  
 D. It was done on African Native Reserves
15. The following are roles of a deputy headteacher in a school except  
 A. incharge of discipline  
 B. takes minutes during staff meetings  
 C. is the chief accounting officer  
 D. making school time tables
16. Which one of the following statements is **true** about the Akamba during the pre-colonial period?  
 A. They were ruled by kings  
 B. They moved from place to place to search for pasture  
 C. The Akamba were happy about the coming of the Europeans  
 D. They were long distance traders
17. Who among the following visitors was incharge of the Imperial German East African company?  
 A. Seyyid Said  
 B. Cecil Rhodes  
 C. William Mackinon  
 D. Carl Peters
18. The following are problems facing inland fishing in Kenya and Tanzania except  
 A. ~~poor fishing methods~~  
 B. pollution  
 C. adequate capital  
 D. fish poaching
19. Which of the following countries borders Kenya to the North West?  
 A. South Sudan                      B. Somalia  
 C. Sudan                              D. Ethiopia
20. Which one of the following African towns is a diplomatic centre?  
 A. Kampala                              B. Kisumu  
 C. Lagos                                D. Arusha
21. The following are importances of good citizenship. Which one is not?  
 A. Promotes national development  
 B. Promotes corruption in the country  
 C. Promotes national security  
 D. Promotes justice to all members

22. Which one of the following fundamental rights of individuals supersedes all the other rights?
- Right to life
  - Right to education
  - Right to fair trial
  - Right to privacy
23. Who among the following conducts religious marriages in Kenya?
- The Attorney General
  - The Magistrate
  - The clan elder
  - The clergy

Use the map of Africa below to answer question 24- 27



24. The climate at the region marked Q favours the growth of
- tropical rain forests
  - mangrove trees
  - umbrella shaped baobab trees
  - conifers trees
25. The town marked A is
- Algeria
  - Tunis
  - Tripoli
  - Cairo
26. The sun is overhead the tropic marked X in the month of
- September
  - March
  - June
  - December
27. What is the effect of the ocean current marked W? It
- causes gulley erosion
  - causes seasonal floods
  - causes increased fish production
  - causes dry conditions inland

28. Below are statements about a prominent traditional leader in Kenya.
- Was a brave military leader
  - Was a prophetess
  - Was deported to Kisii
  - Resisted the colonialists
- The leader described above is
- Koitalel Arap Samoei
  - Laibon Lenana
  - Mekatilili wa Menza
  - Masaku
29. The best way to control mortality rate in Kenya is by
- improving family planning
  - improving access to better health care
  - developing a national population policy
  - advising the youths against sexual immorality
30. Below are some conditions that favour the growth of a crop.
- High temperatures of about  $24^{\circ}\text{C} - 28^{\circ}\text{C}$
  - Low altitude
  - Well drained soil
  - High humidity
- The conditions described above favour the growth of
- cocoa
  - tea
  - pyrethrum
  - sugarcane
31. The best way to control the spread of Covid-19 is by
- observing the ministry of health protocols
  - observing lock down rules
  - giving covid- 19 regular updates
  - giving home based care to covid 19 patients
32. Favouring relatives and family members is termed as
- discrimination
  - ethnicity
  - nepotism
  - tribalism
33. Which one of the following was the main reason for the forming of early political associations in Kenya?
- To fight the negative effects of colonial rule
  - To fight for the release of Jomo Kenyatta
  - To fight for constitutional reforms
  - To fight for return of African land
34. The following are methods of poultry farming. Which one is not?
- Deep litter system
  - Paddocking
  - Free range
  - Battery system.

**SECTION B**  
**CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. "That is why a man leaves his father and mother and is united to his wife and they become one," (Genesis 2:24) From this statement, Christians learn that
- God instructed men to abandon their wives
  - God wanted marriage to be for procreation only
  - God intended marriage to be permanent
  - God loves men more than women
62. "Take into the boat with you a male and a female of every kind of animal...." (Genesis 6: 19) Which one of the following explains why God instructed Noah to do this ....?
- To get enough food during the floods
  - To get the company from the animals.
  - Animals were to be used to offer a sacrifice to God.
  - For continuity of life after the floods.
63. Which one of the following statements is true about Abraham?
- His father Terah died at a tender age.
  - Nahor and Haran were his brothers
  - He only had one wife
  - He sacrificed his son Isaac.
64. Who among the following were the sons of Leah and Jacob?
- Levi and Juda
  - Dan and Naphtali
  - Benjamin and Joseph
  - Gad and Asher
65. Which one of the following commandments was broken by both king David and King Ahab?
- Observe the sabbath day and keep it holy
  - Honour your father and mother
  - Worship no other God but me
  - Do not covet
66. Which one of the following statements is true about the kings of Israel?
- Zaddock, the high priest, witnessed the anointing of Solomon
  - King David built the temple for God
  - King Saul obeyed God's command throughout his rule
  - Samuel annointed all the first three kings of Israel
67. From the incident when God chose to use Gideon to rescue the Israelites from the hands of the Midianites, Christians learn that
- God likes to use wheat farmers
  - Strong army and weapons lead to victory
  - Victory is not based on physical strength and wealth
  - God sympathises with poor people.
68. Who among the following prophets talked about the unfaithful Israelites?
- Isaiah
  - Amos
  - Hosea
  - Jeremiah
69. The New covenant according to Jeremiah
- would be written in people's hearts
  - was to be like the old covenant
  - would be written on stone tablets
  - people would teach each other how to know God.
70. The birth of John the baptist and Jesus were similar in that:
- both their parents were young
  - they were announced by the same angel
  - both parents were barren
  - both parents were virgins
71. Which of the following events happened when the shepherds visited baby Jesus?
- They did not find Mary and Joseph
  - The angels went with them to Bethlehem
  - They saw the baby lying on the manger
  - They kept the secrets of the angels
72. Which one of the following statements is true about the life and ministry of Jesus?
- Jesus attended the passover festival on the 8th day
  - Jesus was named and circumcised when He was 12 years
  - Simeon died before seeing the Lord's promised Messiah
  - Simeon and Anna were present during His dedication
73. John the baptist prepared the way for the Messiah mainly by
- baptising people with the Holy Spirit and fire
  - making stones descendants of Abraham
  - preaching about repentance
  - eating locusts and honey
74. I tell you, I have never found faith like this, not even in Israel. (Luke 7:9) Jesus said these words to
- the Roman Army officer
  - the crowd following him
  - the sick servant
  - the poor widow
75. Which one of the following parables teaches us that the kingdom of God is for those who are ready?
- The sower
  - The talents
  - The great banquet
  - The prodigal son

76. Which one of the following events took place during the transfiguration of Jesus?  
 A. Two men appeared in heavenly glory  
 B. Jesus went to the temple to pray  
 C. Peter and his company were awake  
 D. The disciples told everyone what happened
77. According to the beatitudes, the kingdom of God belongs to  
 A. the poor in spirit and the peace makers  
 B. those who work for peace and the pure in heart  
 C. those who desire to do what God requires and the poor in spirit  
 D. those who are persecuted for doing what God requires and the poor in spirit.
78. When Jesus died on the cross, the following events took place except  
 A. darkness covered the whole country  
 B. the curtain in the temple was torn into two  
 C. Jesus prayed for his persecutors  
 D. the rooster crowed
79. After the resurrection of Jesus, He appeared to His disciples. The disciples gave him \_\_\_\_\_ to eat.  
 A. bread  
 B. cheap wine  
 C. a piece of cooked fish  
 D. bone soup
80. Who among the following was among those who were proposed to replace Judas ?  
 A. Barnabas                      B. Barsabbas  
 C. Barabbas                      D. Bartimeaus
81. It is true to say that during the pentecost  
 A. The Holy Spirit rested on them in form of tongues of fire  
 B. the disciples received the Holy Spirit through laying of hands  
 C. the believers were drunk  
 D. the believers waited for the Holy Spirit in Capernaum
82. "In the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth, rise up and walk" (Acts 3:6). Who said these words?  
 A. John  
 B. Peter  
 C. Lame man  
 D. People at the temple
83. Believers in the early church shared possessions to show  
 A. fame                              B. might  
 C. unity                              D. status
84. Which one was the **main** condition considered for choosing the seven helpers in the early church?  
 A. Must be full of Holy Spirit and wisdom  
 B. Must be popular and strong  
 C. Must have proper accounting knowledge  
 D. Must be holy and blameless before God.
85. The dead in traditional African society were buried with belongings **mainly** to show that  
 A. they were rich and wealthy  
 B. they are appreciated  
 C. belongings are part of life  
 D. there is life after death
86. Which one of the following practices in traditional African practices is compatible with Christianity?  
 A. Tattooing the body  
 B. Animal sacrifices  
 C. Worshiping in sacred places  
 D. Belief in the Holy trinity
87. Mary washes clothes for the old women in her village during her leisure time. The fruit of the Holy Spirit she demonstrates is  
 A. holiness                      B. kindness  
 C. humility                      D. goodness
88. Your friend tells you that she has several sexual partners. What advice can you give her?  
 A. Tell her the dangers of promiscuity  
 B. Appreciate her efforts and advice her to keep it up  
 C. Tell her to share to those who have none  
 D. Tell everybody about it
89. Which one of the following is not a reason why Christians work?  
 A. To punish lazy people  
 B. To help the needy  
 C. To create wealth  
 D. To eradicate poverty
90. Missionaries in Kenya fulfilled Christs great commission by  
 A. translating the bible  
 B. evangelising  
 C. building schools  
 D. building hospitals





# PRECIOUS KCPE TRIAL STANDARD EIGHT - 2021

006

## ENGLISH: LANGUAGE

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

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2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question paper.

#### HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET.

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-  
**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**  
**YOUR NAME**  
**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

#### Example

22. No sooner had Wambui fallen asleep than the baby began screaming

- A. The baby screamed when Wambui fell asleep.
- B. Wambui fell asleep and the baby screamed.
- C. The baby began screaming as soon as Wambui fell asleep.
- D. Wambui had not really fallen asleep when the baby screamed.

The correct answer is C

On the answer sheet:

21. [A] [B] [C] [D]    22. [A] [B] [~~C~~] [D]    23. [A] [B] [C] [D]    24. [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes number 22, the box with letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes

This question paper consists of 8 printed pages.

**TURN OVER**

*Covid 19 is real. Put on your mask properly. Keep social distance, sanitize and wash your hands regularly with running water.*

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 - 15. For each blank space, choose the best answer from the choices given.

During the \_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_ annual verse speaking \_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_, I was representing my school \_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_ the zonal level. Competitors from the schools \_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_ the zone had \_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_ at the local social hall armed \_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_ teeth ready to prove their \_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_ mastery.

As we lined up heading \_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_ the \_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_ desk, I felt beads of sweat \_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_ down my entire body as it was my first time to \_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_ in such an event. As if to confirm my nervousness, I was to be the first to \_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_ my verse in my class. I tried all ways and means to gather my courage \_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_ the odds.

Nevertheless, when I was called upon to take the floor, I \_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_ marched to the platform, bowed to the audience and set the ball rolling. When I was through, the thunderous \_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_ assured me in the next level.

- |     | A.           | B.           | C.            | D.         |
|-----|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| 1.  | next         | present      | last          | future     |
| 2.  | contest      | context      | test          | race       |
| 3.  | on           | in           | at            | by         |
| 4.  | all over     | around       | besides       | all around |
| 5.  | submerged    | converged    | collected     | cornered   |
| 6.  | by           | over         | with          | to         |
| 7.  | elocution    | eloquence    | eloquent      | elocutive  |
| 8.  | to           | at           | for           | by         |
| 9.  | vet          | betting      | bet           | vetting    |
| 10. | stream       | drop         | drip          | roll       |
| 11. | precipitate  | participate  | participation | palpate    |
| 12. | recite       | presence     | analyse       | present    |
| 13. | despite      | inspite      | unless        | despite of |
| 14. | meticulously | majestically | steathily     | timidly    |
| 15. | praise       | applaud      | applause      | cheers     |

**For questions 16 - 17, choose the alternative that correctly completes the given sentences.**

16. That \_\_\_\_\_ girl got the best results in our class.  
A. short, black, young  
B. black, young, short  
C. young, short, black  
D. short, young, black
17. Nobody likes this \_\_\_\_\_ woman.  
A. old, thin, quarrelsome  
B. thin, quarrelsome, old  
C. quarrelsome, old, thin  
D. old, quarrelsome, thin

**For questions 18- 19, choose the word that completes the given series**

18. Attend- attentive, attract- attractive, admire-  
A. admiration                      B. admirable  
C. admiralty                        D. admirably
19. Combine- combination, appear- appearance, choose-  
A. choice                              B. chosen  
C. chooser                             D. choosable

**For questions 20 and 21, choose the correct answer.**

20. The following are symptoms of a given disease.  
fever, dry cough, tiredness and sore throat.  
Which disease is it?  
A. leukemia                          B. measles  
C. malaria                             D. COVID- 19
21. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a job that needs special skills and qualification.  
A. proffesion                        B. profession  
C. proffession                        D. profesion

**For questions 22 and 23, choose the alternative that best completes the blank space.**

22. They couldn't do their homework last night, could they? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Yes, they did  
B. No, they could  
C. Yes, they couldn't  
D. No, they couldn't
23. Please open the windows, will you? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. No, I won't  
B. Yes, I will  
C. Yes, I won't  
D. No, I will

**For questions 24 and 25, choose the alternative that means the same as the given sentence.**

24. It started raining immediately after we arrived at the church.  
A. As soon as we arrived at the church then it started raining.  
B. No sooner has we arrived at the church when it started raining  
C. Hardly had we arrived at the church when it started raining.  
D. Scarcely had we arrived at the church than it started raining.
25. We hardly visit our grandparents during the holidays.  
A. We never visit our grandparents during the holidays.  
B. We regularly visit our grandparents during the holidays  
C. We always visit our grandparents during the holidays  
D. We occasionally visit our grandparents during the holidays.

**Read the following passage and then answer questions 26 - 38**

One day, Kaka Sungura, the hare, sat on the bank of a river wondering how he could possibly get across the deep, fast moving water. Fortunately, as he sat contemplating, a herd of elephants came along. He approached them and asked "Where are you great gentlemen going today?"

The largest elephant came forth and replied, "We are going to take this gift of honey to my father-in-law, who lives across the river." He proudly held up the leather bag of honey that he was carrying.

"Would you please give your poor little friend a ride across the river?" asked the hare, shyly.

"Gladly," said the elephant, giving him the bag of honey to hold and lifting him up with his trunk on his back.

They started crossing the dangerous river. Meanwhile, the hare decided that it was an **opportunity** he could not afford to miss, so he drank all the honey. Unfortunately, some of it fell from his long whiskers onto the elephant's broad back.

"What is that I feel dropping on my back?" the elephant asked as they approached the other side of the river.

"The tears of your poor little friend," replied the hare. "I am crying because I am so grateful to you for your help."

As they reached the other side of the river, the hare asked the elephant to pass him a few stones, which he said he wanted to throw at the noisy birds in a nearby tree. The hare put the stones into the honey bag, returned it to its owner and asked to be lowered into the ground.

When he was safely down, he ran away and hid in a nearby hole in the ground. Meanwhile, the elephant soon discovered the trick and ran after him. The great elephant put his trunk down the hole and seized the hare by a leg. The hare laughed loudly and called out: "You've got hold at a foot! You've got hold of a root!"

The elephant immediately let go and felt around in the hole until his trunk found a strong big root. "Oh!" cried the hare.

"You're breaking my leg!" he screamed as loud as he could. The angry elephant pulled very hard and soon he fell back. Then the hare ran out of the hole and escaped into the bush where some baboons were living.

The elephant chased the hare again. As he approached, the hare begged the baboons not to say where he was, and they agreed. "Have you seen the hare who stole my honey?" asked the elephant when he came up to the baboons.

"Oh, yes," they replied, "and we know where he is hiding." "Do tell me then," the elephant implored, "I beg you, tell me."

"We will, we will," they shouted from the trees. "But we expect you to give us something in return."

"Say what it is and I'll give it to you," said the elephant. "What we ask is that you give us this small cupful of your blood," they said as one of them held a small cup for him to see.

"Oh, that's a simple thing," the elephant replied. "Here, make a hole in my skin and draw your cup of blood. Then tell me where the hare is hiding."

The baboons made a hole in the elephant's thick skin and let the blood run into the cup. A few seconds elapsed and the elephant turned and looked to see if it was full but it was not. He started losing his patience. When they realised this, the baboons said to him, "is a great animal like you troubled about a small drop of blood?"

"Oh, no! not at all," said the elephant, reluctant to admit that it was painful lest they thought him weak. "Fill the cup," he said as he turned away.

However, the elephant did not know that the cup had a hole in the bottom. In a little while, the elephant collapsed and died from loss of blood. The hare came out of the place where he was hiding, grinning from ear to ear as he was now safe and sound.

26. The elephant said he was going to cross the river
- A. if he could be helped to carry the bag of honey
  - B. to take a gift to his father-in-law
  - C. to give the hare a ride
  - D. because it was a deep and fast
27. It is true to say that while crossing the river
- A. the hare missed the opportunity of eating the honey
  - B. the hare cried because he was grateful
  - C. some honey fell on the elephant
  - D. the hare dropped the bag of honey

28. It is true to say that the hare asked for some stones
- A. and threw them at the birds
  - B. instead of honey
  - C. to throw at the elephant
  - D. and put them into the honey bag
29. The statement... "*the elephant soon discovered the trick and ran after him.....*" means that
- A. the elephant chased him away
  - B. the elephant took to his heels
  - C. the elephant pursued him
  - D. the elephant looked for him

30. When the elephant first put his trunk down the hole  
 A. he broke the hare's leg  
 B. he got hold of a root  
 C. he seized the hare's leg  
 D. he broke a root
31. When the baboons shouted, "we will, we will" from the trees, they  
 A. should have actually shouted, "we shall, we shall."  
 B. wanted to convince the elephant beyond any reasonable doubt  
 C. were certainly willing to help the elephant  
 D. were being mischievous
32. The elephant was expected to give something in return. This is to say that he was supposed to  
 A. give back what was to be given  
 B. revenge  
 C. be generous  
 D. reciprocate
33. "In a little while the elephant collapsed and died...." This means that the elephant  
 A. died within no time  
 B. died briefly  
 C. died while bleeding  
 D. died after a short duration
34. Which of the following best describes the elephant's death?  
 A. He died as a hero  
 B. He died a natural death  
 C. He died due to ignorance  
 D. It was a sacrificial death
35. Why was the elephant unwilling to admit the pain he was going through during his encounter with the baboons?  
 A. He was really strong and never felt any pain  
 B. He did not want to be thought of as being weak.  
 C. He knew that the baboons were fooling him  
 D. He wanted to satisfy the baboons' anger.
36. The cup that the baboons used did not get filled with blood because  
 A. it was extremely big  
 B. it had a hole at the bottom  
 C. the baboons were drinking the blood  
 D. the blood flowed out slowly
37. What lesson can best be learnt from this story?  
 A. Brain is better than brawl  
 B. Ignorance has no defence  
 C. Dishonesty does not pay  
 D. It is better to be slow but sure.
38. The best title for this passage would be  
 A. The mischievous baboons  
 B. The elephant's honey bag  
 C. Hare's ride across the dangerous river  
 D. The tricky hare and the elephant

**Read the following passage and then answer questions 39- 50**

Progressive Kenyans must by now have realised that something should be done-and urgently so - to address the current youth unemployment. If you ask me, this realisation could not have come at a better time, could it?

We are sitting on a time bomb and soon, the country may pay dearly. Agriculture as an industry, is capable of absorbing the large youth population both directly and indirectly.

The country's population is growing at an unprecedented rate yet we bury our heads in the sand like the proverbial ostrich. How can we explain the situation where politicians can mobilise the youth any day of the week and they immediately make themselves available in large numbers? This worrying scenario should jolt any progressive society into immediate action. Indeed, **it is high time we woke up and smelled the coffee.**

One of the possible solutions to this problem would be to make Agriculture a compulsory subject in both primary and secondary schools. How can a country that is heavily dependent on agriculture ignore so important a subject and yet celebrate others such as Kiswahili and English? We know that even our national flag embodies Agriculture yet we haven't placed this all important subject in its rightful place, why?

The current massive rural-urban migration can easily be mitigated when the youth appreciate that agriculture is central to wealth creation. My mother used to say, "Wealth resides in the soil." If you believe (as I do) that, this remark holds some water then no one should despise farming. The claim that farming is not cool must, therefore, be taken for what it is -a plain lie. Hasn't agriculture and its related chain fed generations in the world over?

Thomas Jefferson, a founding father of America, once said: "Agriculture is the wisest pursuit, because it will in the end contribute most to real wealth, good morals and happiness."

(Adapted from David Sonye's *Setter in the 'Readers' Dialogue': The Standard, June 9, 2016*)

39. In paragraph one, the writer says the current problem of youth unemployment
- should be written about and read extensively.
  - may have been realised by progressive Kenyans.
  - ought to be dealt with as a matter of urgency.
  - should be addressed in a very casual manner.
40. The expression 'could not have come at a better time' means that this realisation
- has come at the best of times.
  - could not have come at a good time.
  - has come at a very bad time.
  - is not a very important one.
41. What, according to the writer, is likely to happen if the problem of youth unemployment is not addressed urgently?
- Our country will pay a lot of money on agricultural imports.
  - This problem will result in serious negative effects.
  - A very powerful bomb will explode in our country.
  - Agriculture will absorb the many unemployed youth.
42. The fact that politicians are able to mobilise large numbers of youths at short notice is used to show that
- our population growth has reached an all time high.
  - it is very easy to organise our youths
  - our progressive society has been jolted into immediate action.
  - our youths are burying their heads in the sand like an ostrich.
43. Which of the following words can best describe the writer's attitude towards agriculture?
- Diligent
  - Admirable
  - Indifferent
  - Passionate
44. "It is high time we woke up and smelled the coffee." What does this expression mean as used in the passage?
- We should make beverages such as coffee from agricultural products.
  - We ought to regard agriculture as a very important subject.
  - We should become aware of the possible negative effects of high population growth.
  - We have to improve our sense of smell if we are to survive.
45. We can tell that this writer is of the opinion that
- Agriculture is just as important as English or Kiswahili.
  - Agriculture is even more important than English or Kiswahili.
  - English and Kiswahili should not be celebrated and neither should Agriculture
  - Agriculture has already been put in its rightful place.
46. The word 'ignore' has been underlined in the passage. Which of these words can best replace it?
- Despise
  - Reject
  - Disregard
  - Assume
47. Why do you think the writer quotes what his mother used to say?
- He wants to make us believe that it is very true.
  - He wants us to learn some of the sayings in their region.
  - He obviously regarded his mother as a very wise woman.
  - He believes it carries an important message for all of us.
48. The writer believes that the current massive rural-urban migration can be addressed when the youth
- start studying Agriculture as a compulsory subject.
  - hardly regard Agriculture as central to wealth creation.
  - realise that agriculture is key to wealth creation.
  - begin to resist being misused by bad politicians.
49. We can tell that Thomas Jefferson was
- among the most infamous American leaders and farmers.
  - the only founding father of America.
  - the person who found America after it had got lost.
  - a very prominent American citizen who valued farming.
50. Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?
- Youth unemployment, a ticking time bomb
  - Make Agriculture a compulsory subject
  - The greatest lie ever told
  - Agriculture can address unemployment



# PRECIOUS KCPE TRIAL STANDARD EIGHT - 2021

006

## SCIENCE

Time: 1 hour 40 Mins

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question paper.

### HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET.

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-  
**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**  
**YOUR NAME**  
**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

### Example

36. Cirrhosis is a disease of the liver which is commonly caused by excessive \_\_\_\_\_

- A. smoking of tobacco
- B. chewing of miraa
- C. drinking of beer.
- D. inhaling of cobbler's glue

The correct answer is C (drinking of beer)

On the answer sheet:

[A] [B] [C] [D]

[A] [B] [C] [D]

[A] [B] [C] [D]

[A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes number 36, the box with letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This question paper consists of 6 printed pages.

TURN OVER

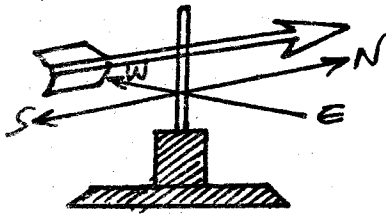
*Covid 19 is real. Put on your mask properly. Keep social distance, sanitize and wash your hands regularly with running water.*

12. Which of the following methods of food preservation work under similar mechanism?  
 A. Salting and canning  
 B. Use of ash and drying  
 C. Drying and refrigeration  
 D. Use of honey and smoking

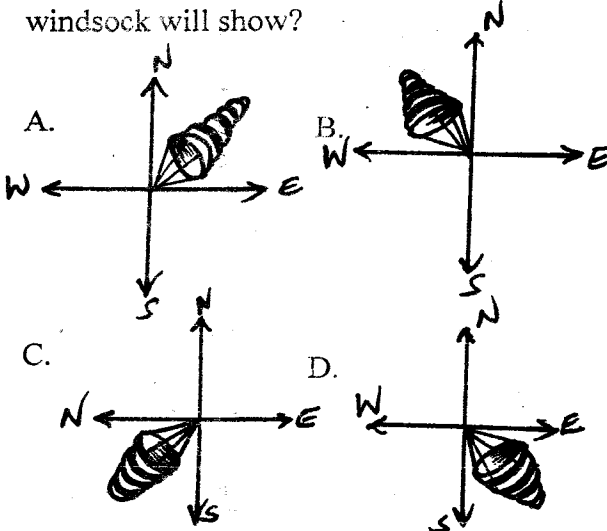
13. Which one of the following is the correct flow of blood within the heart chambers?  
 A. Right ventricle → left ventricle → right auricle → left auricle  
 B. Left ventricle → left auricle → right auricle → right ventricle  
 C. Right auricle → right ventricle → left auricle → left ventricle  
 D. Left auricle → right ventricle → left ventricle → right auricle

14. Which one of the following is NOT an example of a carnivorous plant?  
 A. Butterwort                      B. Cobra lily  
 C. Bladder wort                    D. Liverwort

15. The diagram below shows the direction in which the wind is blowing using a windvane.



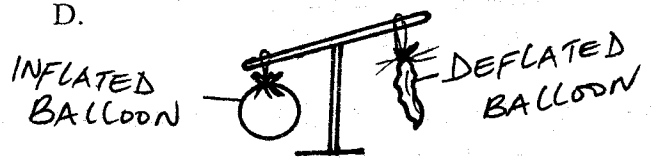
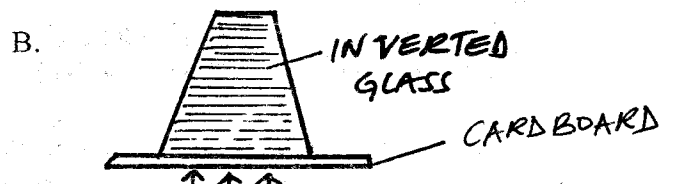
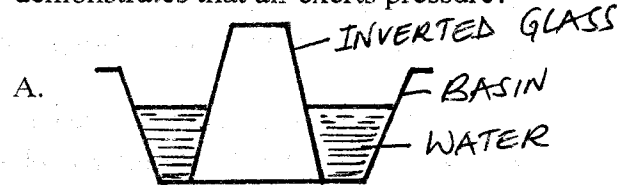
Which of the diagrams below correctly illustrates the direction in which the windsock will show?



16. Which one of the following pairs of plants store food in the same way as cactus?  
 A. Kales and spinach  
 B. Ginger and yams  
 C. Onions and sweet potatoes  
 D. Sugarcane and carrots

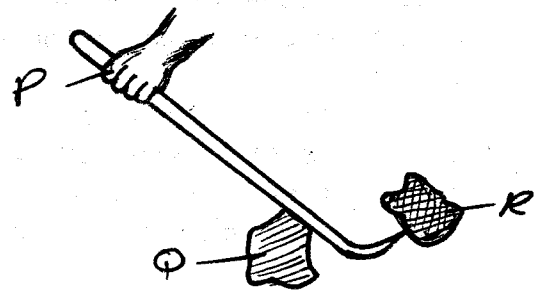
17. The following are ways of maintaining simple tools. Which one prevents rusting and also reduces tear and wear of simple tools?  
 A. Proper storage  
 B. Greasing and oiling  
 C. Proper use of tools  
 D. Sharpening cutting tools

18. During a Science lesson, Std. 8 pupils from Mogotio primary school performed different experiment as shown below. Which one of the following experiments they performed demonstrates that air exerts pressure?



19. Which one of the following lists consists of animals in the same group?  
 A. Kangaroo, wallaby, kola bear  
 B. Turtle, newt, lizard  
 C. Walrus, opossum, dolphine  
 D. Whale, seal, shark

20. The diagram below shows a certain lever in use.



Which one of the following will help one to use the least effort?

- A. Moving Q towards P  
 B. Reducing the size of R  
 C. Moving P towards Q  
 D. Moving Q towards R



21. Which one of the following materials will not sink in water even if its shape is changed?

- A. Wax  
B. Iron rod  
C. Aluminium sheet  
D. Copper

22. The following are characteristics of methods of grazing

- i) Expensive to start and maintain  
ii) Requires large piece of land  
iii) Easy to collect manure  
iv) Animal movement is controlled using fences.

Which characteristics describe the method of grazing where animals mainly feed on fodder crops?

- A. (iv) only  
B. (iii) and (i)  
C. (ii) and (iii)  
D. (ii) and (iv)

23. Which of the following pairs of drugs does the abuser suffer from drowsiness after the intake?

- A. Khat and tobacco  
B. Cocaine and heroin  
C. Heroin and mandrax  
D. Mandrax and cocaine

24. Which one of the following does not show a correct food chain?

- A. Algae → mosquito larvae → small fish  
B. Snake → toad → grasshopper → leaves  
C. Tubers → squirrel → fox → vulture  
D. Kales → caterpillar → frog → snake

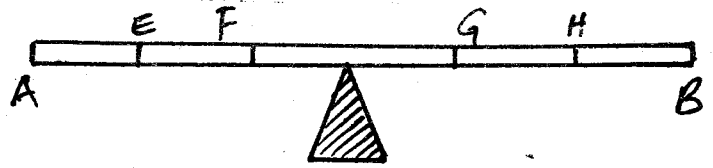
25. Which one of the following statement is true about the type of soil erosion that is prevented by either mulching or planting cover crops?

- A. It is caused by heavy rain drops  
B. The soil is carried in thin uniform layers  
C. It is very common on steep slopes  
D. It makes shallow channels on the ground

26. Below are signs of ill health in livestock. Which one can be caused by the other factors?

- A. Stunted growth  
B. Coughing  
C. Rough coat  
D. Reduced yields

27. For two masses K and M, the mass of K was twice that of M. The diagram below shows a set - up that was used to investigate how the two masses balance at positions E, F, G and H on a see - saw.



Which one of the following was a correct observation about the investigation?

	Position of K	Position of M	Observation made
A.	F	H	E and B moved up
B.	E	H	E and A moved down
C.	F	G	E and B moved down
D.	E	G	See saw balanced

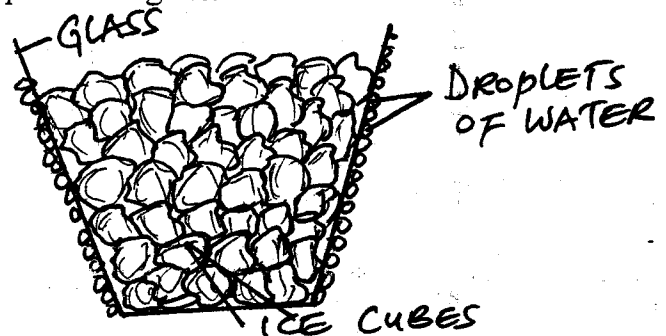
28. Which one of the following plants can be used to show that plants depend on others for habitat?

- A. Rose flower  
B. Ferns  
C. Mildew  
D. Wandering jew

29. In which of the following examples is the force that opposes motion both an advantage and a disadvantage?

- A. Mountain climbing  
B. Sharpening a knife  
C. Roller skating  
D. Running a 100m race

30. Fauzia filled a glass with ice cubes. She then placed the glass outside after wiping it with a dry towel as shown below. She realised that droplets of water were formed on the outer part of the glass.



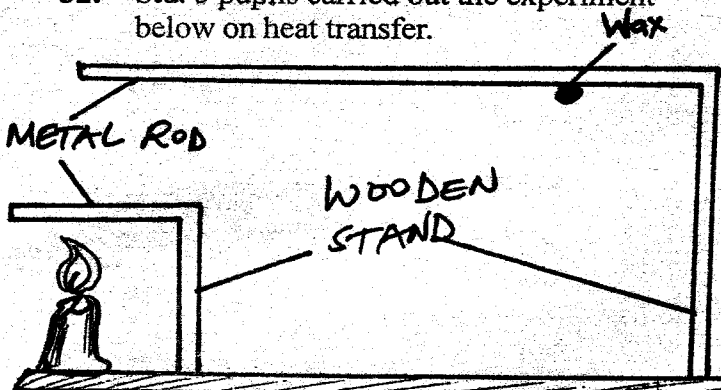
What conclusion did she make?

- A. Drops of water were formed due to saturation
- B. Ice changed to liquid
- C. The atmosphere contains water vapour
- D. Drops of water were formed in the glass

31. Which one of the following statements is not true about the umbilical cord?

- A. It lubricates the foetus for easy movement
- B. It connects the foetus to the mother
- C. It transports oxygen and food from the mother to the foetus
- D. It transports waste materials from the foetus to the placenta.

32. Std. 5 pupils carried out the experiment below on heat transfer.



What is the correct heat transfer methods leading to melting of the wax respectively?

- A. Conduction, radiation, conduction
- B. Conduction, convection, conduction
- C. Radiation, convection, conduction
- D. Convection, radiation, conduction

33. Which one of the following animal parasites is correctly matched with the parts of the body it attacks?

- A. Tapeworm- stomach, liver and lungs
- B. Liverfluke- lungs, brain and liver
- C. Hookworm, stomach and small intestines
- D. Lungworm- brain, lungs and stomach

34. The table below shows the amount of solids obtained after heating samples of water L, M, N and O to evaporation.

Water sample	Mass of solid in g
L	1.0g
M	0.5g
N	1.8g
O	2.0g

Which one of the above samples of water would be the best for laundry work?

- A. O
- B. N
- C. M
- D. L

35. Which one of the following planets are in the 2nd and 7th positions respectively from the sun?

- A. Venus, Uranus
- B. Earth, Saturn
- C. Mars, Neptune
- D. Mercury, Jupiter

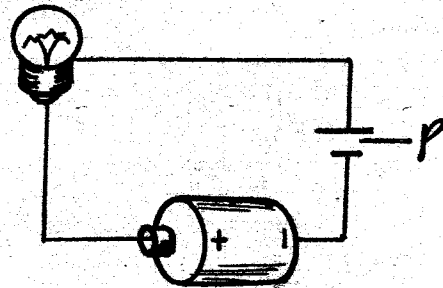
36. Below are characteristics of a certain plants.

- Sunken stomata
- Rolled leaves
- Deciduous

This plant also has

- A. increased number of stomata
- B. deep widespread roots
- C. broad leaves
- D. floating flowers

37. The diagram below shows an electric circuit.



The function of the part marked P is to

- A. provides a path for the electric current
- B. convert current electricity to heat and light energy
- C. act as a source of electricity
- D. complete the circuit

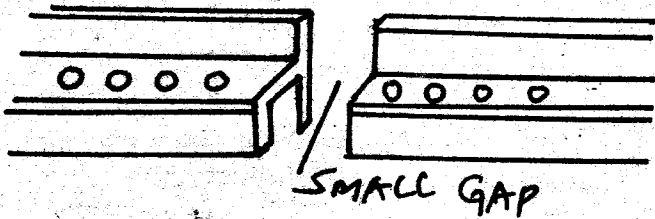
38. Which one of the following pairs consists only of sources of electricity?

- A. Wind- driven turbine and bicycle dynamo
- B. Generator and electric iron box
- C. Electric water heater and generator
- D. Electric water heater and wind driven turbine

39. Which one of the following vaccines is administered to pregnant mothers?

- A. Tetanus vaccine
- B. Anti- measles vaccine
- C. Ant- Polio vaccine
- D. BCG vaccine

40. In the construction of a railway line, gaps are left as shown below.



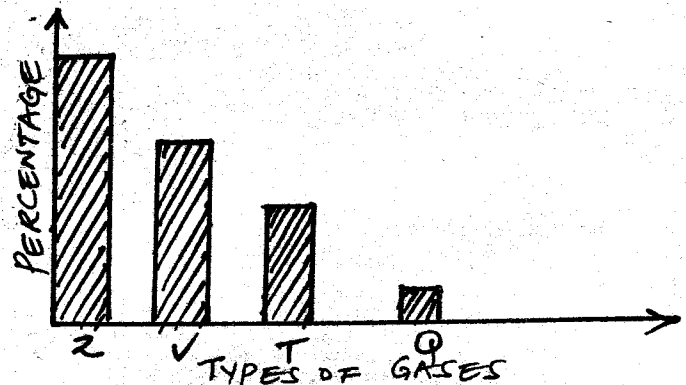
What is the main reason of this?

- A. To allow room for contraction  
 B. To allow room for expansion  
 C. To reduce the speed of a train  
 D. To allow room for expansion and contraction
41. Which one of the following components of the environment should be in plenty to aid in the natural balance and good co-existence?  
 A. Soil  
 B. Non-green plants  
 C. Herbivores  
 D. Green plants
42. A rain gauge is used to measure rainfall. Which one of the following would ensure accurate and better reading of little amount of rainfall?  
 A. Keeping a rain gauge in the open  
 B. Using a wide bottle  
 C. Using a narrow measuring jar  
 D. Using a wide funnel
43. Which one of the following correctly describes the beak of a filter feeder?  
 A. Short, strong, thick and conical  
 B. Strong, long, thick and curved  
 C. Long, strong, flat and serrated  
 D. Long, slender, flat and curved
44. Below are methods of conserving water  
 i) Harvesting rain water  
 ii) Recycling water  
 iii) Re-using water  
 iv) Using water sparingly  
 v) Mulching  
 vi) Constructing dams  
 In which of the following methods is less money used?  
 A. (vi), (i), (iv)  
 B. (iii), (v), (iv)  
 C. (i), (vi), (ii)  
 D. (ii), (vi), (i)
45. Which of the following nutritional deficiency diseases can one still get even after eating a balanced diet?  
 A. Marasmus  
 B. Anaemia  
 C. Rickets  
 D. Kwashiorkor

46. Std. 6 pupils wanted to set up an experiment on the making of a rainbow. Which one of the following materials did they not need?  
 A. A white surface  
 B. A mirror  
 C. Nails  
 D. Water

47. To save a person who has touched an exposed electric wire, the following can be done **except**  
 A. removing the person from the wire using dry wood  
 B. pushing the person away using a plastic pole  
 C. switching off the power source  
 D. pushing the person away using wet wood

48. The bar graph below represents the components of air in the atmosphere.



Which of the letters marked Z, V, T and Q represents the waste gas of the photosynthesis process and the gas used in advertisement bulbs respectively?

- A. Q and T  
 B. V and T  
 C. T and Z  
 D. Q and Z
49. During cold weather, birds fluff out their feathers **mainly** to  
 A. insulate against losing heat from their body  
 B. reduce the excess heat gained from the surroundings  
 C. absorb heat from the surroundings  
 D. overcome heat resistance when flying
50. Fish is able to move easily in water **mainly** because of its  
 A. scales pointing backwards  
 B. Well placed fins  
 C. Air bladder  
 D. Streamlined body



# PRECIOUS KCPE TRIAL

## DARASA LA NANE - 2021

006

Muda: Dak. 40

NAMBA YAKO YA MTHANI	
JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

### KISWAHILI

## SEHEMU YA PILI: INSHA

#### SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika ~~namo yako~~ ~~namo yako~~ ~~namo yako~~ jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi uliyoachiwa.
3. Lazima insha iandikwe kwa lugha ya ~~Kiswahili~~.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa 4 zilizopigwa chapa.



FUNGUA UKURASA





# PRECIOUS KCPE TRIAL

## DARASA LA NANE - 2021

006

Muda: Dak. 40

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI	
JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

### KISWAHILI

## SEHEMU YA PILI: INSHA

#### SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kwenye ~~na jina la shule yako.~~  
jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi uliyoachiwa.
3. Lazima insha iandikwe kwa lugha ya Ki~~swahili~~.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa 4 zilizopigwa chapa.



FUNGUA UKURASA





# PRECIOUS KCPE TRIAL DARASA LA NANE - 2021

006

**KISWAHILI: LUGHA**

Muda: Saa 1 Dakika 40

## SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibu. Kijitabu hiki kina maswali 50.
2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki.
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lioneshe katika **KARATASI YA MA JIBU** na wala sio katika kijitabu cha maswali.  
**JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU**
4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida.
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatasi ya majibu: -  
**NAMBARI YAKO YA MTHANI**  
**JINA LAKO**  
**JINA LA SHULE YAKO**
6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenye nambari zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mthani (yaani nambari ya shule. Na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwa mwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.
7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku.
8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu
9. Kwa kila swali 1-50 umepewa majibu manne. Majibu hayo yameonyeshwa kwa herufi A, B, C, D. Ni jibu **MOJA** tu kati ya hayo manne ambayo ni sahihi. Chagua jibu hilo
10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lioneshwe kwa kuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenye herufi uliyochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

**Mfano:**

**Katika kijitabu cha maswali:**

**Kutoka swali 16 - 30 chagua jibu sahihi.**

17. Tunasema tamu kama asali na mzito mithili ya \_\_\_\_
- A. chuma
  - B. mawe
  - C. mpingo
  - D. nanga

**Jibu sahihi ni D.**

**Katika karatasi ya majibu**

16. [A] [B] [C] [D]      17. [A] [B] [C] ~~[D]~~      18. [A] [B] [C] [D]      19. [A] [B] [C] [D]

Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 17, kisanduku chenye herufi **D** ndicho kilichochoywa kistari.

11. Chora kistari chako vizuri. Kistari chako cheusi na kisijitokeze nje ya kisanduku.
12. Kwa kila swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vinne ulivyopewa.

**Kijitabu hiki cha maswali kina kurasa 8 zilizopigwa chapa.**



**FUNGUA KURASA**

***Covid 19 is real. Put on your mask properly. Keep social distance, sanitize and wash your hands regularly with running water.***



**Soma vifungu vifuatavyo. Vina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne hapo. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya vale uliyopewa.**

Tanga hakujua maana ya jirani 1 siku 2 na ya kumfika. Alikuwa 3 watu ambao 4 kuwa wakipatwa na tatizo, ndugu atawasaidia. Tanga alisahau kuwa 5 6 tatizo litakuwa 7 sana kabla ya huyo ndugu 8 kufika.

- |    |                               |                                      |                                    |   |
|----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 1. | A. kisha                      | B. tangu                             | C. hadi                            | D. tena                                   |
| 2. | A. aliyefikwa                 | B. alipofikwa                        | C. aliofikwa                       | D. alikofikwa                             |
| 3. | A. katikati                   | B. kwenye                            | C. kati ya                         | D. baadhi ya                              |
| 4. | A. wataamini                  | B. wangeamini                        | C. wanaamini                       | D. wakaamini                              |
| 5. | A. fimbo ya mbali haiui nyoka | B. mtegemea cha nduguye hufa maskini | C. akufaaye kwa dhiki ndiye rafiki | D. heri nusu ya shari kuliko shari kamili |
| 6. | A. _____                      | B. ;                                 | C. :                               | D. !                                      |
| 7. | A. limekuathiri               | B. limemwathiri                      | C. limetuathiri                    | D. limewaathiri                           |
| 8. | A. yako                       | B. yetu                              | C. yake                            | D. yenu                                   |

Ukarimu ni 9. Mtu 10 na ukarimu 11 kwa misemo kama vile 12.  
Ukarimu ni 13 ambayo 14 kufunzwa mwanajamii 15.

9. A. tabia ya kuwasaidia wengine bila malipo  
B. hali ya kuwatambua walio na malipo  
C. mazoea ya kuwaonea wengine huruma wakilipishwa  
D. mwenendo wa kuchangisha wanaolipwa
- |     |                |                    |                 |                  |
|-----|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 10. | A. asingekuwa  | B. asipokuwa       | C. asiokuwa     | D. asikokuwa     |
| 11. | A. hurejelewa  | B. hurejeleana     | C. hurejelea    | D. hurejeleka    |
| 12. | A. moyo mzito  | B. panya wa nyumba | C. shingo ngumu | D. joka la mdimu |
| 13. | A. maarifa     | B. stadi           | C. maadili      | D. nasaha        |
| 14. | A. yanastahili | B. inastahili      | C. zinastahili  | D. unastahili    |
| 15. | A. wowote      | B. yeyote          | C. lolote       | D. yoyote        |

**Kutoka swali la 16 mpaka 30, chagua jibu sahihi**

16. Maneno haya hufuatana vipi katika kamusi?  
i) shwari                      ii) sinzia  
iii) sentensi                  iv) staha  
A. (iii), (ii), (i), (iv)      B. (ii), (iii), (i), (iv)  
C. (ii), (i), (iii), (iv)      D. (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)
17. Chagua sentensi iliyoakifishwa ipasavyo.  
A. Ala tangu lini mtoto akaachwa kuendesha gari?  
B. Je? mlipata habari zozote jana?  
C. Wanafunzi wote: wale waliofaulu; watatuzwa leo.  
D. Niitete matunda yafuatayo: maembe, machungwa, ndizi za zabibu.

18. Ni jibu lipi lisiloambatanishwa ipasavyo?  
A. Mfaruku - mjane  
B. Mjomba - halati  
C. Nyanjike - gendaeka  
D. Kungwi - nyakanga
19. Kamilisha sentensi kwa neno lifaalo zaidi.  
**Baba aliniandikia \_\_\_\_\_ ya kulipa karo shuleni.**  
A. hawala                      B. hawara  
C. awala                        D. hawili
20. Chagua kauli ya kutendeshwa ya sentensi ifuatayo.  
**Mwalimu alimwambia Menza aandike barua.**  
A. Mwalimu alimwandikisha Menza barua.  
B. Menza aliandikiwa barua na mwalimu.  
C. Menza aliandikishwa barua na mwalimu.  
D. Mwalimu aliandikiwa barua na Menza.

21. Tambua maneno yaliyokolezwa katika sentensi ifuatayo:  
***Wanafunzi wote walifanya mtihani lakini kadhaa wakafeli.***  
A. Kivumishi cha idadi, kivumishi cha pekee  
B. Kivumishi cha pekee, kivumishi cha idadi.  
C. Kiwakilishi cha pekee, kiwakilishi cha idadi.  
D. Kivumishi cha pekee, kiwakilishi cha idadi.
22. Ni jibu lipi lisilolinganishwa kwa usahihi?  
A. Buriani - buriani dawa  
B. Alamsiki - binuru  
C. Cheichei - chewa  
D. Nashikamop - kuzinawe
23. Chagua sentensi iliyounganisha sentensi zifuatazo ipasavyo.  
***Nyumba ilikuwa kubwa. Nyumba haikuwatoshea wageni wote.***  
A. Nyumba ilikuwa kubwa angalau haikuwatoshea wageni wote.  
B. Nyumba ilikuwa kubwa madhali haikuwatoshea wageni wote.  
C. Licha ya nyumba kuwa kubwa haikuwatoshea wageni wote.  
D. Mithili ya nyumba kuwa kubwa haikuwatoshea wageni wote.
24. Ni sentensi ipi iliyo katika hali timilifu?  
A. Magari hayapiti hapa siku hizi.  
B. Mitaro hiyo haijachimbwa vyema.  
C. Nguo yake haikuoshwa ipasavyo.  
D. Wimbo hautaimbisha na kiongozi.
25. Chagua usemi wa taarifa wa sentensi ifuatayo:  
***"Michezo itaandaliwa hapa kesho?" Hamisi aliuliza.***  
A. Hamisi aliuliza kama michezo itaandaliwa hapa kesho.  
B. Hamisi alitaka kujua iwapo michezo ingeandaliwa hapa siku ambayo ingefuata.  
C. Hamisi aliuliza kama michezo ingeandaliwa hapa siku iliyopita  
D. Hamisi alitaka kujua kama michezo ingeandaliwa hapa siku hiyo.
26. Milioni moja mia sita tisini na tisa elfu, mia saba themanini na tisa elfu, mia saba themanini na sita kwa tarakimu ni:  
A. 1969 786                      B. 1096786  
C. 1699 786                      D. 1 996 786
27. Ikiwa mtondogoo itakuwa Alhamisi, leo ni  
A. Jumatatu                      B. Alhamisi  
C. Jumamosi                      D. Jumapili
28. Chagua orodha yenye sauti sighthuna pekee.  
A. v, dh, z, t                      B. b, m, p, w  
C. f, th, h, k                      D. b, d, g, z
29. Maana ya semi ***tia kapuni*** ni  
A. kuhifadhi kitu vizuri;  
B. kupuuzilia mbali;  
C. sababisha mtu kupata hasara  
D. fikiria kwa makini
30. Katika sentensi; ***Kirejeshe*** kitabu kwa mwenyewe, kiambishi, "Ki" kimetumiwa  
A. kuonyesha ngeli  
B. kuonyesha wakati  
C. kuonyesha udogo  
D. kuonyesha ulinganisho

**Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 31 mpaka 40.**

"Mabibi na mabwana mliokusanyika katika ukumbi huu, hamjambo? Leo nina furaha kubwa kama wakili wa mahakama ya juu ya Kenya kualikwa kuja kusema hasa na washikadau katika Wizara ya Vijana na Masuala ya Jinsia kuhusu madhara ya uozaji wa wasichana wakiwa na umri mdogo.

Sioni haja ya kusema madhara haya kwa njia ya moja kwa moja. Nikiwa mwathiriwa wa kisa hiki naona ni heri nisimulie kisa changu mwenyewe. Wasemavyo ni kuwa ukupigao ndio ukufunzao nami nimefunzwa kweli kutokana na suala hili.

Nilizaliwa katika familia maskini kama msichana wa pekee katika familia ya wavulana watatu. Mimi ndimi kitinda mimba. Wazazi wangu pamoja na ufukara wao walijizatiti kuwaelimisha hao ndugu zangu. Kazi yao ilikuwa kuwalimia watu vibarua na kulipwa malipo yasiyotosha kitu isipokuwa kibaba cha unga. Nao kwa kutunduiza walifaulu japo kwa tabu mno kuwasomesha ndugu zangu.

Mimi nilisomeshwa hadi darasa la tano tu. Kifua changu kilikuwa kimeanza kuinua sare yangu juu. Nakumbuka siku moja alikuja baba nilipokuwa natoka shuleni na kusema, "Annette naona ushakuwa mwanamke kamili." Nilishangazwa sana na kauli ile. "Vipi, wasemaje yaani wakati najiona mtoto mdogo?" Aliniangalia kwa macho makali na kusema, "Msichana kwetu akifika umri wako anakwenda kuolewa. Kusoma ni kwa wavulana. Mumeo yuko tayari kukuchukua wakati wowote."

Maneno ya baba yalinichoma kama kaa la moto kwenye kidonda. Mamangu alikuwa kanyamaza kimya hasemi. Nililia nikachoka.

Nilitamani hata kujitia kitanzi au kujitupa majini nifilie mbali kabisa nitoke kwa ulimwengu huu katili uliokosa kunionea huruma. Niliamua kuishi badala ya kufa.

Asubuhi yake baada ya kuvaa sare yangu kwenda shuleni, nilikuwa nimeamua sitarudi nyumbani tena. Niliwahi kuona mwenzangu Naliaka akibebwa hobelahobela na barobaro watano. Ulikuwa mwaka umeisha sasa. Nilipouliza nikaambiwa alikuwa kaozwa kwa jizee lililokuwa na umri wa babu yake. Niliambiwa alifariki mwaka uliofuata alipokuwa akijifungua.

Badala ya kwenda shule nilikwenda mpaka kwa mama mmoja kwa jina Mama Fau. Huyu mama alikuwa maarufu sana katika eneo letu. Alikuwa na makao ya watoto wasichana waliotoroka nyumbani kwao kwa kukataa kukeketwa au kuozwa mapema. Mama Fau alinipokea, akanipeleka shule nyingine nikasoma, nikapata alama nzuri sana katika mthani wa kitaifa wa K.C.P.E. Nilikuwa miongoni mwa wanafunzi ishirini bora nchini.

Niliitwa shule ya upili ya wasichana ya Alliance. Mama Fau ambaye leo hii nimekuja naye hapa alihakikisha nilipata chochote nilichohitaji ili kufaulu katika masomo. Kwa ushirikiano na serikali, mama huyu amewasaidia wasichana wengi. Si mimi tu niliyefadhiliwa hadi chuo kikuu cha Nairobi kusomea taaluma ya uanasheria. Tulikuwa wengi waliofaulu kwenda vyuoni. Ndoto zetu zilifufuliwa. Nimewasamehe wazazi wangu. Najua washaaga dunia lakini nimerudi kijijini mimi na Mama Fau kuwahimiza watu katika jamii yangu kuacha mila hizo zilizopitwa na wakati.

Asanteni kwa kunisikiliza na Mungu wa amani awe pamoja nanyi."

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>31. Ni kwa nini msemaji alisema kuwa alikuwa na furaha siku ile?<br/>           A. Kwa sababu ya kuwa wakili<br/>           B. Alipata nafasi ya kuzungumza kuhusu madhara ya kuwaoza wasichana<br/>           C. Wanakijiji walimkaribisha kwa shangwe<br/>           D. Alikuwa mgeni wa heshima</p>                              | <p>35. Kwa nini wazazi wa Annette waliamua kumwoza badala ya kumuelimisha?<br/>           A. Walikuwa maskini<br/>           B. Hawakutilia elimu ya msichana maanani.<br/>           C. Annette hakupenda kusoma<br/>           D. Kaka wa Annete walitaka dada yao aozwe ili wapate karo.</p>   |
| <p>32. 'Ukupigao ndio ukufunzao.' Methali hii ina maana gani?<br/>           A. Asiyefunzwa na mamaye hufunzwa na ulimwengu.<br/>           B. Wasichana hujifunza wanapoozwa wakiwa wadogo<br/>           C. Mtu huifahamu vyema changamoto iliyomkabili<br/>           D. Kinga ni bora kuliko tiba.</p>                             | <p>36. Ni nani aliyemnusuru Annette kutokana na ndoa ya mapema?<br/>           A. Chifu wa kata yao<br/>           B. Polisi waliomfumania mzee aliyetaka kumwoa Annette.<br/>           C. Mama Fau<br/>           D. Mwalimu mkuu wa shule ya upili aliyosomea Annette.</p>   |
| <p>33. Kwa mujibu wa taarifa hii, ni kweli kusema kuwa Annette alikuwa<br/>           A. mtoto wa pekee katika familia yao.<br/>           B. msichana wa pekee na mtoto wa mwisho katika familia yao.<br/>           C. kitinda mimba na mtoto wa pekee katika familia yao.<br/>           D. msichana aliyependa kuolewa mapema.</p> | <p>37. Ni nini iliyofufua ndoto ya msemaji na wenzake?<br/>           A. Kupewa nafasi ya kutoa hotuba kijijini<br/>           B. Wazazi waliotaka kuwaoza kwa wazee<br/>           C. Haikutajwa katika habari<br/>           D. Serikali iliyofadhili elimu yao.</p>  |
| <p>34. Ni nini maana ya maneno 'kubebwa hobelahobela' kwa mujibu wa taarifa?<br/>           A. Kubebwa taratibu<br/>           B. Kubebwa polepole<br/>           C. Kubebwa ovyooyo<br/>           D. Kubebwa hohehohe</p>  | <p>38. Kwa nini Annette alifika kijijini na kutoa hotuba?<br/>           A. Alitaka kukomesha mila zilizowadhulumu wasichana kijijini<br/>           B. Alitaka wanakijiji wajue kuwa alikuwa amesomea uanasheria<br/>           C. Ilikuwa siku ya kuwatuza wanafunzi shuleni.<br/>           D. Ilikuwa siku ya kuwazika wazazi wake.</p> |

39. Kwa nini mama Fau alikuwa maarufu katika kijiji chake?
- Aliwanusuru wasichana kutokana na ukeketaji na kuozwa.
  - Alikuwa na shule kubwa walikosomea wasichana wengi
  - Alikuwa na mazoea ya kutoa hotuba katika jamii
  - Alikuwa rafiki wa mwalimu mkuu wa shule ya Alliance.

40. Kichwa gani kinafaa kupewa habari hii?
- Annette atuzwa kijijini
  - Siku ya elimu nchini
  - Elimu kwa wasichana
  - Taaluma ya uanasheria.

**Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 41 mpaka 50.**

Janga la maradhi hatari ya korona limeubwaga ulimwengu mzima katika matatizo chungu nzima. Waama, hakuna insi yeyote aliyedhania kuwa ukongo huu ungekita mizizi katika jamii zetu kama ilivyoshuhudiwa. **Mataifa mengi kote ulimwenguni yameuma uzi** na kufanya chochote takriban ya uwezo wao lakini mambo bado yanazidi **kuenda arijejo**. Ama kweli, jambo hili limewaacha yiongozi wengi vinywa wazi, wasijue la kufanya.

Maradhi hatari ya korona husababishwa na aina ya virusi ambavyo humfanya mtu kuwa na matatizo ya kupumua, kukohoa sana, kuongezeka kwa kiwango cha joto mwilini, upungufu wa nguvu mwilini na kadhalika. Dalili zaidi zinazidi kushuhudiwa miongoni mwa wagonjwa mbalimbali kila uchao. Ugonjwa huu ni hatari kwa sababu mbalimbali. Kwanza, ugonjwa huu huweza kusababisha maafa kwa kipindi kifupi zaidi iwapo hatua za dharura hazitachukuliwa. Pili, ugonjwa wenyewe unaweza kuambukizwa kutoka mtu mmoja hadi mwingine kwa kutangamana kwa kipindi kifupi tu. Tatu, ugonjwa wenyewe bado haujakuwa na tiba kamili japo wanasayansi wanaendelea kufanya juhudi kadri ya uwezo wao kutafuta tiba.

Njia ambazo ugonjwa huu hatari huambukizwa ni anuwai. Njia kuu zaidi ni kupumua hewa yenye virusi hivi. Aidha, mtu aliye na siha njema anaweza kuambukizwa maradhi haya kwa kuguza sehemu au vitu ambavyo vina virusi hivi. Isitoshe, virusi vya korona vimethibitishwa kupatikana miongoni mwa vifaa na shehena zinazosafirishwa hadi nchi moja kutoka mataifa mengine.

Serikali za mataifa mengi ulimwenguni zimeweka mikakati kabambe ili kuzuia maambukizi ya ugonjwa huu kwa kuzingatia ushauri wa watafiti wa masuala ya tiba. Mojawapo ya njia ambazo zimetumika zaidi ulimwenguni ni kuvalia barakoa. Uvaaji wa barakoa umekuwa si jambo la ibra tena. Watu wengi ulimwenguni siku hizi huvalia barakoa jinsi wanavyovaa mavazi mengine yoyote. Umuhimu wake ni kuzuia upumuaji wa hewa ambayo imeambukizwa virusi vya korona. Aidha, wananchi wameshauriwa kuikumbatia tabia ya kunawa mikono yao mara kwa mara kwa maji safi na sabuni ili kuondoa virusi. Aidha, watu wameshauriwa kuacha nafasi ya mita moja unusu baina ya mtu mmoja hadi mwingine. Kutangamana sana kumepunguzwa ajabu, aidha katika sehemu za kazi, katika magari ya abiria, taasisi za elimu na hata maeneo ya burudani. Idadi ya watu inayohudhuria sherehe za arusi au mazishi pia imepunguzwa. Isitoshe, wananchi wamependekezwa watupilie mbali usafiri usiokuwa wa lazima. Kwa jumla, wananchi hawana budi kuyafuata maagizo haya yote ili kujilinda dhidi ya ugonjwa huu hatari. Ingawaje wengi wamelalamikia uhuru wao kukatizwa, hasa nchi nyingi zinapofungwa, tufanyeje ilhali lisilo budi hutendwa?

Maradhi ya korona yamesababisha hasara ambazo hazina kifani. Taasisi nyingi za elimu zimefungwa katika nchi nyingi. Biashara zimeathirika pakubwa, hata nyingi kufungwa. Idadi kubwa ya watu kote duniani wamepoteza ajira na kugeukia maisha ya umaskini. Wengi wamebuni njia hafifu za kujipatia riziki bora mkono uende mdomoni. Machungu haya ya uchumi hayajadhirika kwa watu binafsi tu, bali pia kwa serikali zote ulimwenguni. Kima kikubwa cha pesa kimetumika kukarabati hospitali, kununua dawa na kushughulikia mahitaji ya wagonjwa wa korona. Hizi ni pesa ambazo zingetumiwa katika shughuli zingine za kuinua uchumi wa nchi husika.

Licha ya changamoto nyingi zinazosababishwa na maradhi haya, kuna mwanga baada ya giza kwani taasisi nyingi za utafiti zimekuwa mbioni kuvumbua dawa mbalimbali kwa njia ya chanjo dhidi ya ugonjwa huu. Hivyo basi, tusife moyo. Tufuate maagizo tunayopewa na wataalamu ili kujilinda dhidi ya ukongo huu na tuwe na imani kuwa ipo siku ambapo tiba ya ugonjwa huu itapatikana na hali kudhibitiwa. La muhimu zaidi, tumuombe Rabana sana kwani yeye ndiye aliye na uwezo wa kuponya hata bila dawa. Sharti dunia nzima imrudie Muumba wake.

41. Kwa mujibu wa sentensi ya kwanza, ukongo wa korona
- umesababisha shida haba
  - umeathiri dunia yote
  - umeathiri sehemu fulani ya ulimwengu
  - hauna athari kubwa
42. 'Mataifa mengi kote ulimwenguni yameuma uzi.....' Maneno haya yanamaanisha kuwa
- mataifa mengi yamefanya bidii zaidi
  - mataifa mengi yamefanya kazi kwa kulazimishwa.
  - mataifa mengi yamesalimu umri
  - mataifa mengi yamefanya mzaha
43. Badala ya kusema 'kuenda arijojo', mwandishi angesema
- kuenda sawasawa
  - kuenda mbio
  - kuenda shingo upande
  - kuenda kombo
44. Mtu aliyeambukizwa maradhi ya korona huenda akaonyesha dalili zifuatazo ila
- kuwa na kiwango cha juu cha joto mwilini
  - matatizo katika kupumua
  - kuendesha sana
  - kukohoa zaidi
45. Ugonjwa wa korona umeelezewa kuwa hatari kutokana na sababu zifuatazo ila
- wanasayansi wanazidi kujibidiisha kutafuta tiba
  - unaweza kumfanya mgonjwa akate roho kwa muda wa kufumba na kufumbua macho
  - unaweza kuambukizwa kutoka mtu mgonjwa hadi kwa mtu mwenye siha njema kirahisi.
  - tiba yake bado haijagunduliwa
46. Ni kauli gani si sahihi kulingana na kifungu?
- Upumuaji wa hewa yenye virusi husababisha ugonjwa wa korona.
  - Ugonjwa wa korona umewasukumia wananchi katika lindi la umaskini.
  - Serikali nyingi ulimwenguni zimeathirika kutokana wa janga la korona.
  - Korona si maradhi ya kuambukizana baina ya watu.
47. Ni ipi si mikakati ambayo imewekwa ili kudhibiti maambukizi ya maradhi ya korona?
- Uhimizaji wa unawaji wa mikono
  - Uhimizaji wa matumizi wa magari ya umma katika usafiri
  - Uvaji wa barakoa miongoni mwa watu.
  - Udumishaji wa nafasi ya mita moja unusu baina ya watu.
48. Yafuatayo ni madhara ambayo yamesababishwa na uwele wa korona ila
- idadi kubwa ya watu kupoteza nafasi zao za kazi
  - ufungaji wa taasisi za elimu
  - uimarikaji wa shughuli za biashara kote nchini.
  - udororaji wa uchumi miongoni mwa mataifa mengi ulimwenguni.
49. Mwandishi anatushauri tusife moyo kwani
- taasisi nyingi za utafiti zi njiani kutafuta tiba
  - serikali nyingi zimetenga fedha za kukabiliiana na ugonjwa wa korona
  - wataalamu wanazidi kutoa maagizo mbalimbali ya kufuatwa.
  - wanachi wengi wamejua umuhimu wa kumwomba Mungu.
50. Chagua mada ifaayo taarifa hii bora zaidi
- Dalili za ugonjwa hatari wa korona
  - Mikakati ya kuzuia ugonjwa wa korona
  - Athari za janga la korona
  - Maambukizi ya maradhi ya korona ulimwenguni.