

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

LOWER PRIMARY LEVEL DESIGN: PRE-PRIMARY 1 & 2

LEARNING AREA: PSYCHOMOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES FOR LEARNERS WITH PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT



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FORWARD

The Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF) outlines the vision and mission for the curriculum reforms. The Vision of the curriculum reforms is to develop "an engaged, an empowered and ethical citizen "while the mission is to "to nurture the potential of every learner".

The framework adopts a Competency Based Curriculum and has identified seven core competences, namely; communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, creativity and imagination, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn, and self-efficacy. It provides a variety of opportunities for identification and nurturing of learner's potentials and talents in preparation for life and the world of work. It is geared towards making learning enjoyable.

The curriculum designs are developed to enable implementation of the Basic Education Curriculum Framework. The design contains the National Goals of Education, outlines the Early Years Education (EYE), subject general and specific learning outcomes. It also suggests a variety of learning experiences, assessment, resources and links the topics to values, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCI) and to other subjects.

It is my hope that all educators in Early Years Education level will anchor their delivery of Basic and Teacher education on these Curriculum Designs.

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INTRODUCTION

The Pre-primary curriculum design has been developed to embrace the competence based learning approach as stipulated in the basic education curriculum frame-work (BECF). The curriculum design is available in two volumes which cater for children at the pre-primary level in the country. It has been divided into two levels: Level I (*pre-primary 1*) for children aged four years and Level II (*pre-primary 2*) for children aged five years. The curriculum covers the following learning areas: Language, Mathematical, Environmental, Psychomotor and Creative and Religious Education activity areas.

Each learning activity area has both the general and specific learning outcomes clearly stipulated. The learning experiences and the key inquiry questions have also been provided specifically to give guidance to the users during the curriculum delivery process.

The curriculum has clearly identified core competences to be acquired by learners as they engage in activities in different learning areas. These core competences include: communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, imagination and creativity, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn and self-efficacy.

Pertinent and contemporary issues (PCIs) have been integrated into the curriculum design to prepare learners for the ever changing society specifically in order to address the changing needs of the society and ensure the learner's safety. These include life skills development through storytelling, living values, moral values and social responsibility.

This curriculum emphasizes hands-on experiences as learners manipulate real objects and models. Interaction with nature is also emphasized whereby learners are encouraged to observe living and non-living things in their immediate surroundings as well as during nature walk, field trips or visits to places of interest.

The curriculum emphasizes holistic development of the learner. This can be achieved by embracing the thematic integrated learning approach which is ideal for teaching learners in their formative stage of development. The themes are derived from things and situations that learners are likely to interact with in everyday life. Each theme is expected to cuts across all the activity areas. Learning at the preprimary level is expected to be flexible hence a theme may be interrupted to enable learners use an emerging situation as the learning theme for the period.

1. MYSELF

- Parts of the body
- My clothes
- My friends

2. FAMILY

- Family members
- Clothes worn by family members
- Foods eaten

3. OUR HOME

- Our house
- Buildings
- Utensils
- Animals
- Furniture
- Work done
- Plants found at home

5. OUR SHOOL

- Our class
- Buildings and structures at school
- People found at school
- Things found at school
- Animals
- Work done
- Plants found at school

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOCATION FOR ACTIVITY AREAS PER WEEK

#	ACTIVITY AREA	LESSONS
1.	Language Activities	5
2.	Mathematical Activities	5
3.	Environmental Activities	5
4.	Psychomotor and Creative Activities	8
5.	Religious Education Activities	1
6.	Pastoral Programmes of Instruction (PPI)	1
	Total	25

Note:

- 1. The time allocated for each activity area is 30 minutes.
- 2. There should 5 lessons for psychomotor activities (Outdoor) at least each day. The other three lessons under psychomotor and creative activities are shared among Music, Art and Crafts

NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable the learner acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and harmonious co-existence.

2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education should instill social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in the family, community, national, regional and international development.

b) Economic Needs

Education should prepare the learner with requisite competences that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education should develop in the learner necessary competences for technological and industrial development for the nation in tandem with global trends.

3. Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.

4. Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Kenya Constitution. It should be geared towards developing a self-disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education; including learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities for shared responsibility and accountability through community service learning.

6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instill in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should empower the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also enable the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

8. Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psychological well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare, for sustainable development.

Preamble

This syllabus has been adapted to suit the needs of a learner with physical impairments. Learners with physical impairments are heterogeneous in terms of the type and degree of disability which calls for consideration of their inter and /or intra individual differences. The adaptation targets learners with:

- Neurological impairments such as; cerebral palsy, spinal injuries, spina bifida, epilepsy.
- Muscular-skeletal impairments such as; Muscular Dystrophy, Amputation, poliomyelitis, Oteogenesis imperfect condition.
- Other health impairments such as; asthma, sickle-cell anemia and multiple disabilities.

Unlike learners without disabilities, learners with physical impairment experience motor difficulties that affect their posture, balance, Speech, ability to move, sit, write and manipulate learning materials. Therefore, adaptations have been made to enable the learner access curriculum for meaningful learning.

These learners require special services, training, equipment, materials, tools and facilities to achieve their educational and life. In addition, they will require assistance in the learning process especially in the practical oriented activities. The suggested physical assistance, relevant adaptations and more time will be required in actual learning experiences and in examinations where applicable and should be individualized. Physical assistance may include performing an activity with the learner's instructions, manipulation of various learning equipment, tools materials, and facilitating mobility, grasping, and stabilizing the learners' body or parts of the body. Relevant adaptations means making of resources usable to the learner, for example, adapting drawing and writing equipment, page turners and head pointers for easier use. It also means changing the environment to suit the needs of the learner such as provision of modified tables and chairs, spacious classroom for easy of mobility, particularly for those on wheelchairs, provision of ramps for easier access to rooms and fitting of wide doors to allow for entry wheel chair users and those with mobility difficulties

This curriculum is intended for use in special and inclusive schools. The suggested activities in this adapted curriculum are intended to guide the teacher. The adaptation focuses on: Specific learning outcomes, suggested learning experiences, suggested community service, suggested resources, time, suggested learning resources and suggested assessment.

The instructions should be adapted to facilitate effective performance and masterly of the intended skill. Learners with physical impairment being a diverse group, the teacher will be expected to ensure that specialized assessment is done on each learner in every class before deciding on the desired skill and competence levels to be achieved.

Learners with conditions such brittle bones, muscular dystrophy, heart conditions, spinal cord injuries among others could be exempted from certain activities such as gymnastics.

The teacher is however expected to come up with appropriate and relevant activities for such learners when teaching the whole class.

Psychomotor and Creative Activities

Essence Statement

Psychomotor and Creative activities enable learners to develop both fine and gross motor skills which are necessary for the control and co-ordination of the different parts of the body. The activity areas are Art, Music, and Outdoor. These activities will enhance exploration and development of personal talents as well as appreciation of cultural heritage.

General Learning Outcomes for Creative Activities

By the end of pre-primary education the learner should be able to;

- a) observe proper hygiene, sanitation, and nutrition to promote health,
- b) explore the immediate environment for learning, conservation and enjoyment,
- c) apply technological skills for learning and enjoyment within their local environment,
- d) demonstrate acquisition of social skills for interpersonal relationship,
- e) appreciate the rich and diverse cultural heritage in the local environment,
- f) make appropriate choices for safe interaction with the immediate environment.

PRE PRIMARY 1

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQ UES	1.1. Drawing Scribbling and doodling 3 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) develop simple pictures using scribbling; techniques for fine muscle development; b) develop simple pictures using doodling techniques for eye hand co-ordination; c) appreciate own and others drawn work.	 Provide learner with drawing materials. Guide learners on how to hold drawing tools. Guide learners to develop simple pictures using scribbling technique. Guide learners to develop simple pictures using doodling technique. Display their work and comment on own and others work. 	 What would you like to draw? What do you see in the environment? What materials do you use for drawing?

Core Competences

- Creativity and imagination
- Self-efficacy
- Communication and collaboration
- Digital literacy

Digital Interacy		
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values	
Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk	Co-operation	
Reduction; Safety	Turn taking	
Education For Sustainable Development: Health Education		
Links to other learning areas	Community service learning	
• Mathematics	Mentorship	
• Environmental		
Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Assessment : Observation, signed questions and answers	
Have painting activities		

Resources: materials from local environment e.g. charcoal, papers, pencil, crayon, digital images

N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes

Exceeding Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to handle adapted drawing tool correctly and work with them. Able to scribble with adapted drawing tools appropriately Able to doodle with adapted tools appropriately. Able to comment on own and others work 	 Learner is able to handle adapted drawing tool correctly where necessary. Able to scribble with adapted drawing tools where necessary. Able to doodle with adapted tools where necessary. Able to comment on work with assistive device such 	 Learner attempts to handle adapted drawing tool correctly attempts to scribble with adapted drawing tools Attempts to doodle with adapted tools Able to comment on work with prompts. 	 Learner handles adapted drawing tool with assistance Scribble nor or doodle with assistance Able to comment on work only with assistance.
	as communicating board.		

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.2 Drawing Dot joining 3 Lessons	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) Develop simple pictures by dot joining techniques for enjoyment; b) Draw simple pictures using drawing materials for creativity; c) Appreciate own and others drawn work.	 Provide learner with dotted online images Guide learners on how to hold adapted drawing tools such as universal/cuffs for learners with manipulation difficulties and prosthesis for learners with missing limbs. Guide learners to develop simple 	 What would you like to draw? What do you see in the environment? How do they look like? What do you like about your drawn work?

	pictures by joining	
	dots with assistance	
	from peers, teacher	
	aide, teacher or use	
	assistive devices	
	necessary.	
	Display their work	
	and discuss own and	
	others work with	
	assistance from their	
	peers, teachers,	
	teacher aides where	
	necessary and	
	communication	
	devices such as	
	communication board.	
Core Competences: Creativity and imagination through drawing. Self-efficient	cacy as they demonstrate confidence. Communication and	
collaboration as they talk about own and others work. Digital literacy as the	ey use online dotted images	
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:	Link to Core Values	
Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction; Safety	Cooperation as they talk about each other's work	
	Respect turn taking	
Links to other learning Activity areas	Community service learning: Mentorship	
Mathematics activities: Estimation	v G 1	
 Language activities as they talk about own and others work 		
Non-formal activity to support learning through application: Have	Assessment: observation, question and answer,	
painting activities, decorating activities	rassessment coservation, question and another,	
Resources : materials from local environment e.g. charcoal, papers, pencil, of	crayon adapted pencils and crayons book holders	
communication board, universal cuffs, head pointers.		
N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes		
14 D Learners can experiment with afficient colours and shapes		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to handle and use adapted drawing tool correctly Able to complete joining up dots to make a picture using assistive devices correctly Able to comment on own and others work 	 Learner is able to handle adapted drawing tool correctly appropriately Able to complete joining 	 Learner attempts to handle adapted drawing tool correctly Attempts to join some dots correctly using assistive devices with own Able to comment on own work with prompts using communication devices. 	 Learner handles adapted drawing tools with assistance Able to join dot with assistance Able to comment on work using communication devices with assistance

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning	Key inquiry
			experience	questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	3 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify common colours in the environment for colouring pictures; b) learners apply colour on pictures plants for aesthetic value with assistance; c) appreciate own and others coloured work.	 Guide learners to identify colours in the environment. Guide learners to collect materials of different colours from the environment. Learners with locomotive and manipulative difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use mobility 	 Which colour do you like most? What colour are found in the environment?

	devices and manipulative devices. • Assist group leaders to distribute papers to learners in groups • Guide learners to colour drawn items using assistive devices where necessary. • Guide to display and discuss their coloured work. Learners with speech difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use communication board	
	mobility and manipulative difficulties could be	
	assisted or use assistive devices	
Core competence: Creativity and imagination: Picture making. Critical thinking	ng and problem solving: Creating patterns.	
Communication and collaboration: Display of work. Self-efficacy: confidence. Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:	Link to Values	
Education For Sustainable Development: Environmental awareness: Safety	• Responsibility: Colouring pictures.	
Links to other learning Activity areas	Community service learning: Plant flowers,	
Environmental Activities: Nature.	decorative the church during Sunday school	
Language Activities: Discuss their coloured work.		
Non-formal activity to support learning through application Nature walk, play games using computer on colours	Assessment: observation, question and answer	

Resources: materials from local environment such as Leaves, flowers, soil, charcoal, papers, pencil, crayon, book holders, pencil grip, adapted crayons, communication devices.

N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner can successfully: Recognize common colours from the environment correctly. Colour drawn items correctly. Learners with amputation and manipulation difficulties could use universal cuffs or alternative functioning parts of the body. Appreciate and describe own and others coloured work 	 Learner recognize common colours from the environment Colour drawn items. Learners with manipulation difficulties and amputation could use assistive devices, alternative functioning parts of the body. Describe own and others coloured work. Learners with communication difficulties could use communication devices. and mobility devices could use assistive and colour drawn items. Appreciate own and others coloured work 	 Learner recognize some common colours Colour drawn item with prompts necessary. Has difficulty describing own and others coloured work without prompts. 	 Learner has difficulty in recognizing common colours without assistance Attempts to colour drawn item with assistance. Has difficulty describing own coloured work

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.4 Painting (Finger painting) 2 Lessons	By the end of the substrand the leaner should be able to: a) create images using finger painting techniques for enjoyment with assistance; b) perform free choice painting on paper for enjoyment with assistance; c) appreciate own and others painted work.	 Guide learners to select painting materials. Guide learners to use one colour. Guide learners to create images using fingers. Learners with manipulation and missing fingers could use a model of a hand Guide learners to paint according to their own interest. Display own painted work. Learners with mobility and manipulation difficulties could use mobility and assistive devices. Guide learners to share comments. Learners with speech difficulties could use communication board. 	 What do you use for painting? What do you do after painting?
Core Competence Display of work	: Creativity and Im	hagination: Finger painting. S	delf-efficacy: Confidence. Communic	cation and Collaboration:
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues: • Citizenship as they follow given guidelines		Link to Core ValuesCo-operation: Working with orResponsibility: Finger painting		

Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Mentorship		
 Language Activities: Listening to instructions 			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: observation, question and answer		
Have painting activities, play computer games on painting			
Resources : Materials from local environment such as leaves, flowers, soil, charcoal, papers, pencil, crayon, pencil grip, adapted			
crayons, universal stamp, communication board, model of a hand			
N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes			

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify and use different adapted painting tools create images using finger technique perform free choice in painting on paper successfully appreciate the use of painting tools 	 Learner identifies some painting tools. create some patterns using finger painting technique fairly perform free choice in painting for enjoyment 	 Learner attempts to identify painting tools fairly creates some patterns using finger painting technique with prompts fairly perform free choice in painting on paper with prompts 	 Learner has difficulties in identifying painting tools without assistance Has difficult in creating some patterns using finger painting technique without assistance Perform free choice in paint on papers with assistance

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.5 Painting (Shape Painting) 3 Lessons	By the end of the substrand the leaner should be able to: a) apply paint on shapes for enjoyment with assistive devices; b) perform free choice painting on paper for enjoyment as (a) above; c) appreciate own and others painted work.	 Guide learners to select painting materials Guide learners to use one colour Guide learners to apply paint on shapes using brushes. Learners with fine motor difficulties could use the universal cuff while those with amputation could use prosthesis Display own painted work. Learners with mobility and manipulation difficulties could use mobility and assistive devices Guide learner to share comments. Learners with speech difficulties could use communication board or stamps to share comments 	1 What do you use for painting? 2 What do you do after painting?

Core Competence

- Creativity and Imagination: PaintingSelf-efficacy: Confidence
- Communication and Collaboration: Working with others.

Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values
• Education For Sustainable Development:	Co-operation: Display of work
• Safety	Responsibility: Shape painting
Learning to learn	
Health Education	
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning
Environmental and Language Activities	Mentorship

Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment: Assessment: observation, question and		
application:	answer		
 Have painting activities, sing songs related to painting 			
Resources: Different paints, papers, manilla papers, universal cuffs boards			

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner identify different painting tools Appreciate own and others painted work with ease apply colour on shape using brush accurately perform free choice painting on paper successfully 	 Learner identify some painting tools apply colour on shape using brush perform free choice painting on paper for enjoyment Appreciate own and other painted work 	 Learner attempt identifying painting tools attempts to apply colour on shape using brush fairly perform free choice painting on paper with support Appreciate own painted work 	 Learner has difficulties in identifying painting tools Has difficulties in applying colour on shapes using brush. Has difficulties in performing free choice painting on paper Has difficulties in appreciating own work

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Lear	rning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 PRINTING	2.1Pattern Making 4 lessons	By the end of the substrand the leaner should be able to: a) make patterns using objects for creativity; b) identify different patterns; c) appreciate own and others painted work.	materials. Guide learn Guide learn using brushe fine motor of brushes whi could use as Learners cre objects. Lea difficulties of while those assistive dev Display own with motor mobility and Guide learn Guide learn difficulties to	ers to use one colour ers to apply paint on objects es/Sponge. Learners with difficulties could use adapted le those with missing limbs esistive devices. eate patterns using different earners with fine motor could use universal cuff with missing limbs to use vices. In painted work. Learners difficulties could use d assistive devices er to share comments. ers with communication to use communication board ps to share comments.	 Which colour do you like for making patterns Which materials do you use for making patterns? Which printing do you like?
brushes/Spon	ge. Communication	and Collaboration as they s		icacy as they apply paint on ol	bjects using
 Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction; Safety Health Education: Patterns related to health Links to other learning Activity areas: Language Activities: Talking about patterns. 			Reduction;	 Link to Core Values: Co-operation: Work with Respect: Self and others: Responsibility: Pattern n Suggested Community services Mentorship	naking.
	Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Have painting activities: sung songs, on pattern making using different colours			Suggested Assessment: Que Observation	estion and answer,

Resources : materials from local environment e.g. Leaves, flowers, soil, brush, sponge, papers, pencil, crayon. Universal scuff,
adapted pencils and crayon, adapted brush
N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation

• Learner can identify different printing tools	Learner can identify some printing tools	• Learner attempts identifying printing	Learner has difficulties in printing without assistance
 create patterns using finger and others objects technique perform free choice and support peer appreciate the use of printing tools and others work 	 create some patterns using finger printing technique fairly perform free choice successfully Appreciate the use of printing tools and own work 	tools • fairly creates some patterns using finger and other objects printing technique • fairly performs free choice of patterns using objects • Appreciate the use of printing tools	Has difficulties in creating patterns without assistance

Strand	Sub- strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions
3.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	3.1 Mosaic 4 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify locally available materials for making mosaic pictorials for fun; b) create a simple pictorial using paper cut outs for enjoyment with assistive devices; c) appreciate the use of locally available. materials in creating pictorials	 Guide learners to collect materials for making mosaic items. Learners with missing limbs and mobility difficulties could use assistive. Guide learner group leaders to distribute materials to learners to create simple mosaic items. Learner with motor difficulties could be encouraged to perform activity according to their ability. Observe safety when using materials 	 What should we use to make mosaic items? Which material do you like most?

Core Competence: Creativity and Imagination: create simple mos	Guide in appreciating own and others work. Learners with speech difficulties could use communication board aic items. Self efficacy: Mosaic making Critical thinking and			
problem solving: Using mosaic to make pictures.	are items. Sen emeacy, wosaic making emical uninking and			
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:	Link to Core Values			
Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk	Responsibility: Making mosaic.			
Reduction; Safety				
Health Education: Observe hygiene				
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Visit neighborhood			
Language: Appreciate own and others work	and collect materials			
• Environment collect materials from the environment				
Mathematics collect materials for mosaic				
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Observation, self assessment, question			
Fun day, sing songs related to picture making	and answers			
Resources : materials from local environment such as soil, brush, sponge, papers, pencil, glue, adapted brush, pencils				
N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes				

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner can identify and create simple mosaic pictorials Appreciate the use of locally available materials in creating pictorials give meaning to his/her mosaic work 	 Learner can identify and create simple pictures using mosaic technique with support Appreciate the use of locally available materials in creating mosaic features with support give meaning to his/her work 	 Learner can identify and create simple picture using mosaic technique with prompt Appreciate the use of locally available materials in creating mosaic feature with prompt create simple mosaic item 	 Learner has difficulties in identifying and creating simple picture using mosaic technique Has difficulties in appreciating the use of locally available materials in creating mosaic feature Observe safety

Strand	Sub-	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry
	Strands			Questions
3.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	3.2 Collage	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify materials used in creating collage pictures for fun; b) create a simple collage picture using a variety locally materials for enjoyment; c) appreciate their own and others work.	 Guide learners to collect materials from their immediate environment. Learners with mobility difficulties and motor difficulties could be assisted or use assistive devices. Guide learners into purposive groups for material sharing Guide learners to stick different materials on the paper using glue, wheat flour or sap. Learners with fine motor difficulties could be provided with adapted materials for easier grasping Insure learners observe safety when using collage materials. Guide learners to appreciate their own and others work 	1. Where do we get materials for making collage? 2. What materials do you use to make collage? 3. Which items do you like making?

	 Learners store finished items in the cupboard (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Learners clean up the working area. (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). 			
Core Competence: Communication and collaboration: As they work	together. Self-efficacy: As they talk about their work. Critical			
thinking and problem solving: Using collage to make pictures. Learning	*			
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values			
• Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction;	Co-operation: Working together.			
safety	Responsibility: Making collage.			
Life skill and value education: Art of making pictures				
Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Visit			
Environmental activities: Collecting materials.	neighbourhood and collect materials			
Language activities: work in groups and share materials				
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment			
Group craft activities	Observation			
Peer support game in craft activities	Question and answer			
	• Self-assessment			
Resources : materials from local environment e.g., soil, brush, sponge, papers, pencil, glue, sand, egg shells, seeds, adapted pencils and brushes				
N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes				

Exceeding Above	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Expectation			

Learner can perform all the following activities successfully Identify materials used in making collage Select and stick different materials to make simple collage items Express feelings as his/her work and gallery walk Leaner can perform most the following; Can collect materials from the immediate environment Can perform any of the activities successfully Create simple collage items usin collage technique Observe safety when using materials Give meaning to his/her collage work	 Give meaning to his/her work Create simple mosaic items 	 Learner has difficulty in performing the following independently Identify materials for making collage Create simple collage Observe safety
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Strand		Sub-Strands		Specific Learning Outcom	ies	Suggested Learning		Key Inquiry
Strand 4.0MODELL ING	usi	Sub-Strands Modeling ng ball nnique 2 Lessons	the a)	the end of the sub-strand leaner should be able to: identify materials for modeling objects for familiarization; model simple objects using ball technique for fine motor development;	·	Suggested Learning Experience Guide learners identify materials for modeling. Learners with fine motor and manipulative difficulties could be assisted or use assistive devices Guide learners into purposive working groups	1.	Key Inquiry Questions What materials do you use for modeling? What do you like modeling?
			c) d)	model freely for fun; display finished objects for appreciating own and others work.	•	Guide learners to use clay, plasticine, dough, paper mache for modeling (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Learners display, appreciate own and others work. Learners with fine motor and locomotion difficulties could		

			be assisted or use assistive devices to display the finished work		
Core Competence Self-efficacy:	•	magination: Modeling using ball tec	chnique. Communication and colla	aboration: Working together.	
Link to Pertinent		ry Issues:	Link to Core Values		
Education For Sustainable Development: DDR; Safety		Co-operation: Working tog	gether.		
Health Education: Hygiene		Responsibility: modeling	Responsibility: modeling		
Life skills and value education: Modeling.					
Links to other learning Activity areas:			Suggested Community service	ee learning: Improve school	
• Language activities: Listening to instructions.			ground		
• Environmental	l activities: Natural	resources.			
Mathematics activities: Estimation of quantities to use.					
Religious educ	cation: Appreciate	God's creation.			
		arning through application: Have		vation, question and answer,	
modeling activities	<u>·</u>		Self-assessment		
Resources : Mater	Resources: Materials from local environment e.g. clay, Plastacine ,sponge, paper machier, pencil, glue,				

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Lear can successfully identify two modeling techniques Model successfully using slab and ball Model successfully at least a complete object 	 Learner can successfully identify one modeling technique Can successfully model any one of the following modeling methods stab or ball Can successfully model an average object 	 Learner fairly identify one modeling technique Fair Model using one of the following slab or ball Model unfinished object 	 Learner has difficulty in identifying any modeling technique without assistance Model any form of item which cannot be identified by the two methods Model unfinished object

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Questions
		Outcomes	Experience	
4.0MODELLI NG	42 Modeling using slab technique 3 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) model simple objects using slab technique for fine motor development; b) model freely for fun; c) display finished objects for appreciation of own and others work.	 Guide learners to identify materials for modeling. Guide learners into purposive working groups. Guide learners to use clay, plasticine/ paper mache, for modeling. Learners with mobility and fine motor difficulties could be assisted or use mobility and assistive devices respectively. Learners display, 	 What materials do you use for modeling What shape do you like modeling How do you model?
			1 2	

	work (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply here).	
Core Competence: Creativity and imagination: Modeling .Communica	tion and collaboration: Working together. Self-efficacy:	
Confidence.		
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values	
Education For Sustainable Development: Safety	Co-operation: Working together.	
Health Education: Hygiene	Responsibility: Modeling	
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Improve	
• Language activities: Listening to instructions.	school ground	
Environmental activities: Natural resources.		
• Mathematics activities: Estimation of amount of material to use		
Religious education: Appreciate God's creation.		
Resources : materials from local environment e.g. clay, Plastasine, sponge, paper machier, glue.		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation	
 Learner can successfully identify two modeling techniques Model successfully using slab and ball Able to appreciate own and others work with ease 	 Learner can successfully identify one modeling technique Can successfully model an average object Appreciate own and others work 	 Learner fairly identify one modeling technique Fair Model using one of the following slab Model incomplete object 	 Learner has difficulty in identifying any modeling technique without assistance Model incomplete object with assistance 	

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experience	Questions
5.0 PAPER CRAFT	5.1Weaving 8 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify materials for weaving for familiarization; b) cut for use in weaving c) weave for fun and creatively with assistance; d) weave using papers for fun; e) appreciate own and others work.	 Learners identify weaving materials. Learners to cut papers freely. Learners with fine motor difficulties could be assisted or use assistive devices Guide learners on how to cut material for weaving (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here). Learners work in purposive pairs, small groups as they practice weaving (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here). Learners observe safety as they work in groups. Learners display their work and gallery walk (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here) 	1. Which item do you enjoy weaving 2. Which materials do you use for weaving? 3. What do you use the woven materials for
			ication and collaboration: Team wo	ork. Self-efficacy:
	<u> </u>	em solving: Weaving functional ite		
	Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:		Link to Core Values:	
• Life skills and value education: Weaving			Responsibility: Weaving	
		Cooperation: Working together.		
Links to other learning Activity areas:		Suggested Community service learning: Collecting		
• Environmental activities: Materials collected from the environment.		materials for weaving in the environment		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Sign			Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer,	
songs related to craft activities when weaving			self-assessment	

Indicators	Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches	Below Expectation
			Expectation	
Weaving	 Learner can successfully; Perform different skills of cutting papers Cut papers correctly Use cut paper to weave correctly Enjoy own and others finished work 	 Learner performs different skills of cutting papers. Cut correctly Weave correctly Enjoy own work Enjoy others work 	 Learner tries to perform skills of cutting papers Attempts to cut Try to weave Enjoy own work 	 Leaner has difficulty performing any skill of cutting Needs assistance in cutting Attempt to weave with assistance Enjoy cutting or weaving with assistance

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experience	Questions
5.0PAPER CRAFT	5.2Paper folding	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify different ways of folding papers from creativity; b) make items using folding techniques for enjoyment with assistance; c) appreciate paper folding for fun.	 Learners fold papers freely in different ways. Learners with fine motor and manipulative difficulties could be assisted or provided with early griped materials, apply weights on hands where necessary Guide learners on different ways of folding papers. Learners practice making items using paper folding technique in pairs and small 	 What items do you enjoy making? Which ways do you fold the paper? Which items do you make using paper folding?

	groups (Adaptations in		
	bullet 1 above apply here).		
	Express their emotions as		
	they display their work		
	(Adaptations in bullet 1		
	above apply here).		
Core Competence: Creativity and imagination: Fold papers freely	in different ways. Communication and collaboration as they work		
in pairs and small groups. Self-efficacy fold papers freely. Critical thinking and problem solving: Practice making items using paper			
folding technique			
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values		
• Life skills and value education: Producing paper items.	Responsibility: Performing activity		
	• Co-operation: Working with others.		
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning		
• Environmental activities: Paper collection.	 Collecting materials within the locality suitable for folding 		
Mathematics activities: Estimation/measuring.			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer, self-		
Play games involving cutting of different shapes	assessment		
Resources: Universal scuffs, communication board, manilla papers	, sugar papers		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner identify different techniques of folding papers correctly Make items using paper successfully Make items using paper folding technique independently 	 Learner identify techniques of folding papers Make items using paper Make items using paper folding technique 	 Learner can fairly identify techniques of folding paper Can make items using paper with prompts Attempt to make some items using paper folding technique 	 Learner identify techniques of folding papers with assistance Has difficulties to make items using paper Has difficulty to make items using paper folding techniques even without assistance

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
6.0 CREATING SHAPES AND FORMS USING ICT	6.1 Creating shapes and forms 5 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) interact with the gadgets freely for familiarization; b) display the ability to operate the gadgets for creating shapes; c) create shapes using electronic gadgets for creativity with assistance; d) appreciate own created shapes for fun.	 Guide learners to operate electronic gadgets. Learners who are epileptic could use low light intensity on the gadgets. Guide learners to open relevant ICT application (Program). Learners with fine motor and manipulative difficulties could be provided with adapted ICT devices and be assisted where necessary. Guide learners to create shapes using ICT application (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here) Learners to observe safety on the use of ICT devices Learners to store ICT devices Learners with fine motor and manipulative difficulties could be assisted where necessary. 	 What electronic gadget did you use to create forms and shapes? What shape can you create? How did you operate electronic gadgets to create shapes and forms?

Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:	Link to Core Values:
• Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction: Safety	Responsibility: Creating shapes and forms.
Link to other learning areas: Mathematics activities: create shapes	Suggested Community service learning: Interact with parents and other siblings
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Visit a supermarket	Suggested Assessment: Observation, own assessment, question and answer

Exceed Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Leaner can name electronic gadgets effectively Can open relevant ICT programm with ease Uses the gadgets confidently 	 Learner can name electronic gadgets Can open relevant ICT programm Can use the gadget 	 Learner attempts to name some electronic gadgets uses the gadgets with prompts 	 Learner has difficulties in naming electronic gadgets except without assistance Uses the gadgets with assistance

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
7.0 CONSTRUCTION	7.1 3D forms 4 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify materials for construction; b) construct simple 3D objects for creativity with assistance; c) handling materials for interaction with assistance; d) display for appreciation.	a) Learners collect materials from the environment. Learner with mobility and manipulation difficulties could be assisted or use mobility and assistive devices respectfully. b) Learners interact with materials as they make objects. Learners with fine motor difficulties could use alternative functioning parts of the body or use assistive devices. c) Learners construct 3D Objects and simple playing materials with assistance from the peers, teachers, and teacher aides. d) Learners display work and talk about own and others Learners to be guided on safety precautions when collecting and -working with materials. e) Express their emotions as they display work Learners with speech difficulties could use communication board, while those with mobility and manipulation difficulties could use mobility and assistive devices respectfully. f) Store and care for materials with assistance (Adaptations in bullet 5 above apply).	 How do you make 3d forms? What should you consider when collecting materials?

Core Competence: Creativity and imagination: Construction. Communication and collaboration: Collecting materials. Critical thinking and problem solving: Creating functional 3D forms. Self-efficacy: confidence.				
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues: Link to Core Values				
 Responsibility: Constructing items. 				
Links to other learning Activity areas: Suggested Community service learning: Collecting materials				
in the environment				
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Cooking (kalongo) Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer				

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Leaner can identify materials for construction with ease Can collect materials from the environment for creativity Able to construct simple 3D's objects and complex playing materials 	 Leaner can identify materials for construction Can collect materials from the environment Able to construct simple 3D's objects and simple playing materials 	 Learner can identify some materials for construction with prompts Collect materials from the environment with prompts Can construct simple 3D's objects with prompts 	 Learner can identify materials for construction with assistance Has difficulty to collect materials from the environment 8.1 can only construct a simple playing materials

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
8.0 ORNAMENTS	8.1Beading 4 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify materials used for beading; b) make beads using locally available materials for aesthetics with assistance; c) appreciate own and others finished beading work.	 Learners to collect locally available materials. Learners with mobility and manipulation difficulties could be assisted by peers, teachers or teacher aides or use mobility devices. Learners to sort the materials to use (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Learners to be guided on how to bead (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Learners to work in purposive pairs and small groups to make beads. Observe safety as they bead Learners to express their emotions as they display their work. Learners with speech difficulties to use communication board or universal stamp while those with manipulation and mobility difficulties use mobility and assistive devices 	 What materials do you need for beading? What item can you make from beads?

Core Competence: Creativity and imagination: Make items using beads. Critical thinking and problem solving: Making functional				
items. Communication and collaboration: Working together. Self-efficacy: Confidence.				
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues Link to Core Values: Responsibility: Making items using bead				
Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk				
Reduction; Safety				
Learning to learn: Bead work.				
• Financial Literacy: Producing items for sale.				
Health Education: Hygiene				
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Collecting material at			
Mathematics activities: Counting	home and within the environment			
• Environmental activities: Beads collected from environment.				
• Language activities: Listening to instructions.				
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment: Observation, self-assessment, question			
application: Making aesthetic materials with beads, Group craft and answer				
activities				
Resources: ICT Devices(Beads ,raw soft seed, thread, blocks, communication board, universal cuff, multipurpose stamps				

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner able to identify materials for beading from the environment and sort them Can make beads freely with patterns Appreciate own and others finished work critically 	 Learner can identify materials for beading from the environment Make beads freely Appreciates own and others finished work 	 Learner can identify materials for beading with prompts Make beads with prompts Appreciate own finished work only 	 Learner has difficulties in identifying materials for beading Has difficulties in making beads even with assistance Can appreciate the finished work with assistance only

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experience	Questions
8.0 ORNAMENTS	8.2 Bracelet Making 4 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify different materials for making bracelets for innovation; b) make simple bracelets using locally available materials for creativity with assistance; c) appreciate own and others finished work.	 Guide learners to; Collect materials from the environment. Learners with mobility and manipulation difficulties could be assisted by peers, teachers or teacher aides, use mobility devices or assistive respectfully. Sort materials for bracelets making (Adaptations in bullet 1 apply here). Make bracelets of their choice in pairs or small groups (Adaptations in bullet 1 apply here). Observe safety during materials collection and in making bracelets. Display the made bracelets (Adaptations in bullet 1 apply here). 	 What materials did you collect from the environment? Who did you work with?
Core Competence:	Communication and C	ollaboration: Make bracelets of their ch		Self-efficacy: Confidence
		ng: Making bracelets for body wear.	Link to Core Values	
Link to Pertinent an	Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:			
• Education For Su materials from the e		: Environmental awareness: Collect	• Unity as they work	in pairs
Links to other learn			Suggested Community Nature walk to collect n	S

 Mathematics activities: Measurement. Environmental activities: Materials collected from environment. 	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Role playing in	Suggested Assessment: Observation of
selling and buying finished goods	children's activities, question and answer,
Resources: Soft wires, beads, thread, soft raw seeds, assistive device like prosthesis	S

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner can identify materials for making bracelets creatively 	Learner can identify materials for making bracelets	Learner can identify some materials for making bracelets with prompts	 Learner attempts to identify materials with assistance May make simple bracelets
 Can make simple bracelets from locally available materials with ease 	Can make simple bracelets from locally available materials	Can make simple bracelets with promptsCan partly explain finished	partly • Has difficulties in explaining his finished work
 The learner has the ability to explain his/her finished work accurately 	The learner can explain his finished work with assistance	work	

MUSIC 2

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	\$	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
9.0Performance	9.1 musical Rhymes 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) recite simple rhymes for enjoyment; b) demonstrate the ability to recite simple rhymes for fixed appreciate different rhymes.	un;	listen to recorded rhymes	Which rhyme do you recite? Whose rhyme do you like most?
Core Competences		l why was a c	<u> </u>	7 17 1	1
	listening to recorded and Contemporary		Link	s to Core Value:	
	ney follow guidelines			ooperation rhyme in purposive pair	s or small groups
Links to other lear	ning Activity areas	:	Com	munity service learning: Invite a	specialist to
	ties: working in pair		demo	onstrate different rhymes	
• Environmental	activities: Cultural r	nymes.			
 Non-formal activity to support learning: Invite peers from other classes levels to demonstrate rhyming during fun days 			ested Assessment: Observation, chanswer	necklist, question	
,		, videos, resources persons	l		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to perform simple rhythms perfectly Able to recite simple thymes at ease Show ability and appreciation in performing simple rhythms 	 Learner can perform simple rhythms Recite simple rhythms Shows interest to recite rhythms 	 Learner has difficulty in performing rhymes Portray less ability in reciting rhythms Recite rhymes with prompts 	 Learner has difficulties in performing rhymes even with assistance Has difficulties in portraying ability in reciting rhymes Has difficulties in reciting rhymes even with assistance

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experience	Questions
9.0 PERFORMANCE	9.2 Singing Games 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify simple singing games for enjoyment b) perform simple singing games for fun with assistance; c) perform simple singing games using props with assistance; d) appreciate their culture as they perform.	 Guide learners to perform singing games freely. Learners with mobility difficulties could be assisted or use mobility devices. Guide learners to identify props to accompany singing games. Guide learners to perform singing games from different cultures in groups and in pairs. Learners with speech difficulties could mime, hum, tap or clap Simple attempts made by 	 Which singing games do you enjoy most? Which costumes do you use?

	learners with mobility difficulties by appreciated. • Guide learners to watch a video on singing games				
	from different cultures.				
Core Competence: Communication and collaboration – as they wor					
singing games. Digital literacy – use of electronic gadgets. Citizensh	ip – perform singing games from different cultures				
Links to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Links to Core Values:				
Citizenship appreciate diversity	Responsibility as they perform activities given				
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community Service: Invite a resource person to				
 Language activities: Perform singing games 	enlighten them about the morals and values in the singing game				
 Mathematics activities: Patterns in singing games. 					
Religious activities: Sacred songs.					
Non-formal activity to support learning	Suggested Assessment: Observation, observation checklist,				
Music festivals and fun days	walk and watch.				
Suggested learning resources: videos, recorded music festival items, resource persons, mobility devices					

Exceeds Expectation Me		Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation	
simple singing games in their environment • Perform simple singing games from different culture with props effectively • Enjoy other culture as they	Learner identify some of the singing game in their country Perform simple singing games from different culture with props Enjoy other culture as they perform different songs	 Learner attempt singing songs in their language Attempt simple singing games from different culture with prompts Enjoy others culture as they sing and perform different games 	 Learner identify singing game with assistance Perform the singing game from different culture with assistance Has difficulties in using props 	

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Questions
		Outcomes	Experience	
9.0 PERFORMANCE	9.3 Play simple music 5 Lessons	By the end of the substrand the leaner should be able to: a) identify various ICT devices that produce music for fun; b) listen and perform music for enjoyment with assistance where necessary; c) appreciate self and other's performed music.	 Learners to be guided to name various electronic gadgets. Learner with speech difficulties to be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use communication board. Operate ICT devices to listen and respond to music. Learners with manipulation and motor difficulties could be assisted or use assistive and mobility devices. Perform simple music from various ICT devices (Adaptations in bullet two above apply here). Coordinate parts of the body as they play music from various ICT devices the adaptation made in bullet 2 apply. Learners with manipulation and motor difficulties could use assistive and mobility devices respectfully. Observe safety as they use, operate and store electronic gadgets (Adaptation made in 	 Which game do you like playing? Whom do you enjoy playing with?

	bullet 2 above apply here).	
	devices respectfully.	
Core Competence: Self- efficacy: As they perform simple music. O	Communication and collaboration – As they work with one another	
Link to PCIs:	Link to Core Values:	
• Education for sustainable development; Safety: Observe	• Responsibilities: Participate in singing game and dance.	
safety as they use, operate and store electronic gadgets		
Link to other activity areas	Suggested Community Service Learning: Invite a resource	
Mathematics activities: Timing	person to teach games	
• Environmental psychomotor and creative act: Play		
Non-formal activity to support learning	Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer,	
Attending drama festival	observation checklist, walk as you observe	
-		
Suggested resources: Audio recorders, radios, televisions, mobile p	phones and resource persons	

Exceed Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner is able to:	Learner is able to:	Learner is able to:	Has difficulties in
 Learner identify at least four ICT devices that 	 Identify at least three ICT devices that produce music 	Learner identify at least two ICT devices that produce	identifying ICT device that produce music
produce music	 Operate ICT devices that 	music	Only listen to music from
• Operate complex ICT	produce music.	Listen and perform music from	an ICT device
devices that produce music	• Listen to and perform music from an electronic media	an electronic mediaAttempt operating an	Attempt to respond to music by the use of body
• Listen to and perform	successfully.	electronic media	with assistance
music from an electronic media	 Appreciate own and others performed music. 	Appreciate own performed music	
 Appreciate own and 			
others performed music			
with ease.			

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outco	mes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
10.0 BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	10.1 Locomotive 30 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strathe leaner should be able to a) Acquire the skills of crawling and swinging feasibility and strength b) Demonstrate the ability crawl and swing for enjoyment with assists c) Have fun as they craw swing in turns.	g for h; cy to ance;	 Guide learners to crawl and swing. Those with motor difficulties perform according to their ability or be assisted by peers, teacher aide or teacher. Learners have opportunity for free performance. (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply). Guide learners to observe safety as they perform activities. Guide learners on how to deal with emotions. Learners could perform the activities in groups and in pairs (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply). 	 Which activity do you enjoy most? Which activity would like to perform? When do you like playing with?
Core Competence: C Link to Pertinent and	_	<u> </u>		form the activities. Learn to learn to Core Values:	as they mentor each other
• Life skills – copin		33 40 3.		esponsibility. Observing safty	
• Education For Su	_	ment – Safety			
Links to other learning Activity areas:Language activities: Listening to instructions.				ested Community service learning ation places and enjoy swinging	g: Visit community
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:			Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer,		
=	• Participating in a fun day			vation schedule	,
Suggested resources					

Exceeds Expectation		Meets Expectation		Approaches Expectation		Below Expectation	
•	Learner is able to demonstrate crawling and swinging skills effectively Can swing perfectly and	 Learner is able to demonstrate the skills of crawling and swinging Demonstrate the ability to crawl 	•	Learner can identify any of the two skills of crawling and swinging Can swing with assistance	•	Learner can identify any of the two skills of crawling and swinging with assistance	
	crawl independently	and swing.		and crawl with prompts	•	Can swing and crawl	
•	Can play in groups of more than two successfully	Can successfully play in groups of two pairs	•	Can play alone	•	with assistance only Play with alone with assistance	

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experience Key inquiry questions				
10.0 BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	10.2.2 Non locomotive 30 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) acquire stretching and bending skills for muscle development; b) bending and stretching for body co-ordination; c) have fun as they stretch and bend.	 Learners to stretch and bend freely. Learners with brittle bone could have less vigorous stretching and bending activities. Learners with motor difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher Which activity did you perform? Which activity did you enjoy? How did you feel as your partner performed the 				
	Communication a	nd collaboration – when working	ng in groups . Self efficacy – as they express their emotions				
during performance							
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues: Link			Link to Core Values:				
• Education for Su	ıstainable Develor	oment – Safety	• Responsibility: Bending and stretching.				

Life Skills – assertiveness	
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Learn from their
• Language activities: Appreciate own and others talents	siblings at school and at home
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Observation, observation checklist,
 Participating in gymnastics/fun games 	question and answers, peer assessment
Suggested resources: Mats	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner can stretch and bend accurately Can show the effective development of fine and gross motor skills Can appreciate own and others talents with ease 	 Learner can stretch and bend. Display effectively development of fine and gross motor skills in activities Can appreciate own and others talents 	 Learn with motor skills fairly developed but cannot do activities accurately Follow directions for some activities Can only appreciate own talents 	 Has very little muscle control Can follow the directions of doing activities well only when assisted Can appreciate own talents fairly
 Has ability to change from one activity to the other i.e. bending, stretching and squatting 			

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
10.0 BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	e Skills 30 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Acquire a range of manipulative for talent development; b) Perform various manipulative activities for enjoyment with assistance; c) Have fun as they practice various manipulative skills; d) Develop awareness of different strength required for kicking different objects.	 Collect items/materials from the immediate environment that they can use for manipulation. Learners with mobility and manipulative difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use mobility and assistive devices. Learners practice throwing and catching objects freely. (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Guide learners on the safety precautions to be followed during throwing and catching. 	 What did you enjoy doing? Which materials did you use?

Core Competence : *Communication and collaboration* — when collecting materials, when playing in groups in pairs and taking turns *Critical thinking and problem solving* — when throwing and catching and kicking different. *Self-efficacy* — as they take turns and appreciate own and others.

appreciate own and others.	
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values
Education for sustainable development; observation safety	Responsibility: Sharing
• Life skills – coping with emotions	
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Art display
Religious Activities: Use God made materials	
• Language: talk with each other	
• Environmental: pick materials from environment	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Observation
• Observation	
Suggested resources: Fruits, seeds, maize cob	

Exceed Expectation Meets Expectation		Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner performs various manipulative activities correctly Practice various manipulative skills confidently and organizes others 	 Learner performs various manipulative activities correctly Practice various manipulative skills confidently 	 Learner attempts manipulative skills Attempt performing various manipulative activities With prompts practice various manipulative activities 	 Learner has difficulty in attempting manipulative activities Has difficulty in manipulative activities Has difficulty in practicing various manipulative activities

Strand	Sub-	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry
	Strands			Questions
11.0	11.1Musical	By the end of the sub-strand the	• Guide learners for nature walk to	1. Which sounds did
LISTENING	Sounds	leaner should be able to:	listen to various sounds made by	you listen to?
AND		a) identify various sound made	animals in their environment.	2. Which animal
RESPONDING	5 Lessons	by various animals from the environment for familiarization; b) sing songs related to musical sounds made by animals in the environment for enjoyment. Learners with speech difficulties could mime, hum, stamp or tap; c) appreciate various musical sound made by animals.	Learners with mobility difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use mobility devices. • Learners identify various sounds from the environment. • Organize learners to sing various songs related to sound in the environment. Learners with speech difficulties could mime, hum, stamp or tap. • Learners to imitate various sounds from the environment (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply here).	sound did you like most?

	Learners to observe safety as they nature walk.	
Core Competence: Learning to learn: Singing songs.		
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values	
Self-esteem, efficacy	Responsibility: Participate in singing songs.	
Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk	Co-operation: Working together.	
Reduction; Safety		
Link to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Take care of animals	
Environmental: Nature walk	in their environment	
Religious education. Appreciating Gods creation		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer	
Music artifacts	Observation checklist	
Suggested resources: Recorded animal sounds.		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner enjoys listening to sounds in the environment Identifies most of the sound from the environment and imitate Produce musical sounds from sounds of animals in the environment in a creative way correctly Identifies directions from which the sound come 	 Learner enjoys listening to sounds in the environment Identifies most of the sounds from the environment Produce musical sounds from sounds of animals in the environment in a creative way Identifies directions from which the sounds come 	 Learner enjoys listening to sounds from the environment Identifies some of the sounds from the environment Produces music from sounds of animals in the environment with prompts Identifies some directions from which the sounds come 	 Learner enjoys listening to sounds from the environment with encouragement Identifies a few sounds from the environment with assistance Has difficulty in producing music from sounds in the environment Has difficulty in identifying direction from which the sounds come

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes	Experience	Questions
11.0 LISTENING AND RESPONDING	11.2 Imitating Musical Sounds 12 lessons	By the end of the substrand the leaner shoul able to: a) identify sources of sound in the environment for familiarization; b) imitate sounds made the environment for enjoyment; c) appreciate sounds produced in the environment.	 Guide learners; Listen to different sounds in the environment To identify the sources of sound in the environment. To imitate sounds produced in the environment in groups and pairs. Learners 	 What do you hear? What makes that sound? Which direction did the sound come from?
Core Competence : Co Self-efficacy: Imitate so		llaboration as they sing		
Link to Pertinent and		es	Link to Core Values	
		ent: Animal awareness	• Responsibility: Imitating sounds.	
• Environmental awar	-		2 2	
Links to other learning Activity areas:			Suggested Community service learning	
• Language activities:	• Language activities: Familiar sounds/animal sounds.		• Nature walk in the neighbourhood – caring for animals	
Non-Formal Activity to			Suggested Assessment	
Music festival			 Observation of children's individual activity, question and answer through discussion 	
Suggested resources :]	Recorded sounds			

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Learner can successfully; Listen to sounds Identify sources of sound Imitate sounds correctly Make sound they have listened	 Learner listens to sounds Identify sources of sounds Imitate sounds Express his feelings towards sound produced. 	 Learner listen fairly well Fairly identify sources of sound Tries to imitate sounds Enjoy sounds produced 	 Learner has difficulty in listening to sounds without assistance Attempts to identify sources of sounds Attempts to imitate sounds
 Learners with speech difficulties could hum Appreciate sound produced 	 Learners with speech difficulties could use communication devices 		 Fair enjoyment of the sounds produced

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry
				Questions
12.0SWIMMING	12.1Pool safety hygiene 30 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Identify basic water safety rules in the pool for mastery; b) Apply basic water safety rule in the pool for personal safety; c) Have fun as they role play basic water safety rules in the pool with assistance where necessary; d) Display ability to use safety materials in water for security with assistance where necessary.	 Guide learners on the basic water safety rules to observe in the pool. Learners could watch a film on swimming safety gears. Guide learners to use improvised pools as they observe safety rules. Learners with mobility difficulties could be assisted by teacher aide or teacher. Take turns as they practice safety rules in the pool. (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply here). Learners with Asthma could use warm water 	 Which safety rules should you observe in the pool? What should you do before getting into a swimming pool? Which materials do you use in the pool for safety?

	Appreciate own and others efforts.	
Core Competence: Self-efficacy: observe safety rules. Communication and collaboration: Take turns as they practice safety rules.		
the pool.		
Link to pertinent and contemporary issues	Link to Core Values	
• Education for sustainable development: disaster risk	Responsibility: Observe safety rules.	
reduction: safety	Co-operation: Watching a film/video	
• Life skills: Follow safety rules.		
Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community service learning: Share with peers basic	
• Environmental activities: use pool within environment	safety rules	
• Language Activities: Listening to instructions.		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application	: Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer,	
Swimming competition	observation checklist	
Suggested resources: ICT devices, film, pool		

Indicators	Exceeding Above	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
	Expectation			
Pool safety	 Learner successfully identifies basic water safety rules Apply basic water safety rules Display ability to use safety materials confidently Enjoy using basic water rules and safety materials and encourage others 	 Learner identifies basic water safety rules Apply basic water safety rules Display ability to use safety materials confidently Enjoy using basic water rules and safety materials 	 Learner can identify basic water safety with prompts Attempts to apply basic water safety rules Use safety materials Enjoys basic water rules with assistance 	 Learner has difficulty in identifying rules Has difficulty in applying basic rules May display ability to use safety rules Fairly enjoys basic safety rules and materials

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experience	Questions
12.0SWIMMING	12.2Water orientation 15 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) demonstrate ability to take care of themselves when playing with water for personal safety with; assistance where necessary b) demonstrate basic swimming skills for talent development with assistance where necessary; c) have fun when playing with in water; d) learners with mobility difficulties could be guided correctly.	 Guide learners to interact with water freely. Guide learner to practice basic safety precautions when playing with water. Learners with mobility difficulties and manipulative difficulties could be assisted by teacher aide or teacher. Learners with Asthma condition could use warm water. Guide them to adjust in water in the pool. Sing routine songs as they enter and exit water. Learners with speech difficulties could hum, mime, stamp or tap. Walk in a baby pool Guide learners to demonstrate basic swimming styles in turns(Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here) Learners with Asthma condition could use warm water. 	 What are some of the improvised pools you used? How do you feel while in water? What do you do before entering the pool?
		d problem solving: to practice bas	to Core Values	
Link to Pertinent and	u Contemporary 1		esponsibility: Observing rules.	

Life skills – making choices	Respect: Self and other.
 Links to other learning Activity areas: Language activities: Sing routine songs as they enter and exit water 	Suggested Community service learning: A nature walk to a river/poor
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Picnics	Suggested Assessment Question and answer, observation, checklist
Suggested resources: water	

Indicators	Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Water Orientation	 Learner follows rules for safety Take care of self when playing with water Swim for talent development 	 Learner can take care of self when playing with water Swim without being guided for fun Can follow some rules for safety 	 Learner may not be able to take care of self when playing with water without prompts Swim with assistance 	 Learner take care of him/herself when playing with water with assistance Has difficulty in swimming Has difficulty in following the rules correctly

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
13.0RHYTHM	13.1 Creating and composing rhythmic patterns 12 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) produce rhythmic patterns using body for strength and body coordination; b) creating various rhythmic patterns for talent development; c) play simple percussion instruments for fun.	 Guide learners to; Create free rhythmic pattern. Could watch films on different rhythmic patterns from videos and films. Identify percussion instruments. Practice playing simple percussion instruments in purposive pairs and in small groups. Learners with manipulation difficulties could use assistive devices. Observe safety as they play and store materials (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here) 	 What percussion instruments do we use to create rhythmic patterns? Which percussion instruments did you use? How do you play different percussion instruments?

Core Competence: Digital literacy – as they watch films and videos. Critical thinking and problem solving. Imagination and creativity: playing simple percussion instruments Communication and collaboration: playing simple percussion instruments in purposive pairs and in small groups.

Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues

• Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction; Safety

• Citizenship: Patriotism.

• Learning to learn: Composing rhythmic patterns

Links to other learning Activity areas: Environmental and Language

Link to Core Values:

• Respect: Appreciating others.

• Responsibility: Composing rhythms.

Suggested Community service learning: Playing percussion with their siblings

Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Questions and answer, observation
Music Festival, Church choir	
Suggested resources: ICT devices, film, percussion instruments	

Indicators	Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Creating and compose rhythmic patterns.	 Learner can create and compose rhythmic patterns successfully. Use music instruments to create patterns. 	Learner can create and compose rhythmic patterns	Learner can create and compose rhythmic patterns with prompts	Learner can create and compose rhythmic patterns with assistance

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experience	Questions
14.0FUN GAMES	14.1Traditional	By the end of the sub-strand	Guide learners to;	1. Where do we get
	games 15 Lessons	the leaner should be able to: a) identify various traditional and modern games for	Collect materials from home and neighborhood. Learners with motor	the materials for traditional and modern games?
	13 Lessons	performance; b) perform different traditional games for enjoyment with assistance where necessary; c) perform various game for fun.	manipulation difficulties could be assisted by teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices such as universal cuffs. Learners identify various traditional and modern games played in the environment.	2. What types of games do you played?3. How did you play the games?4. Which games do you enjoy playing?

Core Competence: Communication and collaboration: Working tog Self-efficacy: Confidence.	modern games in purposive pairs, small groups and whole class (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here) Learners with brittle bone could perform less vigorous games. • Observe safety when playing various traditional and modern games. • Practice proper storage of playing materials(Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here) gether .Imagination and creativity: Performing games	
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values:	
• Financial literacy – proper storage of materials	Respect: Self and others.	
	Responsibility: Performing traditional games.	
Links to other learning Activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning	
Environmental: Collect materials from home and	• Invite a resource person to teach modern and traditional	
neighborhood.	games	
• Language: Talk with each other as they perform in groups		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Questions and answer, observation	
Visit old people		
Suggested resources : costumes, jigs		

Indicators	Exceed Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Traditional games	 Learner can successfully identify games within the environment Can perform the games successfully Can perform games with props correctly and encourage others 	 Learner is able to identify games within the environment Can perform the games successfully Can perform games with props well 	 Learner can identify game within the environment with prompts May perform the games with prompts Can attempt to perform games with props well 	 Learner has difficulty in identifying games within the environment Needs assistance to perform some games Has difficulty in performing games with props well

PRE PRIMARY 2

ART ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Picture Making	1.1 Drawing from observation 3 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) use appropriate tools to draw simple pictures; b) draw simple representation from observation; c) appreciate each other's, drawing.	 Learners to be guided on how to use drawing tools. Learners to observe personal safety as they handle and sharpen pencils. Learners to be encouraged to draw pictures within margin. Learners with missing limbs, motor and manipulation difficulties could use alternative functioning parts of the body, be assisted by teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices. Learners draw simple picture from observation (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply her). Learners to discuss their drawings in purposive pairs and groups. Learners with speech difficulties could use communication board. Learners could be guided to draw pictures using ICT devices (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply her). 	 What do you use for drawing? Why do you like drawing? What would you like to draw? What do you like about your drawing?
Link to PCIs		Diaming, Digital inclu	Link to Values:	

Education for sustainable development (ESD): Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) – Safety as they handle drawing tools patriotism	Love: As they assist one another. Responsibility: As they draw
Links to other Activity Areas: Mathematics: As they draw different shapes. Language: As they discuss their drawings in purposive pairs and groups. Environmental Activities: As they observe different things in the environment.	Suggested Community Service Learning: Building collaborative relationships between school and families as they discuss their completed work with parents
Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning through application: Display finished work within the classroom	Suggested assessment: Observation /demonstration, open-ended questions, Self assessment, portfolio.

Suggested Resources: Drawing reference books; eBooks, videos on drawing steps, drawing materials and tools such as pencil, marker pen, crayons, sharpener, paper, drawing templates, computing devices, pencil grips and book holders

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
• Learner can do all drawing activities successfully:	Learner can handle drawing tools well	Learner attempts to handle drawing tools	Learner scribblesDraws pictures out of
Handles drawing tools wellDraws picture from observation	Draws within marginMakes complete	Attempts to make pictureDraws pictures out of	margin
Draws to express feeling	pictures.	margin	
Draws within margins and assists others			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Picture Making	1.2 Drawing from memory 3 Lesson	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify drawing materials; b) use appropriate tools to draw simple pictures; c) draw symbolic representation of things found in the classroom from memory; d) appreciate each other's, drawing.	 Guide learners to identify drawing materials. Learners to be guided on how to use drawing tools. Learners draw simple picture from memory. Learners with missing limbs, manipulative and motor difficulties could be assisted by teacher aide, teacher or use alternative functioning parts of the body or use assistive devices. Learners could be guided to take a photo of their drawn pictures using different devices (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply here). Learners to be encouraged to draw pictures within margin (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply here). Learners to discuss their drawings in pairs and groups. Learners with speech difficulty could use communication board. Learners to observe personal safety as they handle and sharpen pencils. Learners could draw using tools available on various computing devices (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply here). 	 What do you use for drawing? Why do you like drawing? What would you like to draw? What do you like about your drawing?
Core-Compete Link to PCIs :	ž	magination: Drawing. Digital lite	eracy: Drawing using computers Link to Values:	

ESD-DRR: Safety using sharpening materials; Learning support programme	Unity: As they work in groups/discuss
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning:
Mathematics: As they draw shapes	Building collaborative relationships between
Language: As they use vocabulary in communication.	school and families as they discuss their
Environmental Activities: As they observe different objects in their surrounding.	completed work with parents
Suggested Non-formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Observation
Display finished work within the classroom	/demonstration, open-ended questions, self-
	assessment, Portfolio.

Suggested Resources: Drawing reference books; eBooks, videos on drawing steps, drawing materials and tools such as pencil, marker pen, crayons, sharpener, paper, drawing templates, computing devices, grips, book holders

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify drawing materials Able to handle drawing tools Can do all drawing activities successfully: 	 Learner is able to identify some drawing materials Can handle drawing tools well Makes complete pictures. 	drawing materials	 Learner has difficulty in identifying drawing materials Scribbles Draws out of margin
Draw picture from memoryDraw to express feelingsDraw within margin	Draws within margin.	Draws out of margin	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggest	red Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Picture Making techniques	1.3 Printing 4 Lessons	By the end of the substrand the leaner should be able to: a) identify printing materials; b) develop simple printing tools with assistance where necessary; c) create patterns using different objects for creativity with assistance where necessary; d) appreciate own and other pupils work.	used could could prin man by the Guide object created apple of Guide (Add.) Lear their or d	de learners to identify local materials of for printing. Learner without speech depoint or write/type. The learner to pick materials for ting. Learners with motor and ipulation difficulties could be assisted their peers, teacher aide or teacher. The learner to apply solution on an extra and register the first print for tivity (Adaptations in bullet 2 above y here). The learners to work in purposive groups thance collaboration. The learners to display printed materials appropriately above apply). The could be guided to take photos of the printed materials using mobile phones igital cameras (Adaptations in bullet 2 apply here).	 Which materials do you use for printing? Which materials do you use for making printing patterns? Which printing do you like?
	2	nd Imagination: As they print on: As they seek for assistance		•	
Link to PCIs ESD:DRR Health Edu	2: Safety ucation, Hygiene			 Link to Core Values Co-operation: As they work together. Responsibility: Display printed materials 	
	Activity Areas: ental: Pattern mak	ing		Suggested Community service learning: Mentorship	

Language Activities: During collaboration		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Observation,	
Have painting activities	self-assessment, questions and answers	
Suggested Resources: Cardboard, newspapers, brush, colours, mobile phone, digital cameras, book holders, grips.		

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify all printing tools develop simple printing tools and use create patterns using finger and others objects technique perform free choice correctly and successfully 	 Learner is able to Identify some printing tools Attempt developing simple printing tools Create some patterns using finger printing technique fairly Perform free choice successfully 	 Learner attempts to identify printing tools Fairly attempt developing simple printing tools Fairly creates some patterns using finger and other objects printing technique Fairly perform free choice successfully 	 Learner has difficulty in attempting to use printing tools. Has difficulty in appreciating own and others work.

STRAND	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Picture Making Techniques	1.4 Colouring 6 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) recognize common colours in the environment for use in colouring; b) display ability to use colour media freely for enjoyment; c) appreciate and talk about their work.	 Guide learners to identify colours of different objects around them. Learners could be guided to observe the different colours in various computing devices. Learners to do free colouring individually or in groups as they observe personal safety. Learners with motor difficulties and missing limbs could use alternative functioning parts of the body or use assistive devices, Learners clear working area in turns and store the colouring materials. Learners with mobility difficulties and motor difficulties could be assisted by their peers teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices. Guide learners to display their work (adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Learner could be guided to take photos of their coloured drawings (adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Encourage learners to talk about their displayed work. Learners with speech difficulties could be 	 Which is your favourite colour? What would you do if your pencil breaks? What do you like colouring?

their v comm • Learne compu	ts. Self-efficacy: As they talk about their work.	
Link to PCIs and Values:	Links to Values:	
Health education: HygieneESD: DRR; Safety	Responsibility: As they draw individually Respect: As they talk about other people's work.	
ESD. DRK, Salety	Love: As they assist one another.	
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Draw and	
• Environmental Activities: Identify colours of different objects around	colour found objects from their community. Culture and	
them.	Diversity; artwork reflects a broad spectrum of cultures	
Language Activities: Talk about their displayed work		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Make colours from locally available material	Suggested assessment: Open-ended ,Oral questions, portfolio, self-assessment, rating forms	
Suggested Resources: Handbooks, coloured artworks, e-books, colouring mat	erials such coloured pencils, marker pens, crayons; flash	
cards, colouring books/ colouring books with 4D App, tracing paper, drawing	paper, drawing pencils, erasers, sharpener, learning	
laptops, grips, book holders.		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner recognizes common colours in the environment Able to colour successfully Talks about work done with ease 	 Learner recognizes common colours Able to colour successfully Attempts to talk about art work done 	 Learner recognizes some colours Colours with prompts Has difficulty talking about work done 	Learner needs assistance in almost all areas

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Picture Making	1.5 Painting 4 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify painting materials. b) paint freely on paper for familiarization of materials; c) use finger technique for painting; d) paint freely for enjoyment; e) appreciate own and others painted work.	 Guide Learners to identify painting materials. Organize learners to paint freely in purposive pairs/groups. Learners with manipulation difficulties and missing limbs could use assistive devices. Learners to paint objects using finger technique. Learners with missing limbs could use alternative functioning parts of the body or use hand model. 	 Why do we paint? What do we use to paint? What can we paint?

	Learners to appreciate own and others paintings Learners without speech could use communication devices. Learners with asthmatic conditions could use paints which may not trigger the condition. Learners could be guided to take photos of their paintings(Adaptations in bullet2 above apply here).
Core-Competence: Critical thinking and problem solving: In choosing	ag paint colour. Imagination and creativity. As they take photos or

Core-Competence: Critical thinking and problem solving: In choosing paint colour. Imagination and creativity: As they take photos or paint objects. Self-efficacy: As they talk about their work. Life skills: Observe safety in using paints.

Link to PCIs:	Links to Values:
ESD:DRR; Safety	Responsibility: As they work individually or in groups.
Health Education: Personal Hygiene	Love: As they help each other.
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Paint found
Environmental: Painting objects found in the environment.	objects from their community.
Religious education : Sharing materials.	
Language Activities: Use of vocabulary as they talk.	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Observation; demonstration,
• Supported learning at home and within community to enhance painting	question and answer, portfolio
skills	

Suggested Resources: Brushes washable paints, water paints, Tempera paints, water colour pencils, palette, brushes, smock/apron, old newspaper, water ,colour paper/drawing paper/tracing paper, drawing pencils, water containers and sharpener, learning laptops Internet or your local library, mobile phones, digital cameras, grips, book holders, hand model

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
• Learner is able to identify all painting materials	• Learner is able to identify all painting materials	• Learner is able to identify some painting	Learner requires assistance to identify some painting
 uses painting tools appropriately and motivates others 	 Uses painting tools appropriately Use paints to express	materialsAttempts to use paintsAttempts to appreciate	materialsAttempts to use paints with assistance
uses paints to express feeling successfully	feelings • Attempts to appreciate	work	Attempt to appreciate work own work
 appreciate own and others work 	others and own work		

Strand	Sub- strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Picture Making Techniques	1.5 Mosaic 4 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Identify materials for making mosaic. b) Make mosaic pictures using locally available materials for aesthetics; c) Appreciate the use of locally available materials for making mosaic.	 Guide learners to identify materials for making mosaic. Guide learners into working groups for collaboration. Assign group leaders to collect materials. Guide learners in preparing working surface. Learners with mobility Manipulative and motor difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use mobility devices and assistive devices. Guide learners to creatively make mosaic pictures from the collected 	 Why do we make pictures? Where do we get materials for mosaic pictures? What materials do we use for mosaic?

abo • Le pho pic abo	atterials (Adaptations in bullet 4 ove apply here). arners could be guided to take otographs of their finished mosaic etures (Adaptations in bullet 4 ove apply here). aide learners to appreciate each
oth dif dev • Le saf	rice rearries to appreciate each ficulties could use communication vices to express their views earners to pick and keep materials fely and neatly (Adaptations in flet 4 above apply here).
Core-Competence	
Self-efficacy: Self confidence as they talk about their work	
• Communication and collaboration: As they talk and work together.	
• Critical thinking and problem solving: As they choose materials.	T
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values:
• Life skill: Skills of knowing and living with oneself	Co-operation: As they work together
Self-efficacy: Self-esteem	Responsibility: As they use and keep materials.
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Collect materials
• Environmental: Reusing materials from the environment.	from the community for use in school to make mosaic picture

- Religious education: Sharing materials.
- Language: Talking as they collaborate.
- Mathematics Activities: Counting as they make mosaic.

Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:

• Exhibit their work during academic/parents day

Suggested assessment: Observation, open-ended questions, self-assessment, portfolio

Suggested Resources: Child-safe scissors, glue, construction paper, white card stock, paper punch, tracing paper, assorted paper, water paints, palettes, water containers, brushes, drawing pencils, crayons, learning laptops, digital cameras, mobile phones

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify the correct mosaic material Learner makes mosaic picture with ease Handle glue and tools well Able to appreciate mosaic work 	 Learner is able to identify the mosaic material Able to make mosaic pictures with assistance Appreciates mosaic work 	 Learner is able to identify the mosaic material with prompts Needs assistance to glue Attempts to make mosaic picture Attempts to appreciate mosaic work 	 Learner has difficulty recognizing mosaic material Needs assistance to complete the work Needs assistance to appreciate mosaic work

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Picture Making Techniques	1.6 Collage 4 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Identify material for making collage; b) Make collage pictures using locally available materials for aesthetics; c) Make collage pictures using locally available materials for enjoyment; d) Appreciate their own and other pupils work and develop self-esteem.	 Guide learners to identify materials for making Collage. Guide learners into working groups for collaboration. Assign group leaders to collect materials. Learners with mobility and motor difficulties and could be assisted by their peers, teacher aide teacher or use assistive devices. Guide learners in preparing working surface. Guide learners to creatively make Collage pictures from the collected materials. Learner with manipulation difficulties and those with missing limbs could use 	 Where do we get materials for making collage? How do we make collage?

Core-Competence: Creativity and imagination: In making collage pictur together. Critical thinking and problem solving: Choosing the material ar	nd tools to user.	
Link to PCIs	Links to Values:	
ESD: DRR safety:LSP	Responsibility: As they work with tools. Love: As they assist each other.	
Financial literacy	Co-operation: Make Collage pictures.	
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning:	
• Environmental: As they reuse different objects in the environment to me collage.	 Involve the community in collecting and assembling of materials to be used in school. 	
Mathematics: As they sort materials to use.		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Observation, open ended questions, checklist, portfolio	
• Review their projects with family and reflect on favorite techniques or materials they've used and artists they've learned about		
Suggested Resources: child-safe scissors and glue, construction paper, white card stock, sticks, feathers, straws, yarn, stencils, more, learning laptops, digital cameras, mobile phones, grips and holders.		

Exceed Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify materials for collage accurately Sticks the different types of material correctly Makes a colourful collage picture Works with others well and appreciates own and others work 	 Learner is able to identify materials for collage Sticks the different types of material correctly Make a colourful picture using collage technique Appreciates other learners' work and own 	 Learner is able to identify materials for collage with prompts Glues some materials Leaves some empty spaces Has difficulty appreciating what others are doing 	 Learner has difficulty identifying materials for collage without assistance Cannot complete a picture Make a colourful picture using collage technique with assistance Attempts to appreciate own work

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Modelling Techniques	2.1 Ball Technique 2 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify different types of materials used in modelling; b) model items using ball techniques; c) model for enjoyment; d) express their ideas feelings and emotions through modelling.	 Identify different types of materials used in modellingg. Collect and interact with the modelling materials and tools. Learners with manipulative and mobility difficulties could be assisted by their peers, teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices and mobility devices respectively. Collect and interact with the modelling materials and tools (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here). 	 What type of materials do you use for modelling? What type of materials do you enjoy modelling with? Where do you get modelling materials? What do you like modelling?

	_
Link to PCIs: Life-skills; Skills of knowing and living with others –	Link to Values:
Interpersonal relationships	Responsibility: As they use modeling materials
Health education: Hygiene	Co-operation: As they follow instructions given in ball technique.
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning : Caring for the
Environmental Activities : Modeling	environment through recycling of used paper.
Religious education: Role modeling	

Language Activities: Use of vocabulary		
 Mathematics Activities: Counting modeled objects. 		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment: Observation, walk and watch, listen	
application: Group art activities	ing to conversation as they work, noticing and collecting	
	information	
Suggested Resources: clay, plasticine, papiermache, tools relevant to media, glue, water, Craft reference books, internet sites on art,		
Books, adapted laptops/other ICT devices.		

Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Expectation			
 Learner is able to identify modeling materials Able to use modeling materials with ease Able to appreciate own and others work 	 Learner is able to identify modeling materials Makes items successfully using two methods Talks about the work done 	 Learner is able to identify modeling materials Manipulates modelling materials Can use one method successfully Can work with others with prompts 	 Learner attempts to identify modeling materials Attempts to model with assistance Has difficulty in talking about own work and others.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Modelling Techniques	2.2 Coil Technique 2 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify different types of material used in coil technique with assistance;	 Guide learners to identify different types of material used in Coil technique. Guide learners into purposive working groups. 	 What type of materials do you use for modelling? What type of materials do you enjoy modelling with?

b) model items using coil techniques with assistance; c) model for enjoyment d) express their ideas, feelings and emotions through modelling.	 Guide group leaders to distribute modelling materials Guide to make objects using coil technique. Learners with manipulation and motor difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices Learners could be guided to take photographs of their finished objects (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Guide learners to play. (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Guide learners to display, appreciate own and others work. (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Guide learners to clear working area and wash their hands (Adaptations in bullet 4 above
	area and wash their hands
	(Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here).
Core-Competence: Self-efficacy: Confidence as they talk about their using coiling method.	
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values:
Health education: Hygiene	Responsibility: As they use materials Unity: As they work together.
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning; Caring for the
Environmental Activities: Modeling.	environment through recycling of used paper.
 Language Activities: As they talk in group work. Mathematics Activities: As they count what they have made. 	

Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through review with the family at home on the method of modelling learner: Group art activities	Suggested assessment: Observation, question and answer, Walk and watch, Listen to conversation as they work, Noticing and collecting information	
Suggested Resources: clay, plasticine, papiermache, tools relevant to media, glue, water, Craft reference books, internet sites on art,		

Suggested Resources: clay, plasticine, papiermache, tools relevant to media, glue, water, Craft reference books, internet sites on art, Books, Learning laptops, digital cameras, moble phone, assistive devices, human resource, mobility device

Exceeds expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify modeling materials for coil technique easily Able to model using coil technique correctly Able to appreciate own and others work with ease 	 Learner is able to identify modeling materials for coil technique Able to make items using coil technique Appreciate own and others work 	 Learner is able to identify some of modeling materials for coil technique Attempts to model using coil technique Appreciate own working only 	 Learner attempts to identify some materials for modeling with assistance Attempts to model. Appreciate own work with assistance

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Modelling Techniques	2.3 Slab Technique 2 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify different types of material used in slab technique; b) model items using slab techniques with assistance	 Guide learners to identify different types of material used in slab technique Guide learners into working groups 	 What type of materials do you use for modelling? What type of materials do you enjoy modelling with? Where do you get modelling materials?

c) model for enjoyment; d) express their ideas, feelings and emotions through modelling with assistance. Core-Competence: Self-efficacy: Self confidence as they do their was in a slam method.	 Guide group leaders to distribute modelling materials. Guide to make objects using slab technique. Learners with manipulation and motor difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices. Learners could be guided to take photos of the finished products. Learners with epilepsy could use digital cameras with reduced light intensity. Guide learners to display, appreciate own and others work (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Guide learners to clear working area and wash their hands (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Fork. Critical thinking and problem solving: As they make objects
using slam method.	
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values Pagnongibility: Clear working area and wash their hands
Health education: Hygiene	Responsibility: Clear working area and wash their hands Co-operation: Make objects using slab technique.
	Love: Appreciate own and others work
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Caring for the
• Environmental Activities: Use of different material in slab technique.	environment through recycling of used paper.

 Religious education: Role modeling. Language Activities: As they talk in group work. Mathematics Activities: As they count the number of slabs to use. 		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Observation, walk and watch, listen to conversation as they work, noticing and collecting information	
Doing group art activities at house		
Suggested Resources: clay, plasticine, papiermache, tools relevant to media, glue, water, Craft reference books, internet sites on art, Books, Learning laptops. Digital cameras, mobile phones, mobility devices, assistive device		

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify modeling materials for slab technique Able to model using slab technique with ease Able to appreciate own and others work easily 	 Able to identify modeling materials for slab technique Able to make items using slab technique Appreciate own and others work 	Learner is able to identify modeling materials for coil technique Attempts to model using slab technique Can make items with prompts Talk of owns work with prompts	 Learner attempts to identify materials for modelling Attempts to model freely Talk about own work with assistance.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Paper Craft	3.1 Paper Folding 4 Lessons	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) identify different methods of folding papers for creativity; b) make items using folding techniques for problem solving with assistance; c) make items using paper folding techniques for fun.	 Guide the learner to identify different methods of folding papers for creativity. The learner observes different objects made out of folding techniques. Learners could be guided to observe video clips on folding techniques. Practice in purposive groups how to make items using paper folding techniques. Learners with motor and manipulation difficulties could or be assisted by peers, teacher and teacher aides or use assistive devices. Learner fold paper to make items of their choice (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Guide learners to display their work (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Guide learners to talk about their art work. Learners with speech difficulties be assisted by peers to reports their response, teacher aide, teacher or gesture or use communication board. 	 What items do we make by folding papers? Which items do you like making most using paper?

Core-Competence: Critical thinking and problem solving: Making of	objects through folding techniques.	
Link to PCIs:	Link to Values:	
Citizenship: Social cohesion	Unity: As they share	
• Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with oneself -	• Love: As they help one another	
Interpersonal relationships	• Co-operation: As they work together.	
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycling paper to	
• Environmental activities: Reuse of materials	enhance cleanliness in the environment.	
• Language: Use of vocabulary as they talk		
• Mathematics: Counting of made objects.		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Listening, observation, open-ended	
Organised hobby/talent day show	questions, portfolio, self-assessment	
Suggested Resources: Art craft reference books, design magazines, internet sites on craft teaching, art materials; looped scissors,		

papers, videos, DVD players, television sets, assistive devices, mobility devices

Indicator s	Exceeds expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Paper folding	 Learner is able to identify all materials for folding paper easily Fold paper to make items correctly Make items using folding techniques and other techniques. 	 Learner is able to identify materials for folding methods Folds paper and make some items Make items using folding techniques 	 Learner identifies some folding methods Folds paper and make some items with prompts 	 Learner identifies some materials with assistance Attempts to fold paper for items with assistance

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Creating Shapes And Forms Using ICT	4.1 Creating shape forms 4 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify drawing icons for familiarization with digital devices with ease; b) use digital device to create shapes and forms for creativity; c) appreciate the use of ICT in creating shapes and forms.	 Guide learners to access drawing icons from digital devices independently. Learners with motor and manipulation difficulties could use assisted by peers, teacher and teacher aids or could use assistive devices like head pointes, universal cuffs or stamp. Guide learners to draw shapes and forms using ICT devices randomly. (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Guide learners with epilepsy should have ICT devices with reduced light intensity. Learners with manipulation difficulties could use assistive devices. Guide learners to create shapes and forms using digital devices (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). 	 Which are the digital devices tools used in drawing? What is your favourite shape? Which form do you enjoy drawing most? Which digital device do you like using

Core-Competence to be developed Self efficacy: Collaboration – learn – Practising learnt skills.	Guide learners to use electronic devices independently while observing personal safety. Learners with epilepsy should have ICT devices with reduced light intensity. Guide learners to share experience. Learners with speech difficulties could gesture or use communication board. Working together. Cooperation – Working together. Learning to	
Link to PCIs:	Links to Values:	
• ESD-DRR; Safety	Responsibility: As they work together or individually.	
• Life skills:		
- Skills of knowing and living with oneself – self-esteem		
- Skills of knowing and living with others: Interpersonal		
relationships Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Work with parents and	
Links to other Activity Areas: • Mathematics: Shapes	community to perfect their skills/ visit each other and share their	
 Mathematics: Shapes Language: Talking with each other. 	gadgets	
 Environmental Activities: Use of materials. 	Bundan	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment: Portfolio, graphs, observation use rating	
application: Group art activities outside the classroom	forms, video recording, Self-assessment.	
application. Group are activities outside the classiconi		
Suggested Resources: books, e-books, resource persons, adapted computers and smart toys and appropriate software.		

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner displays familiarity of using drawing tools Draws shape and form on the electronic gadgets with ease Colours using icons successfully Able to work with minimum guidance Appreciate the use of ICT in creating shape forms. 	 Learner uses ICT drawing tools to create shapes with ease Draw shapes and forms Colour shapes and forms Appreciate the use of ICT in creating shapes and forms. 	 Learner uses drawing tools with prompts Draw shapes and forms with prompts Appreciate the shapes and forms created 	 Depend a lot on assistance to identify and use tools to draw shapes Appreciate the shapes drawn by self

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 PAPER CRAFT	6 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify materials for weaving. b) make weaves using paper for creativity; c) appreciate the use of local materials for making woven articles.	 Identify materials for weaving with ease. Learners could be guided to observe photographs of weaving materials. Guide learners to cut paper strips for weaving. Learners with motor and manipulation difficulties could be assisted by peers, 	 What do we use to make a twine weave? What are some of the tools used in weaving? Where can weave articles be used?

	teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices. • Learners to weave simple item using twining technique (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here). • Learners to use technique of their choice to weave article (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). • Guide learners to display work and share comments.
1 0 1	(Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Learners with speech difficulties could be assisted by peers to report their views or use communication board. skills. Communication and Collaboration: As they talk with each other.
Link to PCIs:	Link to core value:
Life Skills: Skills of knowing and living with oneself – self	Respect: As they observe others work.
esteem Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with others – interpersonal relationships	
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycling paper to enhance
Language: As they use vocabulary. Mathematics: Counting items made. Religious education Sharing materials	cleanliness in the environment.
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Group art activities,	Suggested Assessment: Listening, observation, checklist, question and answer, portfolio.

Suggested Resources: Works of paper craft artists like Su Blackwell, Internet sites on craft, (education.com), Craft Books, laptop in learning, videos, video players, TV sets, mobile phones. Assistive devices, mobility devices

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner can identify materials for weaving with ease Makes innovative weaves Talks of mats made and used 	 Learner can identify materials for weaving Makes innovative weaves Talks of how to make Talks of mats made and used 	 Learner can identify few materials for weaving Makes mat with prompts Attempts to talk of how to make materials Attempts to talk about the use 	 Learner attempts to identify few materials for weaving with assistance Attempt to makes mat with assistance Attempts to talk of how to make materials Attempts to talk about few uses with assistance

Strand	SUBSTRAND	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
6.0 Construction	6.1 3-Dimensional forms 4 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify materials for construction; b) create forms in 3-d using locally found materials for innovation with assistance;	 Guide learners to identify materials for construction. Learner to familiarise with the found materials for making 3-D forms. Learners could be guided to observe 3-D objects from laptop and mobile phone. 	 What do you like making most? What materials are used for construction? Where do we get the materials for construction?

 ESD: DRR; Safety and security: As they used different materials Responsibility: As they work individually. Love: As they use working area/materials. Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. Unity: As they work together. Responsibility: As they work individually. Love: As they use working area/materials. Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycle material within the school 		
bullet 4 above apply here). Core-Competence: Creativity and imagination: In creating 3D forms. Critical thinking: As they use the required skill to make the forms. Learning to learn: As they practice the skills. Link to PCIs: Learners support programmes ESD: DRR; Safety and security: As they used different materials Links to Values: • Unity: As they work together. • Responsibility: As they work individually. • Love: As they use working area/materials. Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycle material within the school	materia and enj assistan d) appreci	use digital devices with less light intensity. Guide learners to make 3D forms. Learners with motor and manipulation difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices. Learners arrange and rearrange the found objects to create the 3D items, keenly observing personal safety (Adaptations in bullet 4 above apply here). Appreciate self and others work. Learners with speech difficulties or be assisted by peers to express their feelings, teacher aide, teacher or use communication board. Guide learners to make 3D forms. Learners with motor and manipulation difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use communication board.
forms. Learning to learn: As they practice the skills. Link to PCIs: Learners support programmes ESD: DRR; Safety and security: As they used different materials - Unity: As they work together. - Responsibility: As they work individually. - Love: As they use working area/materials. Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycle material within the school		bullet 4 above apply here).
Link to PCIs: Learners support programmes ESD: DRR; Safety and security: As they used different materials • Unity: As they work together. • Responsibility: As they work individually. • Love: As they use working area/materials. Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycle material within the school		ating 3D forms. Critical thinking: As they use the required skill to make the
 Responsibility: As they work individually. Love: As they use working area/materials. Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycle material within the school 	Link to PCIs: Learners support programmes	Links to Values:
• Love: As they use working area/materials. Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. • Love: As they use working area/materials. Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycle material within the school	ESD: DRR; Safety and security: As they used differen	nt materials • Unity: As they work together.
Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycle material within the school		Responsibility: As they work individually.
Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. Suggested Community Service Learning: Recycle material within the school		• Love: As they use working area/materials.
Environmental activities: Get materials from environment. within the school	Links to other Activity Areas:	, c
Mathematics create the 3D items:		•
	Mathematics create the 3D items:	

Language Activities: Appreciate self and others work		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer, self-	
application: Participating in group construction activities	assessment, portfolio	
Suggested Resources: open-ended art materials/ assorted found materials, such as bottles, boxes, wooden blocks, wires and more;		
videos on 3D making, artifacts of renown artists, Resource persons, adapted mobile phones, adapted laptops.		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify materials for constructing 3D objects from their environment Able to construct 3D objects using found materials with ease Able to Observe safety precaution as they construct 3D objects Able to comment on self and others work 	 Learner is able to identify materials for constructing 3D objects from their environment Able to construct 3D objects using found materials Able to observe some safety 	 Learner attempts to identify some materials for constructing 3D objects from their environment Able to perform the activity to some extent Observe safety with prompts 	 Learner is able to perform the activity with assistance Able to identify 3D objects from the environment with assistance Observe safety with assistance

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Question(s)
7.0 Ornaments	7.1 Beading 4 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify locally available materials for beading;	 Guide learners to identify locally available materials for beading. Guide learners to Sort and group beads according to the colour 	 Which materials do we use for beading? How can do we make a beading pattern?
		b) make an item using coloured beads for creativity;c) appreciate self and others work.	scheme. Learner with mobility and manipulation difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher, teacher aide or use assistive devices.	3. Where do we get beading materials? 4. Which ornament do you like making most?
			• Guide learners to thread the beads in sequence to come up with prescribed ornament (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here)	
			• Learners could be guided to take photos of finished ornaments(Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here)	
			• Learners to observe safety as they make the ornaments. (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here)	
			• Guide learners to appreciate self and others work. Learners with speech difficulties could gesture, be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use	
			communication board.	
Core-Competence	: Imagination and	Creativity: In beading.		•
Link to PCIs: Lea	0 11 1	ogramme I	inks to Values:	
• ESD –DRR – S	afety	•	Patriotism: Using colours of our Nat	ional flag.

• Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with oneself – self-esteem		
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Make ornaments using	
Environmental activities: Identify locally available materials	locally available materials and sue them for cultural functions and	
Mathematics Activities: Determining number of beads to use	festivities	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment: Observation, question and answer, self-	
application: Participating in group construction activities	assessment, portfolio	
Suggested Resources: any art materials, assorted found materials, videos on 3D, artifacts of renown artist, resource persons, e books,		
internet; art websites, assorted beads, locally available materials, mo	bile phones, digital cameras.	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify all materials for beading. Able to make beads for his/her choice from locally available materials. Able to do beading sequentially with ease. Able to describe his/her work. Appreciates beading work 	 Learner is able to identify all material for beading. Able to make beads of his/her choice Able to do beading sequentially Able to describe his/her work. Appreciates completed own and others beading work 	 Learner is able to identify few materials for beading Able to bead sequentially with a lot of prompts Has difficulties describing his/her work confidently Appreciates own work 	 Learner can identify materials for beading with a lot of assistance Able to thread a few beads with a lot of assistance Attempts to describe own work Attempts to appreciates own work

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcor	nes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
7.0 Ornaments	7.2 Bracelets 4 lessons	By the end of the sub-stran learner should be able to: a) identify local materials making bracelets; b) make and decorate brace for friendship. c) make bracelets for enjoy	for	 Guide learners to identify locally available materials for making bracelets. Learners could be guided to watch a video on decoration of bracelets. Guide learners to decorate bracelets using techniques of their choice. Learners with motor and manipulation difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher, teacher aide or use assistive devices. Observe safety as they make the bracelets. 	 What are the beads strung on? What do you use to strung the beads How do we make bracelets beautiful?
				nunication and collaboration: \ OValues:	Vorking together
Link to PCIs: Learn ESD-DRR; Safety -				grity: As they watch video clips	•
		ess as they handle the beads	• Co-operating: As they work together.		
Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: Identify locally available materials Language: Talk with each other Mathematics activity: Counting numbers made		Sugges	ted Community Service Learn the school		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through		Sugges	ted assessment: Answering ope	n ended questions,	
application: Participate in ddecorating activities and sharing.		observa the skil	tion; the students can demonstrated to fusing their fine motor skills portfolio, self-assessment	te that they have learned	
Suggested learning laptops	resources: paint,	tassels, drape using shiny rib	bon or fa	incy strips of clothes or stone or	beads, ribbons, videos,

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify local materials for making bracelet. Able to use bracelet materials for making ornaments Able to make bracelet individually and in pairs 	 Learner is able to identify local material used for making bracelets Able to use bracelet materials for making ornaments Able to make bracelets in pairs and groups Appreciate talent in making bracelets 	 Learner is able to identify few materials used for making bracelets Attempts to make bracelets with a little assistance Attempts to make bracelets individually with a little assistance. 	 Learner can identify some materials used for making bracelets with a lot of assistance Fairly make bracelets with a lot of assistance Attempts to make bracelets in pairs with assistance.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
8.0 PERFORMANCE	8.1 Dance 5 Lessons	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) Perform a free dancing style for enjoyment; b) Dance in pairs and groups for cooperation; c) Respond to changes in tempo and rhythms through body movement for enjoyment; d) Perform traditional dances within the locality to enhance culture.	 Guide learners to dance freely in purposive pairs, small groups or individually. Learners could be guided to watch a video clip on free dancing style. Organize learner to dance individually, in pairs and groups. Learners with mobility and manipulation difficulties could be assisted by peers ,teacher aide ,teacher or use assistive devices. Guide learners to observe a variety of dance. Guide learners to respond to tempo and rhythms through body movement. Learners with brittle bone could perform less vigorous exercises. Guide learners to perform traditional dance using improvised costumes (Adaptations in 	 Which dancing style do you love most? Whom will you dance with? Which costumes would you use while dancing?

	bullet 3 above apply	
	here).	
Core-Competence: Communication and Collaboration: As they talk a	nd work together.	
Link to PCIs	Links to Value:	
Citizenship: Social Cohension	Respect: As they form dances from other cultures.	
Links to other Activity Areas:	Community Service Learning: Musical artefacts	
Language Activities: talk with each other		
• Environment Activities: As they make costumes.		
Mathematics Activities: Counting steps in anthem.		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Observation and actions, checklist,	
Clubs, Fun day	self- assessment.	

Suggested Resources: Props, Cultural villages and local museum visit- musical instruments costumes and props, - musical instruments from a variety of cultures, range of music from different cultures and genres for dance and movement activities (e.g. traditional, classical, local and others) learning laptops.\videos, TV sets, internet.

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner performs a free and a coordinated dancing style for enjoyment Learner responds to changes in tempo and rhythms through body movement easily Learner performs traditional dances within and outside the locality to enhance culture 	 Learner performs a free dancing style for enjoyment Learner responds to changes in tempo and rhythms through body movement Learner performs traditional dances within the locality to enhance culture 	 Perform a free dancing style with prompts Learner tries to respond to changes in tempo and rhythms 	 Attempts to perform a free dancing style with assistance Learner responds to changes in tempo only and with assistance

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
8.0 Performance	Rhymes. 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) recite rhymes with repetitive phrases and rhythmic patterns; b) display the ability to recite simple rhymes c) perform simple rhymes for entertainment with assistance; d) recite a range of musical rhymes to enhance creativity; e) appreciate others talents as they perform simple rhymes.	 Organize learners in groups to recite different rhymes. Learners with speech difficulties to mime, gesture, clap, hum or tap. Play recorded rhymes. Learners with mobility and motor difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or assistive devices. Guide individual learners to perform simple rhymes through dramatization (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply. Guide learners to interact with each other during play to enhance social play (Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply. Guide learners to sing and perform actions rhymes e.g. Baa baa black sheep. (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Guide learners to appreciate self and others 	 What rhyme did you recite? Whom did you recite the rhyme with? Which rhyme did you love most?

	talents as they perform simple rhymes (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here)	
Core-Competence: Self-efficacy: Develop confidence as they re	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
together. Creativity and imagination: As they recite musical rhym		
Link to PCIs: Life skills and value education:	Links to Values:	
Citizenship: Social cohesion as they interact with each other	• Respect: As they listen to and take turns in reciting rhymes.	
	Unity: As they work together.	
	Responsibility As they perform allocated tasks.	
	Love: As they help others to pronounce the musical rhymes.	
Links to other Activity Areas:	Community Service Learning: Visit the elderly and entertain by	
• Language: As they talk with each other	reciting and dramatizing rhymes	
• Environment: perform activity within the environment		
• Mathematics Activity: As they count in rhyming songs.		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment: Observation, self assessment, progress	
application: Children to participate in music club	record.	
Suggested Resources: Resource persons, resource centres, librar	ry, e-books, audio recorders, mobile phones, adapted laptops.	

Exceeding Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to recite rhymes independently Has the ability to repeat simple words in the rhymes with ease 	 Learner is able to recite simple rhymes Has the ability to repeat simple words in the rhymes Can compose own rhythms 	 Learner is able to listen to the rhymes as others recite Has difficulty in pronouncing some words Learner has difficulty to 	 Learner is able to listen to the rhyme; enjoy but has difficulty to say the words correctly without assistance Has difficulty composing own rhymes without
Has the ability to compose own rhymes	 Appreciate own and others performance of simple rhymes 	compose own rhymes independently	assistance

Appreciate own and others		
performance of simple		
rhymes		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
8.0 Performance	8.3 Rhythmic Patterns 5 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify musical instruments used for performing rhythmic patterns such as percussion; b) display the ability to create rhythmic movements through dance, nodding and swaying for enjoyment; c) create rhythm using percussion instruments to enhance tempo with assistance; d) appreciate others talent as they perform rhythmic patterns using percussion instruments.	 Guide learners to identify percussion instruments. Learners could be guided to observe photos showing the different percussion instruments. Organize learners in small purposive groups, pairs and individually to create rhythmic movements. Learners with motor and mobility difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices. Learners create rhythmic patterns using percussion instruments 	 Which rhythmic pattern do you like playing? Which percussion instruments produce rhythmic pattern? What do you use to make percussion instruments? Which is your favourite percussion instrument?

Core-Competence: Creativity and imagination: As they perform efficacy: As they perform rhythmic patterns.	(Adaptations in bullet 3 apply here). • Learners to appreciate self and others talents(Learners with speech difficulties could be assisted by peers to report their feelings, teacher aide, teacher, gesture, or use communication board m rhythmic patterns. Critical thinking: In creating rhythmic patterns.Self	
Link to PCIs	Links to Values	
ESD: DRR; SafetyCitizenship: Social Cohesion as they work in groups	 Patriotism: Appreciating other peoples cultural rhythmic. Responsibility: As they use musical instruments. 	
Citizenship . Social Conesion as they work in groups	 Unity: As they work together. 	
	Cooperation	
Links to other Activity Areas	Community Service Learning: Perform in festivals, places of	
Links to other Activity Areas:Language activities: As they talk with each other in group	worship	
work	worship	
Mathematics activities: Counting in rhythmic patterns.		
Religious activities: Sharing materials/singing.		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested Assessment: Observation, question and answer	
application: Dance club activities, games, singing and dance		
Suggested Resources: drum, shaker, bottle tops, plastic bottles, seeds, small stones, sticks, digital cameras, mobile phones with		
adaptations where necessary.		

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to create rhythmic patterns well Able to identify several percussion instruments that produce sound Able to follow the sounds and coordinate patterns 	 Learner is able to follow rhythmic patterns well Show skills in creating patterns accurately Identify percussion instruments that produce rhythmic patterns Co-ordinates the body movement patterns 	 Follow few rhythmic patterns accurately Can coordinate the body fairly to follow few patterns Can identify few percussion instruments used to make rhythmic patterns 	 Has difficulty to creating any pattern without assistance. Has difficulty co-coordinating the body parts to follow pattern Has difficulty in identifying percussion instruments
Show fun in daily in the rhythmic activities			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
8.0 Performance	8.4 Singing Games 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify different cultural singing games for harmonious core existence; b) perform varied cultural singing games using props for enjoyment with assistance; c) express feelings through singing games for	 Guide learners to listen to and sing songs from different cultural backgrounds. Learners could be guided to observe songs sang from different cultural background. Guide learners to display the ability to use props. Learners with gross motor and mobility difficulties could be 	 Which is your favourite singing game? How do you use props in singing games? Which props would you prefer to use in singing games?
		appreciation.	assisted or use assistive devices.	

	evelop confidence as they perform singing games.	 Guide learners to have fun and enjoy as they sing and dance. Learners with speech difficulties could be mime, hum, tap, clap or use communication board. Learners to be encouraged to sing and dance cooperatively in purposive pairs and small groups (Adaptations in bullet 3 above apply her). Links to Values:	
Link to PCIs: Life Skills – Life skills and value education Learning to learn		Unity: As they work together	
Citizenship; Our diversity; Social cohesion		Cooperation: As they work together.	
		Respect: As they perform singing games from various communities.	
Links to other Activity Areas:		Suggested Community Service Learning	
Mathematics: Counting steps and singing games formations.		Visit the elderly in community to learn songs and	
Language: As they sin songs.		meanings.	
Environmental Activities: Topical songs about the environment.			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Role		Suggested Assessment: Listening, observation, self-	
play as they do the singing game		assessment	
Suggested Resources: Resource persons, watch videos/ clips on various performances, learning laptops, Interactive book systems,			
DVD players, TV sets, audio recorders, multipurpose communication board, universal cuff.			

Exceeding Expectation Meeting Expectation		Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to perform singing games and enjoy using props. Identify different cultural singing games. Express feelings through singing games. 	 Learner is able to perform varied songs from different cultures. Display the ability to use prop in singing games Express feelings as away of appreciation to singing games by self and others. 	 Learner is able to have fun and enjoy as they sing and dance with prompts. Sing cooperatively in pairs and in small groups with prompts. 	Learner has the ability to listen, hear and sing but has difficulty to make sequential movements without assistance.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
8.0 Performance	8.5 Play simple musical instruments	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify various music ICT device for familiarization; b) play simple musical instruments for enjoyment; c) display ability to play various simple musical instruments including ICT device; d) play simple instruments and make movement for talent development	 Guide learners to interact with ICT device. Learners with fine motor difficulties and those with missing limbs could be provided with adapted device and manipulation devices. Guide learners to play music using ICT device such as piano, guitar (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Guide learners to play virtual instruments downloaded on mobile phones or tablets (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Guide learners to play independently and 	 What are some of the gadgets used for playing music? Which gadgets do you enjoy playing music from? How do you play music on/from the gadget you love? Which is your favourite music?

Suggested Resources: Electronic musical instrument, Source of p mobile phones, tablets, ipads, adapted ICT devices	ower, resource person, watch videos on how to play the instruments,	
Suggested Non Formal Activity to support learning through application: Music club activities, Entertain in Church/Mosque/Temple/gatherings	Suggested Assessment: Listening, observation	
Links to other Activity Areas: Mathematics, Language, Environmental Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Visit old peoples' home	
Effective communication: As they talk with each other ESD: Safety: Oobserve safety and care of the gadgets		
others.	• Cooperation: As they collaborate in performing tasks.	
Life skills and value education: Skills of knowing and living with	 Unity: As they work together 	
ESD: DRR; Safety – observe safety precautions	 Responsibility: As they care for gadgets. 	
instruments. Self-efficacy: As they perform individually or in ground Link to PCIs:	ps. Link to Values:	
Core-Competence: Creativity and Imagination: As they play mus		
	(Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here).	
	safety and care of the gadgets	
	Guide learners to observe	
	each other in operating the gadgets.	
	Encourage learners to assist	
	apply here).	
	and make movements. (Adaptations in bullet 1 above	
	Guide learners to play, listen	
	apply here).	
	(Adaptations in bullet 1 above	
	cooperatively in purposive pairs and small groups	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner has the ability to listen to the music and make movements Has the ability to play simple music using electronic gadgets Has the ability to identify different electronic gadgets used to play 	 Has the ability to identify various music ICT device for familiarization Has ability to play simple music instruments and make movements Learn to play simple music and make movement 	Learner is able to listen to	 Learner is able to interact with gadgets but has difficulty playing music from the gadgets. Has difficulty to make any rhythmic movement without assistance
music			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
9.0 LISTENING AND RESPOND ING	9.1 Musical Sounds 5 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Listen to sounds from the environment for familiarisation; b) imitate sounds made from the environment for vocal development; c) Appreciate sounds from the environment for correct response.	 Guide learners to interact with the sounds within the school environment. Guide learners to imitate the different sounds within the environment. Learners with speech difficulties could be guided by communication boards. Learners could be guided to record sound within their environment and play the recorded sounds back. 	 Which musical sound do you enjoy listening to? Where does the sound come from? Which sound do you like to imitate?

Links to other Activity Areas: Environmental activities: record sound within their environment Language: Using vocabulary in singing.	 Unity: As they work together. Responsibility: As they perform and make sounds individually. Suggested Community Service Learning: Listening to different sounds and discouraging distractions where making sounds
Environmental activities: record sound within their environment	
pieces. Learning to learn: As they practice singing Link to PCIs: Citizenship: Social cohesion Links to other Activity Areas:	Responsibility: As they perform and make sounds individually. Suggested Community Service Learning: Listening to different
	difficulties and missing limbs could use alternative functioning parts of the body, use assistive devices or adapted musical instruments. Guide learners to name sources of sound from within

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation	
 Learner has the ability to identify musical sounds from the environment Has the ability to imitate sound they hear 	 Has the ability to listen to and identify musical sounds Imitates sounds made from the environment for vocal development 	 Learner attempts to identify musical sounds Imitates sounds made from the environment for vocal development with 	 Learner has difficulty imitating the musical sounds heard without assistance Learner is able to listen 	
 Able to name the source of sound and differentiate Learner is able to dance to the musical sounds 	Is able to appreciate the music sounds from the environment and imitate the sounds	 prompts Is able to appreciate the music sounds from the environment 	to and appreciate any one of the musical sounds	

OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES

Strand Sub-stra	d Specific Learning Outcomes	earning Outcomes Suggested Learning Experiences	
10.0 BASIC MOTOR SKILLS 10.1 Loc ve s 30 Le	in outdoor activities such as	catch, climb and slide.	 Which activity do you enjoy most? What objects do you enjoy throwing and catching? How do you climb and slide?

Core-Competence: Self efficacy: Self-esteem as they perform locomotive skills. Learn to learn: As they practice the learnt skills.

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Life Skills and value education: Skills of knowing and living with oneself – self-esteem

Life skills; Skills of knowing and living with others – interpersonal relationships

Link to Values:

- Responsibility: As they climb or slide on play objects.
- Cooperation: As they work together.
- Responsibility: AS they take care of play.
- Respect: As they observe rules of play.

ESD: DRR; Safety and security	
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Help the elderly
Language activity: As they talk with each other	hang and un hang things.
Mathematical activity: As they measure sliding distances.	
Environment activity: As they observe safety and care for self and	
play area.	
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment: Observation, Question and answers,
application: Fun day for creativity	Progress records
7	
Suggested Resources: Fixed outdoor equipment, such swings, slides	, climbing frames; balls, Frisbees and bean ball, videos, internet,
laptops, wheelchairs, crutches, calipers.	

Exceed Expectation Meets Expectation		Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation	
 Learner has the ability to climb and slide, throw and catch play objects successfully 	The Learner is able to throw a catch, climb and slide play objects	• Learner has the ability to slide and throw with ease but has difficulty climbing or catching objects without support.	 Learner is able to do one activity Has difficulty doing the other three activities without assistance. 	

Strand Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
10.0 BASIC MOTOR SKILLS 10.2 Non- locom skills 30 Les	able to: a) Identify common terms	 Learners to play games related to turning and twisting. Learners with motor difficulties could be encouraged to perform tasks according to their ability. Precaution could be observed for learners with brittle bones and epilepsy. Organize learners to role play games related to turning and twisting in groups and pairs (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Guide learners in turning and twisting as they play. (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). 	 What are the playing materials and equipment used in twisting and turning? How do we turn and twisting? How do you feel when twisting and turning?

Core-Competence: Learning to learn: As they practice the skills learnt. Self-efficacy: As they develop confidence in carrying out the task. Communication and Collaboration: As they talk and work together.

Link to PCIs:	Links to Values:		
• ESD: DRR - Safety	Responsibility: As they perform the given tasks.		
Citizenship: Social Cohesion as they work together	Respect: As they obey rules/guidelines given.		
	• Cooperation: As they collaborate.		
	Unity: As they work harmoniously.		

Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Participating in		
Language activity: Talk with each other	cultural celebrations and religious functions.		
Environment activity: Imitation of twisting/swaying objects.			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Observation, question and answers, self-		
Singing games assessment.			
Suggested Resources: Hula hoops, rings, round shaped sticks, whistles, adapted balls, universal scuffs, hoops			

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner has the ability to stretch, bend and shake well The learner has the ability to coordinate parts of the body well 	 Learner has the ability to stretch, bend and shake The learner has the ability to coordinate parts of the body 	 Learner has the ability to stretch backward Has difficulties shaking with apparatus like hulahoops without prompts 	 Learner is able to stretch but has difficulty to bend and shake both with and without the apparatus Has difficulty doing the three activities without assistance

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
10.0 Basic Motor Skills	10.3 Manipulative Skills	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) kick freely for enjoyment; b) display the ability to balance the body for kicking technique with assistance; c) display manipulative skills through bouncing ball for distance estimation with assistance; d) bounce and kick balls safely with assistance; e) bounce and kick balls for enjoyment.	 Guide learners to kick freely. Learners with brittle bones, muscular dystrophy and those with motor and mobility difficulties could be assisted by peers to exercise within their ability or be given alternative ability level tasks. Encourage learners to practice kicking techniques (Adaptations in bullet 1 apply here). Organize learners in groups to display manipulative skills (Adaptations in bullet 1 apply here). Guide learners to sing songs while bouncing and kicking in pairs and in groups (Adaptations in bullet 1 apply here). Guide learners to do more practise on kicking skills. (Adaptations in bullet 1 apply here). 	1. What do you use for kicking and bouncing? 2. Which game do you enjoy playing most? 3. How do we bounce a ball?

Core-Competence: Self efficacy: Self-esteem - as they display their ability to balance. Critical thinking and problem solving: Bouncing with alternative functional part of the body or using assistive device. Communication and collaboration: As they talk and play together. Creativity and imagination: As they balance, kick and bounce balls.

Link to PCIs:	Links to Values
Citizenship: social cohesion	Cooperation: Sing songs while bouncing and kicking in
	pairs and in groups

	Responsibility : Practice kicking techniques
	Respect : Working in groups
Links to other Activity Areas: Language activity: Talk to each other	Suggested Community Service Learning: Collect litters,
in group work	responding to activities of carrying and throwing litters away
Mathematical activity: Counting as they bounce the ball.	
Environment activity: Bouncing ball on hard surface.	
CRE, IRE, HRE: Playing as an activity of leisure time.	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested assessment: Observation, Question and answers,
Games day/sports day	checklist
Suggested Resources: Balls, balloons, tennis balls, resource person, vieweights	deos, laptops, TV sets, DVD players, adapted balls of different

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
The learner has the ability to kick and bounce ball successfully	The learner has the ability to kick and bounce the ball.	 The learner has the ability to kick a ball well with support. The learner has a challenge in bouncing objects. 	 The learner kicks with difficulty Can do bouncing of balls with assistance Has difficulty in doing the three activities.

	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
11.0 SWIMMING	11.1 Pool safety 30 Lessons	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) identify basic water safety and hygiene rules for application in the pool; b) demonstrate ability to follow safety rules accordingly with assistance; c) appreciate the swimming pool rules for safety.	 Guide learners to name the rules of basic water safety and hygiene in the pool. Learners with communication difficulties could use communication board Encourage learners to follow safety rules accordingly. Learners with motor and movement difficulties could be supported to use life savers and appropriate adaptations made. 	What is the importance of basic water rules?
		s the practice skills learnt. Self- poration: As they talk and worl	k together.	alk about their performance of
Links to other Activity Areas: • Environmental activity: Use of water • Mathematics activity: Measuring swimming distances. • Language activity: as they communication with each other.		 Link to Values Responsibility: As they follow safety swimming rules. Suggested Community Service Learning: Sharing experiences with others in the community. 		
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Visit a local swimming/water pool Suggested Resources: Resource person, pool, swimwear, swim accessed boards, head/mouth pointers, universal cuffs.			oral or written	ervation, Open ended question

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner has the ability to follow the safety rules Has the basic water safety hygiene rules Ability to interact with water in the pool Ability to change into correct swimming attire 	 Learner has the ability to follow the pool rules. Ability to interact with water in the pool Appreciate the pool rules. 	 Learner has the ability to follow the pool rules but difficulty in interacting with water. Appreciate pool rules as others interact with water. 	 Has difficulty in following pool rules without assistance Has difficulty interacting with water.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
11.0 Swimming	11.2Water Orientation 15 Lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) Confidently move around the pool in readiness for swimming with assistance; b) Opening eyes confidently in water for safe swimming; c) Identify basic floating techniques for swimming; d) Appreciate the use of water for recreation.	 Learners could be guided to walk around the pool to adapt the environment. Learners with motor and mobility difficulties could be supported using assistive devices appropriately. Learners could be guided to take photos of the swimming pool (Adaptations in bullet 1 above apply here). Encourage learners to open eyes in water confidently. 	 How do you feel when walking in water? How do you feel when you put your head in water with eyes open? What do you like most about being in water?

mobile phones, videos, laptops, TV sets, DVD players - Adaptation done to balls toys, floaters and depth of the pool as appropriate.

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner has confidence in moving around the pool Has the confidence in opening eyes in water Has the ability to float in water Able to play games with materials in the pool 	 Learner is able to move around the pool Has confidence in opening eyes in water Floats and plays games in water 	 Has the ability to move around the pools Ability to sing routine songs Has difficulty in opening eyes in water, floating and playing games without support devices 	 Sing swimming routine songs Has difficulty to open eyes, float or play games in water without assistance

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Question(s)
		Outcomes	Experiences	
12.0 FUN	12.1 Modern/	By the end of the sub-strand	Guide learners to name some	1. Which fun game do you
GAMES	Traditional	the learner should be able	familiar fun games. Learners	like most?
	fun games.	to:	with speech difficulties	2. How do we perform the
	15 Lessons	 a) Identify some fun games within their environment for play; b) Perform fun games for enjoyment; c) Appreciate and acknowledge each other as they perform the fun games. 	could use communication boards or mime to do the naming. • Learners could be guided to watch some videos on familiar fun games. Organize learners in purposive groups to practice some fun games of their choice Learners with motor and mobility difficulties could be assisted by peers, teacher aide, teacher or use assistive devices.	following fun games; telling time, skittle, killing a rat game 3. What are some of the activities done in fun games? 4. Which fun game do you enjoy most?

	Learners to play and relate with others in fun games(Adaptations in bullet 2 above apply here). Collaboration and communication: As they talk and work together.				
Self efficacy: Self-esteem – as they perform the learnt skills.					
Link to PCIs: Skills of knowing and living with others –	Link to Core Values:				
Interpersonal relationship	• Co-operation: As they work/play together.				
Citizenship : Social cohesion	Respect: As they obey pool rules.				
	• Responsibility: As they observe self-safety in the pool.				
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Learner to visit own				
Language as they communicate with each other	community and source for fun games.				
Mathematics Activities					
Suggested Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Participate in fun day	Suggested Assessment: Observing.				
Suggested Resources: Music artifacts ,Resource person, costumes, instruments, internet sites on fun games, videos, library, TV sets, laptops, DVD players					

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to identify various modern and traditional games Able to identify materials used in the games Able to perform various modern traditional games successfully Can assist other to perform Can perform games with props 	 Learner is able to identify fun games within the environment Able to perform fun games well. Able to perform using props. 	 Learner is able to identify games with prompts May perform the games with prompts 	 Learner has difficulties identifying any fun game within the environment Needs assistance to perform fun games within their environment

APPENDIX 1: SUGGESTED ASSISTIVE DIVICES, ENVIRONMENTAL ADAPTATIONS, TIME AND ADAPTATIONS INASSESSMENT

1. SUGGESTED ASSISTIVE DEVICES

The suggested assistive devices have been categorized into 3 groups:

- a) Instructional devices
- b) Positioning devices
- c) Mobility devices

a) INSTRUCTIONAL DEVICES

- Head pointes
- Page turners
- Mouth operated pointers
- Pen/pencil holders/grips
- Book holders
- Stabilizers
- Adapted tools and equipment
- Adapted computers
- Adapted books

NOTE: Adaptation and modification of learning resources should be done to suit the individual learners' needs.

b) POSITIONING DEVICES

- Adapted chairs/desks
- Adapted tables
- Adjustable boards
- Corner seats
- Standers
- Floor seaters
- Prone wedgers
- Orthotics
- Straps

c) MOBILITY DEVICE

- Crutches
- Calipers
- Walkers
- Wheelchairs
- Braces
- Canes
- Prosthesis
- Artificial limbs

2. SUGGESTED HUMAN RESOURCES

- Physiotherapists
- Occupational therapists
- Speech therapist
- Teacher Aides

3. SUGGESTED ENVIRONMENTAL ADAPTATIONS

Provide a barrier free environment

- Wide doors
- Ramps
- Railings
- Handrails
- Walk-ways
- Sanitation facilities
- Lifts
- Low door handlers
- Low switches
- Low water taps
- Storage facilities

Safety precaution measures

- Avoid slippery floors
- Clutter free environment
- Barrier free walkways

4. TIME

Instructional and examination time to vary according to the needs of the learner.

5. SUGGESTED ADAPTATIONS IN ASSESMENT

- Oral testing
- Audio recording
- A person writing or recording with learners instructions
- Use of computer
- More time

The target learner here is one with difficulties in writing.

NOTE: Deviations in levels of accuracy and time allocation should be allowed based on the individual learners' physical limitations (KNEC to workout modalities of fixing time).