NAME:
SCHOOL:
DATE:
REVERSIBLE REACTIONS
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES
Answer ALL questions in this paper in the spaces provided.
1. An equilibrium exists between the chromate ion $\left(CrO_4^{2-}\right)$ and the dichromate ion $\left(Cr_2O_7^{2-}\right)$ as
represented by the following equation
$2CrO_{4 (aq)}^{2-} + 2H_{(aq)}^{+} = Cr_2O_{7 (aq)}^{2-} + H_2O_{(l)}$ (yellow) (Orange)
State and explain the observation made on adding aqueous potassium hydroxide
solution to the equilibrium mixture
(2mks)

2.	Consider	the	following	reaction	at equilibrium.

$$PCl_{5(g)} \Rightarrow PCl_{3(g)} + Cl_{2(g)}$$

**Complete** the table below to show the effect of different factors on the position of equilibrium. (3marks)

Factor	Effect on the equilibrium position
(i) Decrease pressure	
(ii) Removing chloride	
(iii) Adding Helium gas to mixture	

3. Iodine reacts with chlorine to form dark brown iodine monochloride.

$$I_2 + Cl_2 \rightleftharpoons 2ICl$$

This reacts with more chlorine to give yellow iodine trichloride. There is an equilibrium between these iodine chlorides.

$$ICl(l) + Cl_2(g) \rightleftharpoons ICl_3(s)$$
  
Dark brown yellow

(a) Explain what is meant by <i>equilibrium</i> .
[2]
<b>(b)</b> When the equilibrium mixture is heated it becomes a darker brown colour. Is the reverse reaction endothermic or exothermic? Give a reason for your choice.
[2]
<ul><li>(c) The pressure on the equilibrium mixture is decreased.</li><li>(i) How would this affect the position of equilibrium and why?</li></ul>
It would move to the[1]
reason

[1]	
(ii) Describe what you would observe.	
[1]	
[1]	
	[Total: 7]