



FRONTRUNNER EXAM

STANDARD SEVEN 2021

SOCIAL STUDIES & RE

7

Time: 2Hrs 30 Mins

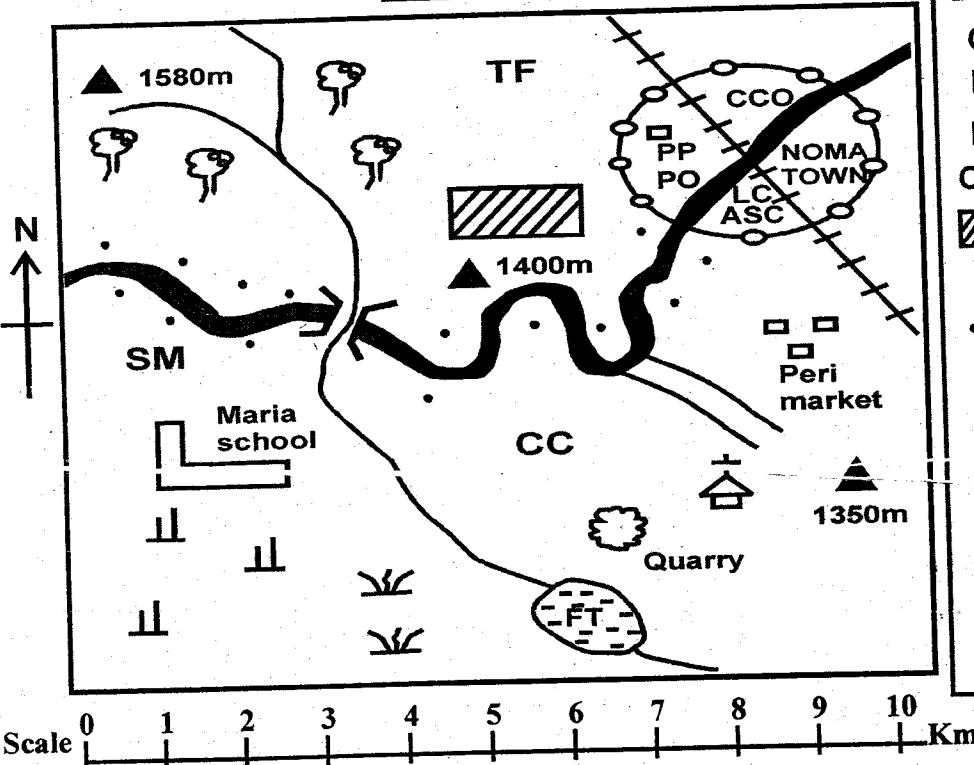
READ THIS INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.
 - Your Name
 - Name of your school

Use the map of Boma Area to answer questions 1 - 7

BOMA AREA

KEY



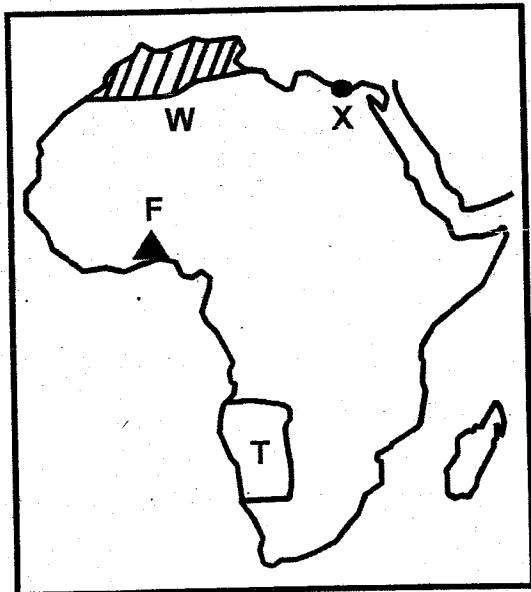
—●—	Town Boundary
CC	Chief's Camp
LC	Level Crossing
PO	Post Office
CCO	County Council Offices
▨	Coffee Plantation
TF	Tea Factory
...	Settlement
⊥	Scrubs
⊥	Sisal
+	Church
FT	Fish Traps
▲	Hill
ASC	Ass. Sub-county Commissioner

- The land in Boma area rises from _____
 - South East to North West
 - North to South
 - North West to South East
 - North West to South
- The **MAIN** factor that led to the growth of Noma Town is _____
 - Trading
 - Administration
 - Transport and Communication Network
 - Security
- Which one of the following describes the climate of the South Western part of Boma area _____
 - Cool and Wet
 - Hot and Dry
 - Warm and Wet
 - Hot and Wet
- People of Boma area are of _____ religion
 - Christian
 - Muslim
 - Hindu
 - Paganism
- Boma Area is headed by _____
 - Mayor
 - Chairperson
 - Chief
 - Assistant Sub-county Commissioner
- The following economic activities are carried out in Boma area. Which one is **NOT**
 - Fishing
 - Lumbering
 - Trading
 - Cattle keeping
- The type of settlement shown on the map is
 - Sparse
 - Linear
 - Even
 - Dense

8. Below is a description of a type of soil
 (i) Are new formed soils
 (ii) Are formed after deposition of eroded material
 (iii) Are normally found in river valleys flood plains and near mouths of rivers
 The type of soil described above is
 A. Alluvial soils B. Volcanic soils
 C. Black cotton soil D. Loamy soils
9. The last group of River Lake Nilote to move into Western Kenya around Lake Victoria was
 A. Joka-Jok B. Jok-Owiny
 C. Luo D. Jok-Omollo
10. In the past Kenya communities interacted through
 A. Media
 B. Marriage
 C. Youth and women's groups
 D. Weddings
11. Rwanda is _____
 A. Sparsely populated
 B. Areas with medium population
 C. Densely populated
 D. Under population
12. Below are conditions favouring the growth of a crop
 (i) Plenty of rainfall, well distributed per year
 (ii) Constantly high temperature
 (iii) Deep fertile soils
 (iv) High humidity throughout the year
 The crop described above is
 A. Pyrethrum B. Cloves C. Tea D. Wheat
13. Below are facts about a climatic region in Africa
 (i) It covers a broad zone in Africa
 (ii) It experiences a hot, rainy season and a cool, dry season
 (iii) The rainfall ranges between 380mm to 2000mm
 The climatic region experience above is
 A. Semi-desert climate
 B. Savannah climate
 C. Mediterranean climate
 D. Equitorial climate
14. The time in Accra is 8.00 pm. What will be the time at Mogadishu 30°E?
 A. 10.00 am B. 6.00 pm
 C. 6.00 am D. 10.00 pm
15. The lake basin region and highland areas have one thing in common. It is that they
 A. Receive adequate rainfall
 B. Have sparse population
 C. Have infertile soil
 D. Experience dry conditions throughout the year
16. Who among the following school officials is in-charge of finance?
 A. Treasurer B. Head teacher
 C. Chairman D. Sponsor
17. Which one of the following is the cheapest way of preserving food?
 A. Smoking B. Canning
 C. Sun drying D. Salting
18. The following are responsibilities of the government to its people. Which one is **NOT**?
 A. Provision of education
 B. Care for the hooligans
 C. Ensure that there is enough food for people
 D. Provision security
19. Which one of the following is **NOT** a role of political parties in democracy?
 A. Allow people to choose the best policies
 B. Promotes togetherness
 C. Promote the rule of law
 D. Enhance disunity
20. Drugs that cause sleeplessness are called
 A. Barbiturates B. Tranquiller
 C. Narcotic D. Stimulants
21. Which one of the following policies replaces the policy of assimilation in Senegal?
 A. Direct B. Assimilation
 C. Association D. Paternalism
22. The Old Ghana Kingdom was formed by a community called _____
 A. Mande B. Soninke C. Fulani D. Hausa
23. The Headquarters of SADC is in _____
 A. Gaborone, Zambia B. Abuja, Nigeria
 C. Gaborone, Botswana D. Lusaka, Zambia
24. The **MAIN** cause of conflicts between teachers and pupils in schools is _____
 A. Absenteeism
 B. Not wearing proper school uniform
 C. Late coming
 D. Poor performance
25. Which one of the following is **NOT** an example of early forms of transport?
 A. Rafts B. Bicycles
 C. Oxen D. Horses
26. Products used in making of plastics, fertilizers and medicines are obtained from which mineral?
 A. Gold B. Petroleum
 C. Soda ash D. Copper

27. The **MAIN** importance of forestry to the economy of Swaziland is _____
- A. Earns the country foreign exchange
 B. Creation of jobs
 C. They protect water resources in the country
 D. Forests are home to rich and diverse wildlife
28. The treaty establishing COMESA was signed on 5th November 1993 in
- A. Lusaka Zambia B. Lome Togo
 C. Kampala Uganda D. Windhoek Namibia
29. Industries in Eastern Africa are important because
- A. They produce similar goods
 B. They sometimes affect the environment
 C. They produce goods which are not good enough
 D. They buy and use raw materials produced in the region
30. The seat of government of South Sudan is
- A. Khartoum B. Ramciel
 C. Bujumbura D. Kigali

Use the map of Africa below to answer questions 31 - 34

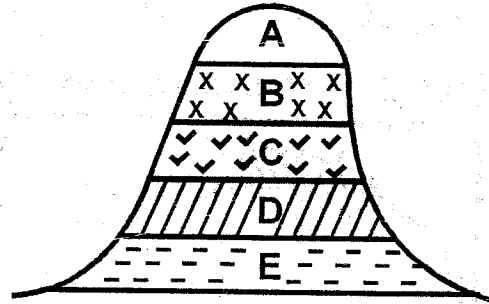


31. The type of forest labeled W is called
- A. Mountane B. Mediterranean
 C. Tropica rainfall D. Savannah woodlands
32. The mineral mined at the place marked F is extracted from underground using a method known as
- A. Stripping B. Dredging
 C. Shaft mining D. Drilling
33. The capital of the country marked T is
- A. Kinshasa B. Pretoria
 C. Windhoek D. Lilongwe

34. The tourist attraction found at the place marked X is likely to be
- A. Sandy beaches B. Wildlife
 C. Pre-historic site D. Pyramids
35. Which one of the following is the **MAIN** factor that was considered when locating Bamburi cement factory?
- A. Availability of raw materials
 B. Nearness to the market
 C. Availability of power
 D. Government policy
36. Which one of the following is **NOT** a form of electronic media?
- A. Radio B. Television
 C. Newspaper D. E-mail
37. Trade between two countries is known as _____
- A. Multi-lateral trade B. International trade
 C. Bilateral trade D. Domestic trade
38. The **MAIN** problem facing wildlife is _____
- A. Insecurity B. Al shabaab
 C. Terrorism D. Poaching
39. Which one of the following is **NOT** a type of fish farmed in Kenya?
- A. Prawn B. Trout C. Mud-fish D. Tilapia
40. The movement of people with their animals in search of water and pasture is known as _____
- A. Transhumance B. Beef farming
 C. Nomadic pastoralism D. Ranching
41. Before the construction of the Seven Forks Scheme, Kenya used to buy HEP mainly from
- A. Akosombo dam B. Masinga dam
 C. Kariba dam D. Owen falls dam
42. Traders came to East Africa for all the following reasons **EXCEPT** to _____
- A. Create friendly relations with Africans
 B. Acquire trading goods
 C. Establish trading centres
 D. Establish trading links
43. Which one of the following African leaders did **NOT** retire from office voluntarily?
- A. Julius Nyerere B. Nelson Mandela
 C. Haile Selassie D. Leopold Senghor
44. Which one of the following explains the work of polling clerks during general elections _____
- A. In-charge of polling stations
 B. Co-ordination voting at polling stations
 C. Count the ballot papers foe every candidate
 D. Guide and assist voters on the voting

45. The **MAIN** duty of the Kenya police officers is to
- Punish law breakers
 - Assist citizens in causing conflicts in the society
 - Preventing external attacks
 - Maintain law and order in the country
46. Who among the following leaders resisted colonial rule
- Kabaka Mutesa I
 - Laibon Lenana
 - Kabaka Mwanga
 - Nabongo Mumia
47. Which system of administration was used by the Belgians in Congo?
- Direct Rule
 - Company Rule
 - Indirect Rule
 - Association
48. Peace can be undermined when
- People enjoy the right to receive information
 - People in political parties disagree
 - People talk to each other
 - People agree to do what other people want
49. Who among the following is **NOT** a member of the executive?
- The president
 - The Deputy president
 - The Attorney general
 - The speaker
50. The collapse of Mumias sugar company can lead to three of the following **EXCEPT**?
- Tolerance
 - Unemployment
 - Insecurity
 - Poor living standard
51. The party that led Tanganyika to independence is
- Tanganyika African Association
 - United Tanganyika Party
 - Chama Cha Mapinduzi
 - Tanganyika African National Union
52. Which one of the following is the **MAIN** factor leading to decrease in population in Kenya today
- High rate of school drop-out
 - Many cases of divorce
 - Spread of HIV/AIDS
 - Late marriage
53. Three of the following countries took part in the scramble of Africa **EXCEPT**?
- Spain
 - Belgium
 - Japan
 - Portugal
54. Obeying the laws of the country is important **MAINLY** because
- It is a requirement of the constitution
 - The policemen in the country a few
 - One will avoid being sent to jail
 - It promotes peace
55. Below are benefits of democracy in the country. Which one is **ODD**?
- People are treated fairly
 - Enables citizens to be irresponsible
 - Promotes freedom of individuals
 - Gives people the right to own property
56. Marriage can be long lasting only if the spouses
- Control their anger
 - Practice love, affection and trust
 - Exercise love, care and lust
 - Support each other financially
57. The following are plain Nilotes **EXCEPT**?
- Njemps
 - Elmolos
 - Maasai
 - Dinka

Use the diagram below to answer question 58



58. Which of the parts of mountain vegetation marked above shows Babmboo forest and rainforest
- C and D
 - D and E
 - C and B
 - B and D
59. Identity the plateau that is wrongly matched with the country it's found in
- Bie - Angola
 - Teiga - Ethiopia
 - Lerochi - Kenya
 - Jebel Abya - Sudan
60. The **MAIN** reason why very little or no trade takes place between Kenya and Somali is _____
- They produce similar goods
 - Poor transport
 - Political instability in Somalia
 - Poor communication

C.R.E. SECTION

61. The **MAIN** reason why human beings are important in God's creation is _____
A. They were created to resemble God
B. They were created last
C. They were given power to name animals
D. They were moulded from the soil
62. Which one of the following birds sent by Noah came back with an olive leaf?
A. Raven B. Dove C. Pigeon D. Hawk
63. When God made a covenant with Abraham, He appeared to Abraham through _____
A. Pillar of fire
B. An earthquake
C. Trumpets broken jars and torch
D. Smoking fire-pot and a flaming torch
64. Which one of the following was Easau's occupation?
A. Farmer B. Skilled hunter
C. Priest D. Shepherd
65. The Israelites were to continue celebrating the festival of unleavened bread because
A. On this day, God releaved them
B. The Egyptian's children were killed
C. God helped them cross the Red sea
D. On this day they ate the unleavened bread
66. Which one of the following amused Moses when he received his call?
A. Fire in the bush
B. God talking to him
C. The bush not burning
D. Removing his sandals
67. Who among the following personalities mislead the Israelites at Mt. Sinai?
A. Moses B. Joshua
C. Caleb D. Aaron
68. Who among the following people was the last judge in Israel?
A. Othaniel B. Samuel
C. Joel D. Deborah
69. Which one of the following people showed loyalty to his friend David?
A. Saul B. Jonathan
C. Eliab D. Jacob
70. The **MAIN** reason Saul was chosen to be the King of Israel is
A. Saul was a godly man
B. Samuel was old
C. Israelites wanted a king like other nations
D. Samuel's children were corrupt
71. Who among the following prophets foretold about the suffering Messiah?
A. Isaiah B. Micah
C. Joel D. Jeremiah
72. Zachariah was told Angel Gabriel that he would be unable to speak until the child is born, when was this fulfilled?
A. When the child was born
B. During naming and circumcision
C. When Mary visited Elizabeth
D. When Jesus was born
73. Which one of the following events took place on the 40th day after the birth of Jesus Christ
A. Naming
B. Baptism
C. Transfiguration
D. Presentation
74. What is the **MAIN** lesson that Christians learn from the incident of Jesus meeting Satan in the wilderness?
A. Man does not live on bread alone
B. Don't put your lord to test
C. Do what God wants
D. Worship the Lord alone
75. In the incident of feeding the 5000 people, who told Jesus that there was a boy with five loaves and two fish?
A. Andrew B. Philip
C. Peter D. John
76. Which one of the following parables teaches Christians on the value of the kingdom?
A. Mustard seed
B. Hidden treasure
C. Growing seed
D. Yeast

77. Which one of the following is an act of unselfishness?
- Jane refusing to share sugarcane with her class mate
 - Sherlyne denying that she stole a classmate's pen
 - Asiko saving her brother from a burning house
 - Salone favouring herself during lunch time
78. On which of the following occasions did Jesus teach on the need to be servants
- Transfiguration
 - Baptism
 - Last supper
 - Temptations
79. Which one of the following brought conflict between Jesus and the Jews?
- Being baptized at the river Jordan
 - Being transfigured at Mt. Olives
 - Attending Passover feast at the age of twelve
 - Healing on a Sabbath day
80. Pilate handed over Jesus to be crucified because
- Jesus was found guilty
 - He wanted to please the Jewish leaders
 - He wanted to obey the authority
 - He was afraid of Jesus Christ
81. Which one of the following is the reason Jesus accepted to die on the cross?
- God had forsaken him
 - The disciples had run away from him
 - He was found guilty of sin
 - He wanted to reconcile human kind with God
82. Who among the following confirmed the resurrection of Jesus Christ?
- Mary Magdalene
 - The soldiers
 - Two angels
 - Peter
83. Who among the following people sold his field and brought all money to the disciples
- Joseph of cyprus
 - Ananias
 - Mathias
 - Peter
84. Paul was chosen by God mainly to?
- Preach to the Gentiles
 - Preach to the Jews
 - Preach to the Kings
 - Persecute Christians
85. Which one of the following is the belief of Apostles' Creed on Jesus being a Holy child
- Born of the Virgin Mary
 - Was conceived by the power of the Holy Spirit
 - On the third day, He rose from the dead
 - He will be called the son of the most High God
86. What is the purpose of children in Traditional African Society?
- To carry on the life of community
 - To influence the life of the living
 - To help in offering sacrifices
 - To lead in worship
87. Which one of the following Traditional African practice is acceptable to Christianity?
- Polygamy
 - Sacrifice
 - Fasting
 - Prayers
88. The following are concepts of God in Christianity. Which one of the them is also a concept of God in Traditional African Heritage?
- The father
 - The good shepherd
 - The creator
 - The lamb of God
89. Which one of the following show the **BEST** use of leisure time to a standard 7 pupil?
- Reading a CRE book in preparation for exams
 - Visiting a sick neighbor in hospital
 - Fetching water for use in your home
 - Watching a football match in the school compound
90. The Flying Doctor Services was started by three Christian surgeons in Kenya in 1950's. These were:-
- John Rebman, Michael Woods and David Livingstone
 - Johann Ludwig, John Rebman and Michael Woods
 - David Livingstone, Archie McIndae and Tom Rees
 - Michael Wood, Archie McIndae and Tom Rees