



STANDARD SEVEN

DISCOVERY
EXAMS

DISCOVERY NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS KCPE COMPLIANT 2021

SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES (Please read these instructions carefully)

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:
YOUR INDEX NUMBER
YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e School Code Number and the three- figure Candidate's number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any mark outside the boxes.
8. Keep the answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-90, answers are given. The answer are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the Question Booklet:

33. Which Eastern African country has no railway network?

A. Ethiopia

B. Uganda

C. Kenya

D. Somalia

The correct answer is 'D'

On the answer sheet:

30 [A] [B] [C] [D] 31 [A] [B] [C] [D] 32 [A] [B] [C] [D] 33 [A] [B] [C] [D] 34 [A] [B] [C] [D]

11. Your **dark line MUST** be written in the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

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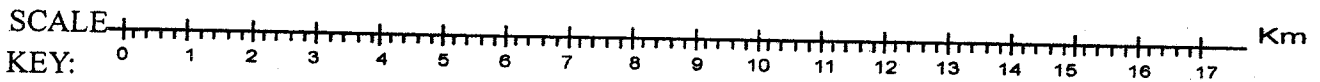
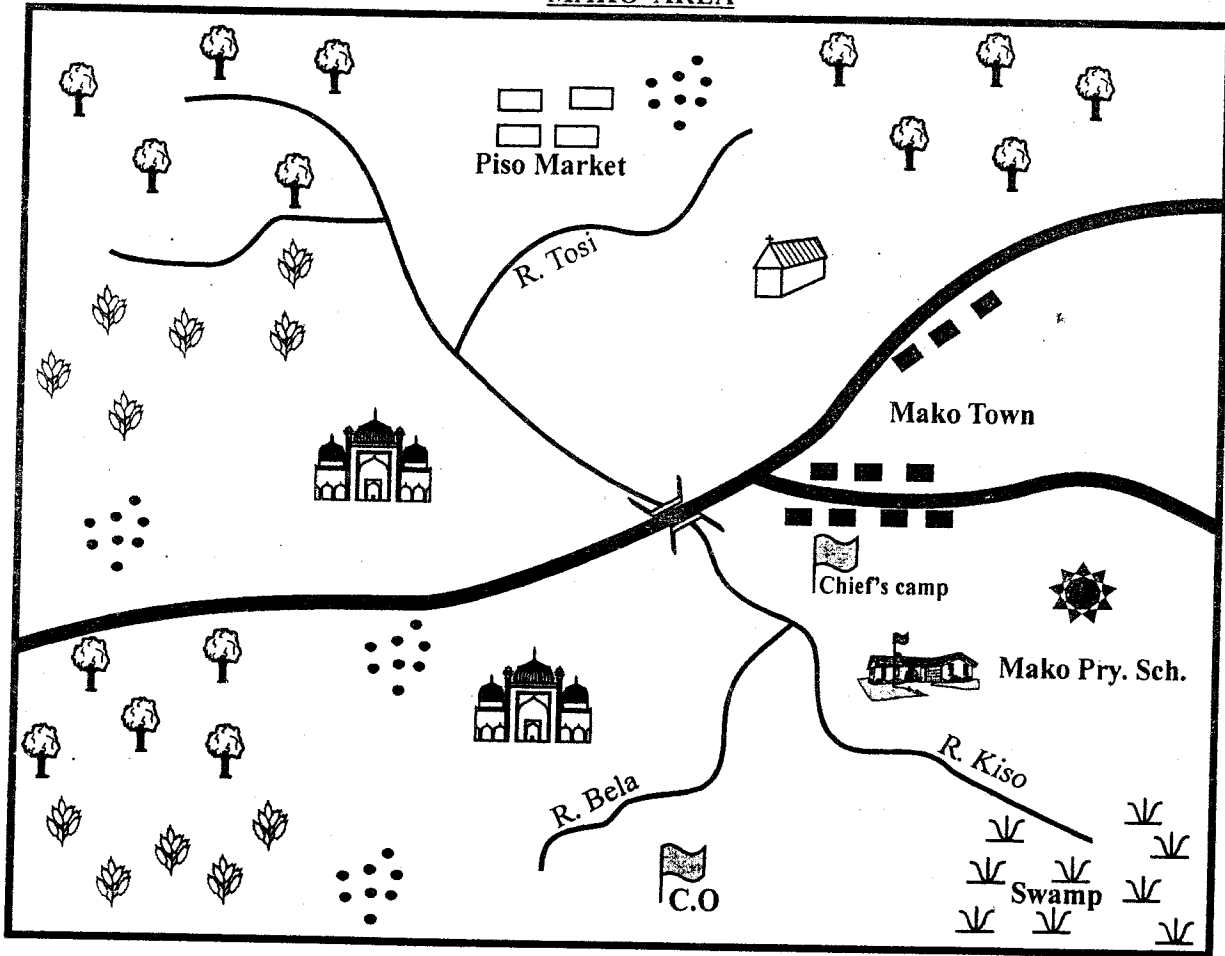
This question paper consist of 12 printed pages













Discovery National Examinations 2021

TURN OVER

PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES

MAKO AREA



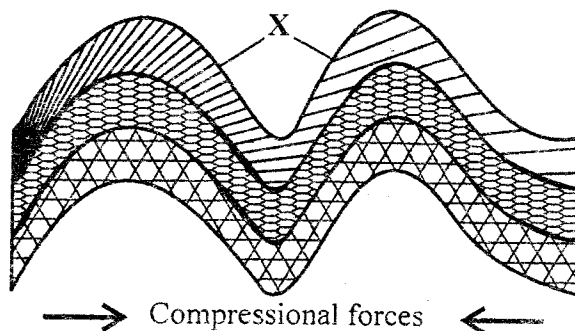
	Forest		Mosque		School
	Tea		River and bridge		Tarmac road
	Church		Settlement		Swampy reeds
	County office		Permanent buildings		Quarry

Study the map of Mako area provided and answer questions 1 - 7.

1. The type of climate experienced in Mako area is:-
 - A. hot and dry
 - B. hot and wet
 - C. cool and wet
 - D. cool and dry
2. How many confluences are found in Mako area?
 - A. Two.
 - B. Four.
 - C. One.
 - D. Three.
3. Mako town has developed **mainly** because of the:-
 - A. tea plantation
 - B. road junction
 - C. quarry
 - D. availability of water
4. The type of population settlement in Mako area is:-
 - A. linear
 - B. clustered
 - C. sparse
 - D. densely
5. The most dominant religion of people in Mako area is **likely** to be:-
 - A. christianity
 - B. islam
 - C. hinduism
 - D. pagan
6. Mako area is **likely** to be headed by a:-
 - A. District officer
 - B. Chief
 - C. Governor
 - D. District commissioner
7. The land in Mako area rises from _____ to _____.
 - A. South East to North West
 - B. North East to South
 - C. South West to North
 - D. North West to South West

8. Communities in the past interacted through three of the following **except**:-
 - A. migration
 - B. wars
 - C. education
 - D. trade
9. Which of the following is the **most** Easterly point of Africa?
 - A. Cape Guardafui.
 - B. Cape Blanco.
 - C. Cape Verde.
 - D. Cape Agulhas.
10. A group of people who share a common ancestor is:-
 - A. an age set
 - B. an extended family
 - C. a family
 - D. a clan
11. Which one of the following is **correct** about the revolution of the earth around the sun?
 - A. It causes day and night.
 - B. It causes winter and summer in the tips of Africa.
 - C. It takes 24 hours.
 - D. It causes difference in time along different longitudes.

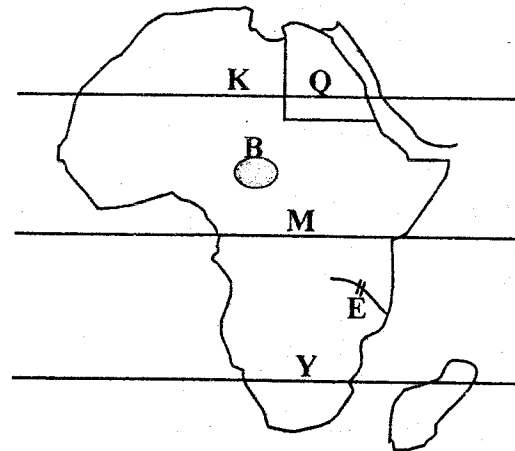
Study the diagram below and answer question 12 and 13.



12. The diagram above shows the formation of _____ type of mountain.
 - A. block
 - B. fold
 - C. volcanic
 - D. plateau

13. The part marked X is called:-
 A. syncline
 B. anticline
 C. floor
 D. escarpment
14. Which of these plateaus in Africa is **correctly** matched with the country where it is found?
 A. Bie plateau - Nigeria.
 B. Fouta Djallon - Guinea.
 C. Jos plateau - Sudan.
 D. Teiga plateau - Kenya.
15. The time in Malabo Guinea 17°W is 1.20 pm. What is the time of Kampala Uganda 23°E?
 A. 2:40 am.
 B. 4:20 am.
 C. 4:00 pm.
 D. 6.00 am.
16. The **main** cause of soil erosion in North Eastern Kenya is:-
 A. lack of rainfall
 B. cultivation on hills
 C. overstocking
 D. monocropping
17. The largest beef ranch in Tanzania is found at:-
 A. Kuzo
 B. Morogoro
 C. Kongwa
 D. Tanga
18. Below is a description of a certain climatic region in Africa.
 i) *It experiences hot and dry summers and cool and wet winters.*
 ii) *Rainfall ranges between 500 mm and 750 mm.*
 iii) *Temperature ranges between 12°C - 25° C.*
 iv) *Experienced in the Northern and Southern parts of Africa.*
 The climatic region described above is:-
 A. Savannah
 B. Mediterranean
 C. Arid and semi arid
 D. Mountain
19. The following are factors that influences climate in Africa. Which one **does not**?
 A. Longitude.
 B. Altitude.
 C. Ocean current.
 D. Winds.
20. Which of the following Island countries of Africa is **not** located in the Indian Ocean?
 A. Cape verde.
 B. Comoros.
 C. Mauritius.
 D. Seychelles.
21. In which month is the sun overhead in the tropic of Capricorn?
 A. June.
 B. March.
 C. December.
 D. September.
22. Below are rivers that drains into the Atlantic Ocean. Which one **does not**?
 A. Cuanza.
 B. Volta.
 C. Limpopo.
 D. Niger.

Use the map of Africa below to answer the question 23-27.



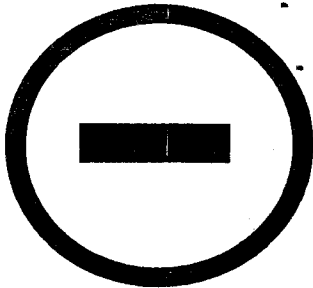
23. The capital city of the country marked Q is:-
 A. Rabat
 B. Tunis
 C. Lome
 D. Cairo

24. Which of the following countries is **not** crossed by the line marked **M**?
 A. Gabon.
 B. Tanzania.
 C. Congo.
 D. Kenya.
25. The river marked **E** is **likely** to be:-
 A. River Senegal
 B. River Cunene
 C. River Zambezi
 D. River Juba
26. The lake marked **B** is called:-
 A. Chad
 B. Victoria
 C. Etosha pan
 D. Tana
27. The countries crossed by the line of latitude marked **Y** receives rainfall between:-
 A. March - September
 B. June - February
 C. December - February
 D. April - July
28. Census in Kenya is conducted after:-
 A. 5 years
 B. 7 years
 C. 10 years
 D. 18 years
29. The decline in sisal produce was **mainly** as a result of:-
 A. price fluctuation
 B. competition from synthetic fibres
 C. pest and diseases
 D. lack of security
30. Which two personalities came up with African Socialism as a national philosophy?
 A. Daniel Moi and Jomo Kenyatta.
 B. Tom Okeka and Jomo Kenyatta.
 C. Jomo Kenyatta and Tom Mboya.
 D. Daniel Moi and Tom Mboya.
31. The following are statements about a certain leader in Africa.
 i) *He died in 1975*
 ii) *He was overthrown and put under house arrest*
 iii) *He succeeded an empress*
 iv) *He was the last emperor in his country*
 Who among the following leaders is referred to by the above statement?
 A. Jomo Kenyatta.
 B. Sobuhza III.
 C. Haile Sellasie.
 D. Milton Obote.
32. The growing of flowers for export is known as:-
 A. farming
 B. floriculture
 C. flowering
 D. horticulture
33. The officer incharge of administering justice in the Buganda kingdom was called:-
 A. Katikiro
 B. Omwanika
 C. Omulamuzi
 D. Bataka
34. Who among the following are **not** Western Bantu?
 A. Abakuria.
 B. Wadawida.
 C. Abasuba.
 D. Abagusii.
35. Kenana plains in Sudan are famous for the production of:-
 A. maize
 B. wheat
 C. sugarcane
 D. bananas
36. Kenya was declared a British Protectorate in:-
 A. 1963
 B. 1960
 C. 1952
 D. 1895

37. Road accidents are common on Kenyan roads **mainly** due to:-
 A. overloading of vehicles
 B. poor roads
 C. carelessness caused by human error
 D. lack of observing road signs
38. Which of these Kenyan towns will experience convectional rainfall?
 A. Embu.
 B. Kilifi.
 C. Nairobi.
 D. Meru.
39. Skills such as medicine and iron working were traditionally taught through:-
 A. reading
 B. writing
 C. listening
 D. apprenticeship
40. The following are human rights. Which one is **not**?
 A. Right to life.
 B. Right to education.
 C. Freedom of worship.
 D. Freedom to smoke.
41. The Dahalo, Burji and the Bajuni are classified as:-
 A. Bantu speakers
 B. Nilotic speakers
 C. Semitic speakers
 D. Cushitic speakers
42. Which of the following is **not** a mass media?
 A. Radio
 B. Television
 C. Newspaper
 D. Telephone
43. Which of these communities is **likely** to fill the box below?
 Teso → Maasai → Njemps → X
 A. Turkana.
 B. Abagusii.
 C. Agikuyu.
 D. Agiriama
44. Fluorspar in Kenya is mined through ___ method.
 A. shaft.
 B. opencast.
 C. dredging.
 D. panning.
45. In which country is Jos plateau located?
 A. Chad.
 B. Niger.
 C. Nigeria.
 D. Guinea.
46. An area represented by a member of parliament is called:-
 A. a constituency
 B. a municipal area
 C. a ward
 D. an urban area
47. Mekatilili wa Menza was a prominent leader in traditional Kenyan society. Which community did she belong to?
 A. Kalenjin.
 B. Giriama.
 C. Luhya.
 D. Maasai.
48. Which one of the following means of transport is the **most** convenient for transporting cement from Athi River to Kisumu?
 A. Pipe.
 B. Railway.
 C. Air.
 D. Road.
49. The following are examples of hard woods. Which one is **not**?
 A. Mvule.
 B. Pine.
 C. Elgon teak.
 D. Meru oak.

50. The ocean current responsible for the formation of a desert to the South-West part of Africa is called:-
 A. Benguela
 B. Guinea
 C. Agulhas
 D. Canary

51. The road sign below is warning drivers about:-



- A. pedestrian crossing
 B. no entry
 C. bumps ahead
 D. a roundabout
52. The winds that bring rainfall to the Cape region of South Africa are the:-
 A. Harmattan
 B. Westerlies
 C. North East trade winds
 D. South-Westerlies
53. One of the following is a manufacturing industry. Which one is it?
 A. Milk processing at Nakuru.
 B. Flour milling in Eldoret.
 C. Sugar milling at Chemilil.
 D. Paper making in Webuye.
54. The capital city of Benin is:-
 A. Luanda
 B. Portnovno
 C. Rabat
 D. Noukchott

55. Which one of the following is **not** a way of solving a dispute?
 A. Asking for forgiveness.
 B. Failing to tolerate other people's views
 C. Involving an arbitrator.
 D. Going to a court of law

56. Why does the government of Kenya **mainly** encourage tourism?
 A. To conserve wildlife
 B. To create employment
 C. It earns foreign exchange
 D. To have good relationship with other countries

57. The **main** factor to consider when setting up a bakery industry is:-
 A. raw material
 B. transport
 C. market
 D. labour

58. Who was the second vice president of Kenya?
 A. Joseph Murumbi.
 B. Daniel Arap Moi.
 C. Oginga Odinga.
 D. Joseph Karanja.

59. The two countries that were never colonised in Africa were Ethiopia and
 A. Mali
 B. Liberia
 C. Senegal
 D. Kenya

60. Which country is **not** crossed by the prime meridian?
 A. Nigeria
 B. Burkina Faso
 C. Mali
 D. Algeria

PART II: RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
SECTION A
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which of one the following was **not** created by the word of mouth in Genesis chapter 1 and 2?
A. Oceans.
B. Insects.
C. Man.
D. Plants.
62. Who among the following is **not** a patriarch in Israel?
A. Abraham.
B. Joseph.
C. Jacob.
D. Samuel.
63. Who among the following engaged in prostitution?
A. Peninnah
B. Gomer
C. Bethsheba
D. Rebecca
64. Who among the following prophets predicted about a famine in the whole world?
A. Micah.
B. Elijah.
C. Jeremiah
D. Agabus.
65. Why was prophet Nathan angry with king David of Israel? Because he:-
A. was worshiping foreign gods
B. married a foreign woman
C. wanted to build the temple
D. had planned the murder of Uriah
66. Who among the following prophets prophesied about the valley of dry bones?
A. Joel.
B. Ezekiel.
C. Daniel.
D. Elijah.
67. Which one of the following was the 8th plague in Egypt?
A. Darkness
B. Gnats
C. Frogs
D. Death of animals
68. The Shunemite woman's son was brought back to life by prophet:-
A. Elisha.
B. Elijah.
C. Jesus.
D. Amos.
69. What was the name of the special box which was used to carry the stone tablets where laws were written?
A. Synagogue.
B. Temple.
C. Ark.
D. Tabernacle.
70. The following are characteristics of eternal life **except**:-
A. believing in God
B. accepting suffering
C. working miracles
D. being just and fair
71. The **main** lesson that the christians learn from the resurrection of Jesus is to be:-
A. tolerant
B. hopeful
C. obedient
D. kind
72. Which one of the following was a prophecy of Isaiah about the Messiah?
A. Being born of a virgin.
B. Killing of baby boys.
C. Baptism of Jesus.
D. Jesus born in Bethlehem.
73. Complete the following beatitude. Happy are the peacemakers for they:-
A. shall see God
B. shall be blessed
C. shall be called sons of God
D. shall be comforted

74. In which one of the following places did Jesus begin His ministry?
 A. Galilee.
 B. Nazareth.
 C. Bethsaida.
 D. Carpenaum.
75. The following are fruits of the Holy Spirit **except**:-
 A. love
 B. self control
 C. healing
 D. joy
76. Who among the following baptized the Ethiopian Eunuch?
 A. Philip.
 B. James.
 C. John.
 D. Peter.
77. Which one of the following is a historic book?
 A. Luke.
 B. Nehemiah.
 C. Joel.
 D. Matthew.
78. Which one of the following parables teaches christians to be always prepared? The parable of the:-
 A. prodigal son
 B. ten maidens
 C. woman and the judge
 D. Good Samaritan
79. Which one of the following is the **main** teaching on the sermon of the mountain?
 A. The values of christian living.
 B. Suffering of christians on the earth.
 C. How to pray and fast.
 D. Being peaceful.
80. The two disciples on their way to Emmaus recognised Jesus when:-
 A. He talked to them
 B. He broke bread
 C. they saw him
 D. they entered the house
81. Who among the following prophets prophesied about the coming of the Holy Spirit?
 A. Micah.
 B. Joel.
 C. Joshua.
 D. Jeremiah.
82. Which one of the following miracles was performed by Peter at Lydda?
 A. Tabitha was raised.
 B. Healed the crippled Aeneas.
 C. Healed the lame man.
 D. Healed a leper.
83. Which one of the following practices is **not** found in both christianity and traditional African beliefs?
 A. Love portions.
 B. Naming of children.
 C. Marriage practices.
 D. Respect for the dead.
84. Which one of the following traditional African practices can be equated with baptism in christianity?
 A. Naming.
 B. Burial ceremony.
 C. Initiation.
 D. Birth.
85. In both christianity and traditional African societies children are told folk tales **mainly** to:-
 A. keep them busy
 B. entertain them
 C. teach them moral values
 D. teach them about their past
86. Mark never wants to share his books with his deskmate. Which value does he lack?
 A. Humility.
 B. Love.
 C. Kindness.
 D. Honesty.

87. Peninah has been impregnated by an old man near her home. As a christian, what advice should you give Peninah?
 A. Carry out an abortion.
 B. Drop out of school.
 C. Marry the old man.
 D. Give birth and then continue with her studies.
88. Why do christians bring gifts to the church during worship? To:-
 A. show kindness
 B. thank God
 C. help the priest
 D. show unity to the church
89. James came across seven hundred shillings in the playing ground while playing with her classmates. What should she do with the money?
 A. Buy a CRE textbook.
 B. Take it to church as an offering.
 C. Buy food for the orphans.
 D. Find out who the owner is.
90. When was the first mission station established at Rabai?
 A. 1844.
 B. 1900.
 C. 1846.
 D. 1901.
62. Which one of the following Surah's says that man was created in the best shape and mould?
 A. Alaq
 B. Zilzala
 C. Aadiyat
 D. Tiin
63. The **main** lesson of Surah maun is:-
 A. patience
 B. kindness
 C. honesty
 D. love
64. Which one of the following Surahs is the opening chapter of the Quran?
 A. Ikhlas
 B. Nas
 C. Falaq
 D. Fatiha
65. The book of Injeel was given to prophet:-
 A. Musa
 B. Isa
 C. Mohammad
 D. Daud
66. On which of the following occasions is it compulsory to perform ghusl?
 A. After sexual intercourse
 B. After washing the dead
 C. On entering makkah
 D. Before becoming a muslim
67. For how long did the prophet preach secretly?
 A. 7 years
 B. 3 years
 C. 10 years
 D. 27 years
68. The minimum amount of wealth on which zakat must be paid is called:-
 A. sadaqah
 B. zakat
 C. udhu
 D. nisaab

SECTION B
ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following was the first Surah to be revealed to prophet mohammad (S.A.W)?
 A. Alaq
 B. Fatiha
 C. Tiin
 D. Humaza

69. Who among the following is **not** a recipient of zakat?
 A. Orphan
 B. Debtor
 C. Poor
 D. Needy
70. Which one of the following is **not** a ritual of Umrah?
 A. Tawaf
 B. Sa'ay
 C. Ihram
 D. Arafat
71. Which day of the week was prophet mohammad (S.A.W) born?
 A. Tuesday
 B. Friday
 C. Monday
 D. Sunday
72. Muslims must believe in Allah as though they see Him , for if they do not see Him He surely sees them. This is a pillar of:-
 A. Iman
 B. Islam
 C. Religion
 D. Ihsaan
73. An uncle of the prophet who was killed in the battle of uhud was:-
 A. Abu Talib
 B. Abass
 C. Abu Lahab
 D. Hamza
74. Which of the following clothing material is haraam for a muslim man to wear?
 A. Cotton
 B. Silk
 C. Nylon
 D. Wool
75. Which of the following behaviour will promote peace among neighbours?
 A. Honesty
 B. Back biting
 C. Tolerance
 D. Unity
76. Which one of the following was a miracle performed by Nabii Musa?
 A. He made the blind to see
 B. He spoke at infancy
 C. He made a snake from a rod
 D. He healed the leapers
77. Who among the following prophets of Allah lived for over 900 years?
 A. Yunus
 b. Ibrahim
 C. Nuh
 D. Yaqub
78. Calling someone Abdulrasul is:-
 A. blessings
 B. acceptable
 C. very good
 D. not accepted
79. The **main** reason why muslims should not gumble is because it is:-
 A. is a waste of money
 B. breaks families
 C. causes stress
 D. is a commandment from Allah
80. Which of the following pillars of Islam encourages generosity?
 A. Fasting
 B. Prayers
 C. Pilgrimage
 D. Zakkah
81. What would be the **best** course of action for you to take if you found your two friends fighting?
 A. Leave them alone
 B. Help the weak one
 C. Separate them
 D. Call the police
82. Who among the following caliphs of islam was known as Assidiq?
 A. Abubakr
 B. Ali
 C. Umar
 D. Uthman

83. Which among the following days is referred to as "Idd" for muslims?
A. Monday
B. Sunday
C. Thursday
D. Friday
84. Which one of the following is the place of worship for the Jews?
A. Synagogue
B. Church
C. Mosque
D. Tempe
85. Who among the following was the first muslim matyr in the history of islam?
A. Khadijah
B. Summayah
C. Amina
D. Maryam
86. Which one of the following was the clan of prophet mohammad?
A. Banu Thaqif
B. Banu Saad
C. Banu Hashim
D. Banu Qainuqaa
87. The second battle in the history of islam is:-
A. Badr
B. Khandak
C. Uhud
D. Hunain
88. Which one of the following is a role of a mosque?
A. To propagate islam
B. A place for social gathering
C. A place for holding feasts
D. To promote culture
89. Who among the following prophets of Allah is not Ulul-Azm?
A. Musa
B. Nuh
C. Ismail
D. Ibrahim
90. During Isra-wal-miraj, prophet muhammad was taken from makkah to the city of:-
A. Cairo
B. Jerusalem
C. Damascus
D. Baghdad