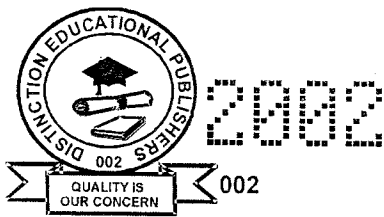


DISTINCTION KCPE CONQUEROR



STANDARD EIGHT
SECOND PREDICTION - 2020



TIME: 2HR 15MINS

SOCIAL STUDIES & RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure you have written on the answer sheet.

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the brackets [].
8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered **A,B,C,D**. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example:-

In the question paper.

31. Three of the following are ways of resolving disputes in Kenya today **EXCEPT** through _____

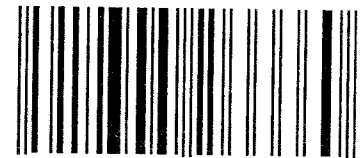
- A. mediating
- B. negotiation
- C. reconciliation
- D. revenging

The correct answer is D. (revenging).

On the answer sheet

16. [A] [B] [C] [D] **21.** [A] [B] [C] [D] **31.** [A] [B] [C] [D] **41.** [A] [B] [C] [D]

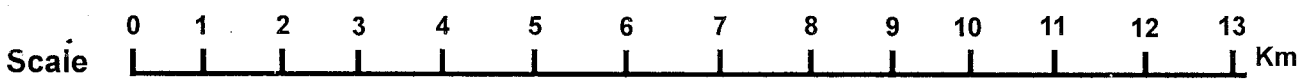
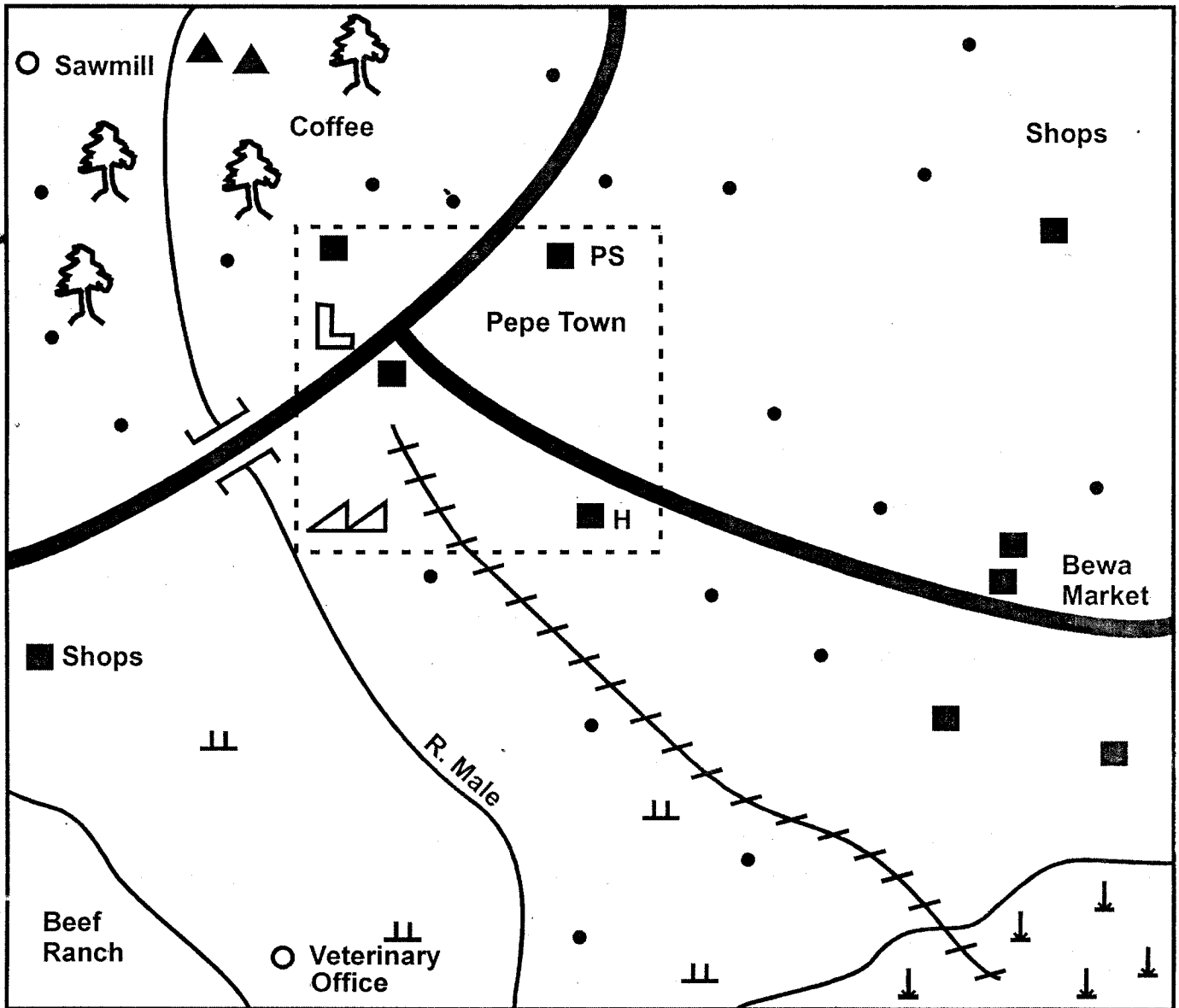
In the third set, the box with the letter **D** printed in it is marked.









11. Your dark line **MUST** be within the brackets.
 12. For each question **ONLY ONE** bracket is to be marked in each of four brackets.
- This question paper consists of 8 printed pages.**







BARA AREA



KEY

	Sisal farm
	Tarmac road
	Railway line
	Sisal factory
	Forest
	Built-up areas

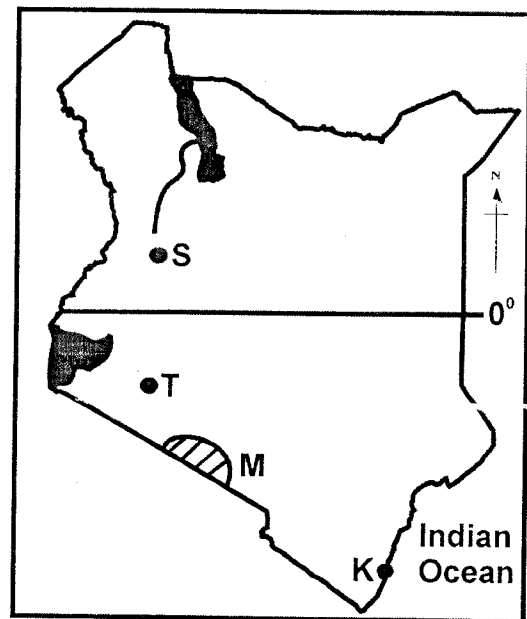
	Settlements
	Grass
	School
PS	Police Station
H	Hospital
	Hill

Use the map of Bara area above to answer questions 1 to 7.

- Which one of the following products is likely transported using the railway line?
A. Livestock product. B. Sisal leaves.
C. Coffee. D. Limestone.
- The sisal factory in Pepe town is an example of
A. an assembling industry
B. a service industry
C. a processing industry
D. a manufacturing industry.
- The approximate area of Pepe town is
A. 21km² B. 24km²
C. 275km² D. 20km²
- Which one of the following services is not offered in Pepe town?
A. Tourism B. Education
C. Health D. Security
- The main factory that influenced the location of the beef ranch was availability of
A. space B. grass
C. veterinary service D. rainfall
- The type of soil in the North-West part of Bara area is
A. alluvial soil B. clay soil
C. volcanic soil D. sandy soil
- Land in Bara area generally slopes towards
A. East B. North
C. West D. South
- Which one of the following statements about the population of Germany is correct?
A. More people live in towns than rural in areas.
B. Annual birth rate is high.
C. Most people depend on farming.
D. More than half of the people are young.
- The following are traditional methods of weather prediction:
(i) High night temperature.
(ii) Appearance of locusts.
(iii) Growing of new leaves.
(iv) Clear cloudless skies.
(v) Shedding of leaves.
Which one of the following combinations indicates the end of a wet season?
A. (ii), (iii), (iv) B. (ii), (iv), (v)
C. (i), (ii), (v) D. (i), (ii), (iii)
- The main reason for establishing the river projects in the upper parts of river Tana was to
A. store water for irrigation
B. control the flow of the river
C. generate electricity
D. create inland fishing grounds.
- Which one of the following statements about the social organization of the San people is true?
A. They had hereditary chiefs.
B. They lived in small chiefdoms.
C. They obtained their food through farming
D. They decorated their bodies for dances.

- The main function of a school management committee is to
A. implement major school projects
B. pay teachers in a school
C. provide a school with funds
D. appoint the head teacher of a school.
- Which one of the following human activities can cause climate change?
A. Construction of roads.
B. Emission of smoke by industries.
C. Migration of people to towns.
D. Growing crops in plantations.
- Majority of people in Kenya live in the rural areas mainly because
A. there are few jobs in towns
B. towns are congested
C. they depend on farming
D. most of them have large families
- Pastoral farming is important to the Fulani people because
A. they depend on livestock for livelihood
B. they live in a dry areas
C. they use livestock to pay dowry
D. there is plenty of grass in grazing areas.

Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 16 to 19.



- Three of the following statements about the town marked K are correct. Which one is not?
A. It was visited by the early visitors.
B. It handles exports and imports.
C. It is a major tourist destination town.
D. It started as an agricultural collection centre.
- The mineral mined at the place marked S is used in making
A. salt B. heat insulators
C. paper D. dye.
- The pre-historic site marked T is
A. Olorgesailie B. Gedi ruins
C. Fort Ternan D. Kariandusi.

19. Tourists in the area marked **M** are attracted by
 A. snow capped scenery
 B. abundance of wild animals
 C. natural scenery
 D. Coastal beaches.

20. Which one of the following weather instruments is **correctly** matched with the element of weather it measures?

	Instrument	Element of weather
A.	Barometer	Direction of wind
B.	Wind vane	Strength of wind
C.	Windsock	Air pressure
D.	Anemometer	Speed of wind

21. Three of the following statements about the migration of the Abagusii people are correct. Which one is **not**?

- A. They dispersed from Shungwaya area.
 B. They settled in Highland areas.
 C. They entered Kenya from West.
 D. They were looking for fertile farming land.

22. The following are statements about a marriage system:

- (i) **A man can marry only one wife.**
 (ii) **It is conducted in a government office**
 (iii) **A marriage certificate is issued.**

The marriage system described above is

- A. Customary marriage
 B. Christian marriage
 C. Civil marriage
 D. Islamic marriage

23. The **main** economic benefit of forestry in Swaziland is that

- A. forestry products earn foreign exchange
 B. the forests make the landscape beautiful
 C. trees prevent soil erosion
 D. forests attract rainfall.

24. Which one of the following statements about alluvial soils is **correct**?

- A. They have little humus.
 B. They are deposited along river valleys.
 C. They are red in colour.
 D. They are not good for farming.

25. Children are taught stories in African communities **mainly** to

- A. promote the culture of a community
 B. enable them interact with others
 C. teach them moral values
 D. teach them practical skills.

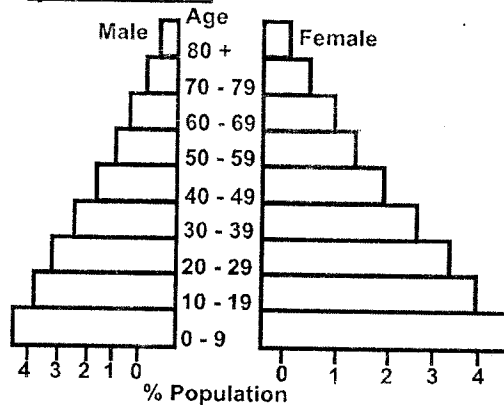
26. Which one of the following is the **best** soil conservation method to practise on steep bare land?

- A. Crop rotation.
 B. Building of gabions.
 C. Terrace farming.
 D. Planting of trees and grass.

27. The European nation that used direct rule policy in the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) was

- A. Britain
 B. Belgium
 C. France
 D. Portugal.

Use the diagram below to answer question 28.



28. Which one of the following statements is **correct** about the population pyramid shown above?

- A. The largest population is below 39 years.
 B. Majority of the people are old.
 C. There are more males than females.
 D. There are few children.

29. The **main** effect of the current developments in modern communication system in Africa is that

- A. they have led to decrease in road accident
 B. they have led to migration of people to towns
 C. they have led to congestion in towns
 D. they have led to increase in trade.

30. The **main** economic activity of the Khoikhoi people before the 19th century was

- A. fish
 B. crop farming
 C. livestock keeping
 D. basket making.

31. The following are statements about a lake in Africa:

- (i) **It is the largest lake by surface.**
 (ii) **It is shared by several countries.**
 (iii) **It was formed through downwarping.**

The lake described above is

- A. Lake Malawi
 B. Lake Victoria
 C. Lake Turkana
 D. Lake Tanganyika.

32. The type of modern migration that **mostly** causes overcrowding in towns is the

- A. urban to rural migration
 B. rural to urban migration
 C. rural to rural migration
 D. urban to urban migration.

33. The school administrator who prepares the school timetable is the

- A. school chairperson
 B. head teacher
 C. school prefect
 D. deputy head teacher.

34. Which of the following winds brings rainfall to the Coastal parts of West Africa?

- A. Westerlies winds.
 B. South East Monsoon winds.
 C. South Westerlies.
 D. Harmattan winds.

35. The political party that was formed in Ghana by Kwame Nkrumah in 1949 was

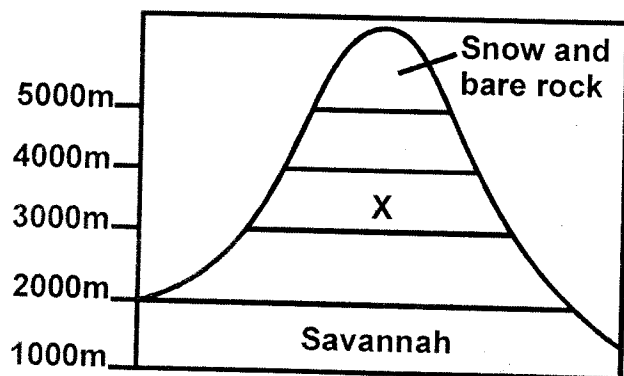
- A. Convention People's Party (CPP)

- B. United Gold Coast Convention (CPP)
C. African National Congress (ANC)
D. Northern People's Party (NPP)
36. The **main** benefit of democracy in the society is that
A. people are able to respect their leaders
B. there is creation of employment
C. people are able to elect leaders of their choice
D. people are able to pay taxes
37. Steep slopes are not good for settlement due to the threat of
A. drought
B. flooding
C. landslides
D. tsetse flies.
38. Which one of the following constitutional rights is exercised by Kenyans who are eighteen years and above only?
A. They are exempted from paying taxes.
B. Voting during general elections.
C. Getting free houses from the government.
D. Getting free food from the government.
39. A similarity between the government of Kenya and Swaziland is that
A. heads of states appoint government officials
B. political parties are registered
C. elections are held after five years
D. heads of states are elected.
40. Regional trading blocs have been formed in Africa **mainly** to
A. promote trade within members states
B. stop trade with foreign countries
C. promote the use of local languages
D. form similar systems of government.
41. Which one of the following communities consists of voltaic speakers of West Africa?

A. Mande Soninke Bambara	B. Mossi Dagomba Gurma
C. Asante Kwahu Wassa	D. Wolof Fulani Tukolor

42. The following are characteristics of a climatic region in Africa.
(i) Summers are hot and wet.
(ii) Winters are cool and dry.
(iii) There are two rainy seasons.
(iv) Temperature range between 15°C and 25°C.
- The climatic region described above is
A. Mediterranean climate
B. Equatorial climate
C. Semi-desert climate
D. Savannah climate.
43. The use of fire during the evolution of human beings was discovered by
A. Homo Habilis
B. Homo Erectus
C. Ramipithecus
D. Australopithecus

44. The **main** reason why Germany has a lower population birth rate than Kenya is that
A. many people in Germany live in towns
B. working population in Germany is high
C. most people in Germany are educated
D. there is a small percentage of young people in Germany.
45. In African communities an age group is made up of
A. people born around the same time
B. people related by blood
C. people with a common ancestor
D. people who speak a similar language.
46. The following are conditions for growing a certain crop:
(i) Cool and wet highland conditions.
(ii) Cool temperatures.
(iii) fertile volcanic soils.
- The conditions listed above favour the growing of
A. cocoa
B. cloves
C. pyrethrum
D. cotton
47. The British used indirect rule policy in Northern Nigeria because
A. Africans were willing to co-operate
B. they wanted to reduce cost administration
C. Africans resisted colonial rule.
D. the area did not have natural resources.
48. Which one of the following is a salty water lake in Africa?
A. Lake Magadi.
B. Lake Malawi.
C. Lake Kyoga.
D. Lake Tanganyika.
49. The diagram below represents mountain vegetation.



- Vegetation found in the area marked X consist of
A. heath and moorland
B. rainforest vegetation
C. bamboo forest
D. scrub vegetation.
50. Which one of the following is an effect of emigration in Kenya?
A. Increase of slum dwellings.
B. Increase in agricultural activities
C. Decrease of population in rural areas.
D. Decrease of skilled labour in the country.

51. The **main** cause of pollution of water in most rivers in Kenya is
 - A. waste from industries
 - B. soil particles dissolved in water
 - C. people bathing in rivers
 - D. farm chemicals.
52. Which one of the following is a mythical theory of the origin of human beings?
 - A. Some communities came out of a cave.
 - B. A supreme being created human beings.
 - C. Human beings evolved from apes.
 - D. Human beings were created from soil.
53. Which one of the following is a modern method of fish preservation?
 - A. Salting.
 - B. Sun drying.
 - C. Canning.
 - D. Smoking.
54. Which one of the following was an achievement of Nelson Mandela?
 - A. He formed African National Congress (ANC)
 - B. He led South Africa to Independence.
 - C. He demanded for African rights.
 - D. He led South Africa to join African Union (UN)
55. Kato's cows have strayed into Simi's farm and destroyed his crops. The **best** action for Simi to take is
 - A. take the cows to a police station
 - B. invite village elders to solve the matter
 - C. keep Kato's cow for himself
 - D. take the case to a court of law.
56. Which one of the following groups is made up of countries crossed by the Equator?
 - A. Tanzania, Angola, Djibouti.
 - B. Rwanda, Burundi, Chad.
 - C. Central Africa Republic, Niger, Ghana.
 - D. Gabon, Congo, Somalia.
57. The **main** reason why schools teach children moral values is to
 - A. help them grow into responsible adults
 - B. make them pass school tests
 - C. help them become future leaders
 - D. enable them get jobs.
58. In Kenya county representative elections are held to elect
 - A. members of the county assemblies
 - B. members of the cabinet
 - C. members of the national assembly
 - D. members of the senate.
59. Which one of the following statements about the constitution of Kenya is **not** true?
 - A. It came to effect in 2010.
 - B. It was written by Kenyans.
 - C. It was inherited from the British.
 - D. It outlines the rights of citizens.
60. In Kenya citizens vote during a general election when they
 - A. become members of political parties
 - B. get employed
 - C. acquire national identity card
 - D. register as voters.

SECTION II CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. When God created Adam and Eve he gave them the duty to
 - A. keep away the snake
 - B. guard and cultivate the garden of Eden
 - C. make places of worship
 - D. make clothes from leaves.
62. When Abraham was living in the land of Haran God told him to
 - A. move to the land of Canaan
 - B. sacrifice his only son
 - C. change his name
 - D. make a sacrifice of animals.
63. Which one of the following people was the son of Isaac?
 - A. Ishmael
 - B. Laban
 - C. Bethuel
 - D. Esau
64. The **main** reason why Jacob worked for Laban for fourteen years because
 - A. Laban was his relative
 - B. he wanted to please his father
 - C. he was a hardworking person
 - D. he wanted to get a wife.
65. Moses was rescued when he was a baby from the river by
 - A. his mother
 - B. the King's daughter
 - C. his sister
 - D. Jethro
66. God demonstrated his kindness to the Israelites during the exodus when he
 - A. gave them food to eat
 - B. made clothes for them
 - C. gave them the ten commandments
 - D. made a covenant with them.
67. Gideon was able to defeat the Midianites **mainly** because
 - A. he was a brave soldiers
 - B. he had many soldiers
 - C. he obeyed God's command
 - D. the Midianites were weak
68. When Samuel was young he lived at Shiloh under the care of
 - A. Elkanah
 - B. Joshua
 - C. Eli
 - D. Hannah
69. The prophesy of Isaiah about Jesus was that he would be called
 - A. redeemer
 - B. Emmanuel
 - C. the lamb of God
 - D. the King
70. Joseph and Mary had gone to Bethlehem on the night Jesus was born to
 - A. be counted
 - B. attend the Passover Feast
 - C. attend the relatives
 - D. escape from Herod.
71. John the Baptist worked as a
 - A. tax collector
 - B. fisherman
 - C. carpenter
 - D. preacher.

72. Which one of the following events took place when Jesus was baptized?
 A. A voice was heard from heaven.
 B. A cloud covered Jesus.
 C. A star appeared in the East.
 D. There was an earthquake.
73. When the devil told Jesus to change a stone into bread he was
 A. on the shore of lake Galilee
 B. at the temple
 C. in the wilderness
 D. on top of a high mountain.
74. The parable that teaches Christians to be persistent in prayer is
 A. the widow and the judge
 B. the Pharisee and tax collector
 C. the sower
 D. the rich man and Lazarus.
75. Jesus compared the growth of the Kingdom of God to
 A. a child
 B. a mustard seed
 C. a coin
 D. a sheep.
76. When Jesus washed his disciples' feet he taught Christians to be
 A. forgiving
 B. repentant
 C. kind
 D. humble.
77. Jesus was arrested while he was praying at
 A. Golgotha
 B. the temple
 C. the garden of Gethsemane
 D. the sea of Galilee.
78. Jesus forgave the thief crucified with him at Golgotha because
 A. the thief was repentant
 B. Jesus knew the thief
 C. the thief was innocent
 D. the thief was related to Jesus.
79. When Saul became blind he was going to Damascus to
 A. preach in the Synagogue
 B. take money to the believers
 C. attend the Passover feast
 D. harm the followers of Jesus.
80. Peter performed the miracle of raising a dead woman at
 A. Lydda
 B. Caesarea
 C. Joppa
 D. Nain
81. Ananias and Sapphirah were punished because they
 A. had sold their property
 B. had kept part of the money they got
 C. had lied to the Holy Spirit
 D. had worked on a Sabbath.
82. In traditional African communities places of worship are respected because
 A. they are considered sacred
 B. ancestors are buried there
 C. they are dark places
 D. they are found in lonely areas.
83. A common belief in both traditional African and Christian communities is that
 A. God lives in heaven
 B. there is life after death
 C. dead people will rise again
 D. God is served by angels.
84. Which one of the following is a common practice during marriage in both traditional African and Christian communities?
 A. Offering gifts.
 B. Tattooing bodies.
 C. Baptism.
 D. Reading the Bible.
85. In Traditional African Societies libations are performed in order to
 A. mark important stage in life
 B. repent sins
 C. teach moral values
 D. share with the dead.
86. The **main** reasons why Christians go to distant places to preach is to
 A. interact with other Christians
 B. know other people
 C. obey the command Jesus gave
 D. become popular in the community.
87. The **main** reasons why Christians work is to
 A. become rich
 B. please their leaders
 C. obey the laws of the country
 D. avoid being a burden to others.
88. In **Ephesians 5:25** Paul advises husbands to
 A. work hard for their wives
 B. love their wives as Christ loved the Church
 C. treat their children well
 D. be good example in the family.
89. Christians lead the war against drug abuse in the country by
 A. teaching people on effects of drugs
 B. arresting people who use drugs
 C. isolating people who use drugs
 D. keeping drugs away from children.
90. The European Missionaries who came to Kenya taught Africans how to read in order to
 A. enable them get jobs
 B. make them equal to Europeans
 C. make them preach Christianity
 D. make Africans stop their customs.

SECTION II ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following surahs should a person recite in order to protect his children from evils?
 A. Surah Ikhlas and Nas
 B. Surah Asr and Falaq
 C. Surah Nas and Falaq
 D. Surah Dhuha and Humaza
62. Which surah promises the prophets (S.A.W) a river in paradise?
 A. Kauthar B. Falaq C. Asr D. Humaza
63. During which occasion did Allah (S.W) send down birds with pebbles?
 A. Conquest of Makkah
 B. Battle of Badr
 C. Hijat - ul - widaa
 D. Invasion of the kaabah
64. Which one of the following is the main teaching of surah At - Takathur?
 A. Neglecting prayers and Saum

- B. Patience in times of difficulties
C. Sacrificing for the sake of Allah
D. Competition of wealth and other worldly affairs.
65. Which one of the following surah promises Muslims success after difficulties?
A. Dhuha B. Inshirah C. Maun D. Asr
66. Spend oh! son of Adam, I shall spend on you" what do we learn from this hadith?
A. Kindness B. Hospitality
C. Tolerance D. Generosity
67. The prophet (S.A.W) said that Muslims are like a single building each brick hold the other. This hadith teaching on
A. unity of Muslims
B. tolerance of Muslims
C. patience of Muslims
D. kindness of Muslims
68. Amina a standard eight pupil wanted to steal her friends pen but later on stopped on remembering a certain teaching of Islam. This teaching was on
A. Taqwa B. Ihsaan C. Iman D. honesty
69. Which one of the following sunnah prayer is referred to as midnight prayer?
A. Tahajud B. Witr C. Dhuha D. Taraweh
70. Which one of the following occasion does not require one to take a sunnah ghusl?
A. Before entering Makkah
B. After washing a dead body
C. Before going for Friday prayers
D. Before putting on a new dress
71. Which one of the following fardh prayer has three rakaat?
A. Dhuhr B. Subh C. Maghrib D. Isha
72. The act of pilgrims going round the kaabah during hajj is referred to as
A. sa'ay B. Tawaaf C. Arafat D. Ihram
73. The total number of rakaat that a Muslim performs in a day is
A. 4 B. 10 C. 15 D. 17
74. Absad beat up her friend for no apparent reason. She later apologized to her friend. Her friend should
A. forgive her
B. beat her up as well
C. report her to her class teacher
D. stop her friendship
75. Who among the following prophets of Allah (S.W) turned his walking rod into a snake?
A. Ibrahim (A.S) B. Issa (A.S)
C. Musa (A.S) D. Nuh (A.S)
76. Which one of the following attributes of Allah (S.W) is correctly matched with its meaning?
A. Aziiz - The Most Gracious
B. Ar - Rahman - The protector
C. Al - Muhaimiin -The mighty
D. Al - malik - The king
77. Which one of the following is NOT a right of a servant?
A. prompt payment B. off and leaves
C. Salary deductions D. free clothes
78. Tawakkul is a term that refers to
A. Reliance of Allah
B. Fear of Allah
C. Obedience of Allah
D. Belief in Allah (S.W)
79. The BEST way of showing appreciation to our parents is by
A. buying them land
B. buying them clothes
C. obeying them
D. saying thank you
80. When a Muslim see a bier passing he/she should
A. follow it
B. stand up
C. continue with what they are doing
D. pray for the deceased
81. Which one of the following is not a characteristic of a good friend?
A. Prayerful B. Honest
C. Truthful D. wasteful
82. Who among the following angels brought the Qur'an to prophet Mohammad (S.A.W)?
A. Jibril B. Mikail C. Malik D. Izrail
83. How many khazraj and Aus met the prophet (p.b.u.h) during the second pledge of Aqabah?
A. 12 B. 70 C. 10 D. 75
84. During which of the following events did the sahaba dishonour the words of the prophet?
A. Battle of Badr B. Battle of Uhud
C. Conquest of Makkah D. Isra - wal - miraj
85. Muslims of Madina who welcomed those from Makkah were referred to as
A. muhajirun B. hanifs
C. answar D. muuminun
86. Which year did the conquest of Makkah take place?
A. 8A.H B. 6A.H C. 10 A.H D. 5 A.H
87. Which of the following months is Ash - Hurul - Hurum?
A. Ramadhan B. Shaban
C. Safar D. Rajab
88. The historical event that is associated with Bait - ul - maqdis is
A. conquest of Makkah
B. Isra - wal - miraj
C. pledge of aqubah
D. treaty of Hudaibiya
89. The best way Muslims can fight corruption in Kenya is by
A. looking for government jobs
B. killing all corrupt leader
C. doing a lot of Ibaada and supplication
D. creating awareness and teaching Islamic tarbia
90. Which one of the following is not good to be done to a person living with HIV/AIDS?
A. Giving them medicine
B. Spending time with them.
C. Isolating them from healthy people
D. Giving them clothes