



DISCOVERY NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

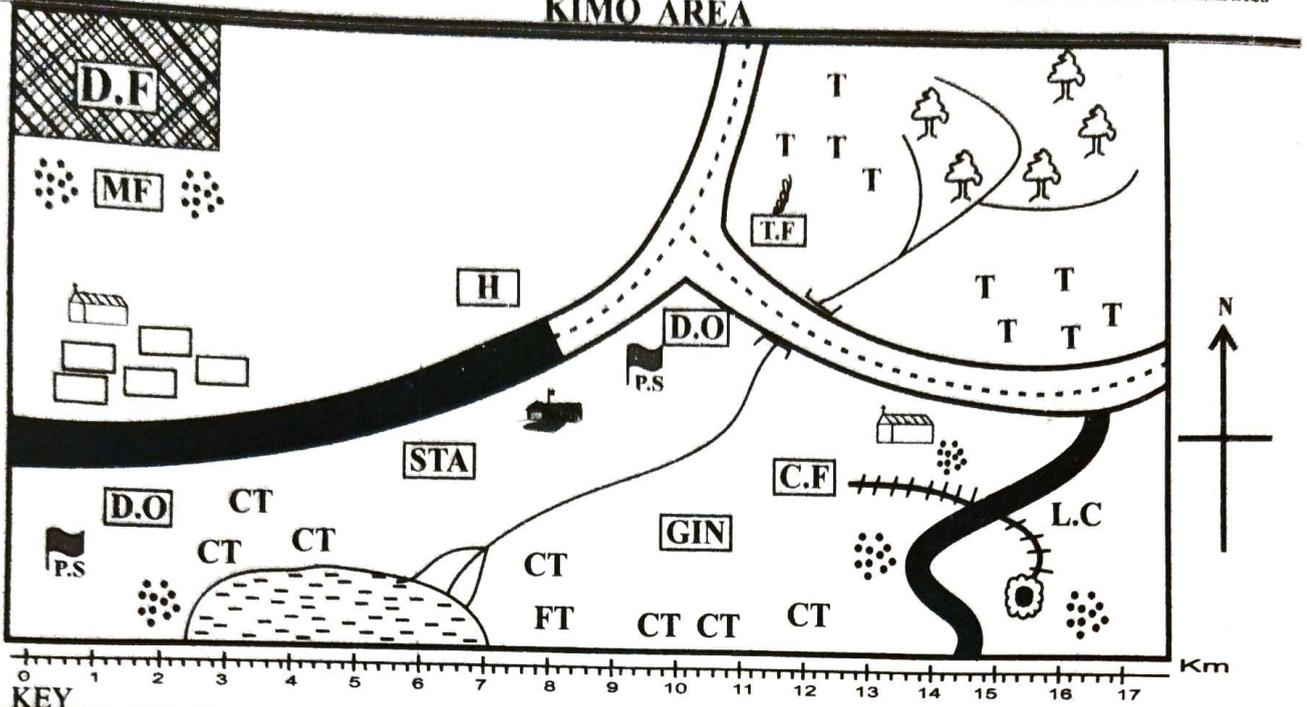
STANDARD SEVEN-YEAR 2021

SOCIAL STUDIES & C.R.E

001

Time : 2 hours 15 minutes

KIMO AREA



KEY

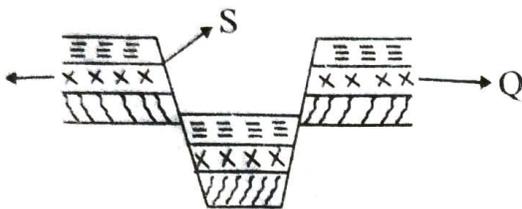
<p> Forest</p> <p> Tea</p> <p> River & Bridge</p> <p> Fish traps</p> <p> Dairy farm</p> <p> Milk factory</p> <p> Tea factory</p>	<p> Cotton</p> <p> Ginnery</p> <p> Quarry</p> <p> Cement Factory</p> <p> Tarmac road</p> <p> Murram road</p> <p> SDA church</p>	<p> District officer</p> <p> Settlements</p> <p> Police station</p> <p> Stadium</p> <p> School</p> <p> Hospital</p> <p> Permanent buildings</p>
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Study the map of Kimo area above and use it to answer questions 1 to 7.

1. The settlement pattern in Kimo area is known as;
 - A. nucleated
 - B. linear
 - C. dispersed
 - D. clustered
2. Milk factory, tea factory and ginnery found in the map are examples of;
 - A. manufacturing industries
 - B. processing industries
 - C. service industries
 - D. secondary industries
3. People in Kimo area worship on;
 - A. Saturday
 - B. Sunday
 - C. Friday
 - D. Thursday
4. Kimo area is likely to be a;
 - A. District
 - B. Division
 - C. County
 - D. Location
5. What do we call the feature formed by the river as it enters the mouth?
 - A. Confluence
 - B. Tributary
 - C. Delta
 - D. Estuary
6. Which one of the following economic activities is **not** carried out in Kimo area?
 - A. Fishing
 - B. Lumbering
 - C. Trading
 - D. Crop farming
7. Kimo area slopes towards;
 - A. North East
 - B. South East
 - C. North West
 - D. South West
8. The following lakes are found on the floor of the Rift valley **except**;
 - A. L. Natron
 - B. L. Naivasha
 - C. L. Eyasi
 - D. L. Kyoga
9. During the pre-colonial period, the Ameru were ruled by;
 - A. council of elders
 - B. kings
 - C. chief
 - D. concensus

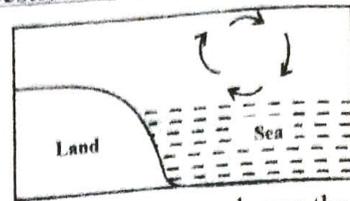
10. Which one of the following is the **main** reason why cultural artefacts should be preserved?
- They are made using modern technology
 - They are more durable than modern things
 - They help us in reminding us about our culture
 - They were made a long time ago

Use the diagram below to answer questions 11 and 12.

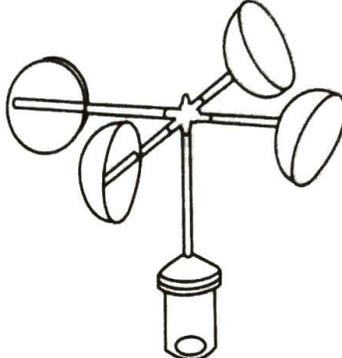


11. The above diagram shows the formation of;
- Block mountain
 - Rift valley
 - Corrie lakes
 - Fold mountains
12. Name the part marked S;
- ridges
 - ranges
 - escarpment
 - inselberg
13. The following skills were taught to children in the past. Which one was taught through apprenticeship?
- Ironsmelting
 - Collecting firewood
 - Herding animals
 - Fetching water
14. Which country below is **correctly** matched with its capital city?
- Djibout - Asmara
 - Uganda - Kampala
 - Tanzania - Dar-es-Salaam
 - South Sudan-Khartoum
15. Who among the following pairs of leaders collaborated with the Europeans?
- Nabongo Mumia and Mekatilili
 - Kabaka Mwanga and Koitalel Arap Samoei
 - Kabaka Mutesa and Oloibon Lenana
 - Mekatilili and chief Mkwawa
16. In the Buganda kingdom, the Prime minister was known as;
- Omulamuzi
 - Katikiro
 - Bataka
 - Kabaka

Use the diagram below to answer questions 17 and 18.

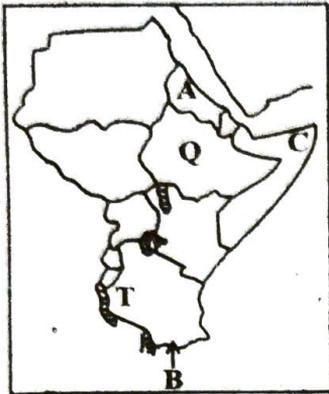


17. The above diagram shows the formation of;
- sea breeze
 - land breeze
 - orographic rainfall
 - cyclonic rainfall
18. The following Eastern African towns are **likely** to experience the above occurrence **except**;
- Jinja
 - Mombasa
 - Addis Ababa
 - Kisumu
19. Which one of the following cases represents a representative democracy?
- Few people are chosen to make decisions
 - All individuals are involved in decision making
 - All people vote on a popular issue
 - No one is allowed to make decision on behalf of another
20. Which one of the following countries **does not** neighbour Eastern Africa?
- South Africa
 - DRC
 - Libya
 - Egypt
21. The first president of Tanganyika was known as;
- Jomo Kenyatta
 - Haile Selassie
 - John Maghufuli
 - Julius Nyerere
22. The following are uses of diatomite. Which one is **not**. It is used to make;
- water filters
 - toothpaste
 - heat insulators
 - hospital platers
23. The **main** tourist attraction along the coast of Kenya and Tanzania is;
- Wildlife
 - Sundy beaches
 - Historical sites
 - People's culture
24. The following are bantu communities found in Uganda. Which one is **not**?
- Batoro
 - Buganda
 - Abagusii
 - Banyankole

25. Munga wants to vie for a seat as an M.C.A in his ward. Which one of the following is **not** one of the qualifications he should have?
- Be **very** rich
 - Be **18** years and above
 - Be a registered voter
 - Be of sound mind
26. Which one of the following cattle breeds is **not** likely to be found in Kongwa ranch?
- Aberdeen Angus
 - Charolais
 - Galloway
 - Freshian
27. When the river-lake Nilotes left South Sudan, they first settled at ___ in Northern Uganda before moving to their present homelands?
- Shungwaya
 - Kampala
 - Pubungu Pakwach
 - Bahrel-Gazal
28. Which one of the following countries lie wholly to the South of the equator?
- Uganda
 - Tanzania
 - Djibouti
 - Somalia
29. European powers scrambled for colonies in Eastern Africa for all the following reasons **except**;
- to continue with slave trade
 - to search for raw materials
 - to get a market for their finished goods
 - to get a place to settle their surplus capital
30. Which one of the following is **not** a national philosophy?
- Harambee
 - African socialism
 - Nyayoism
 - Punguza mizigo
31. The following are members of the national assembly **except**;
- 47 elected woman representatives
 - 12 members nominated by political parties
 - 16 women nominated by political parties
 - 1 speaker
32. The road sign below means,
- 
- bumps ahead
 - road narrows
 - no entry
 - round about ahead
33. Which one of the following rivers is **not** a tributary of R. Nile?
- R. Albara
 - Blue Nile
 - R. Omo
 - R. Sabat
34. The **main** problem facing inland fishing in L. Victoria is;
- poor transport network
 - lack of refrigeration facilities
 - growth of water weeds
 - dispute over fishing grounds
35. Which community below did **not** settle in Tanzania after migration from the Congo Basin?
- Wanyamwezi
 - Pokomo
 - Wasukuma
 - Waluguru
36. The weather instrument below is known as;
- 
- barometer
 - anemometer
 - windvane
 - windsock
37. Which one of the following boxes consists only of imports into Eastern Africa?
- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>A.</p> <p>Motor vehicles
Fertilizers
Medicines</p> | <p>B.</p> <p>Tea
Flowers
Coffee</p> |
| <p>C.</p> <p>Soda ash
Foot wear
Flowers</p> | <p>D.</p> <p>Gold
Copper
Tea</p> |
38. Which one of the following lakes below was formed through downwarping?
- L. Victoria
 - L. Tana
 - L. Kanyaboli
 - L. Paradise

39. The following were functions of the clans in traditional African societies. Which one is **not**?
- Settling disputes among the members
 - Punishing the law breakers
 - Assisted members during the time of bereavement
 - Looked for marriage partners for their youth

Use the map below to answer the questions that follow.



- The country marked A is known as;
 - Sudan
 - Eritrea
 - Djibouti
 - South Sudan
- People who followed route B during their migration are likely to be;
 - Nyamwezi
 - Wasukuma
 - Luo
 - Ngoni
- Which one of the following reasons best explains why country C remains dry most times of the year?
 - Its Coastline is parallel to the winds
 - It is close to the Indian Ocean
 - It's big in size
 - It is crossed by the Equator
- Lake T on the map is famous for the production of ___ fish.
 - tilapia
 - trout
 - dagaa
 - mullét
- Which one of the following statements is **not true** about the country marked Q?
 - It was not colonized
 - It is a major producer of coffee
 - English is the National language
 - Its head of state is a prime minister
- The following mountains were formed by faulting and uplifting **except**;
 - Mt. Ruwenzori
 - Pare mountains
 - Mau ranges
 - Mt. Ras Dashan

- Miombo Woodland in central Tanzania is sparsely populated mainly because;
 - It is reserved for wildlife
 - it is extremely hot and dry
 - it is tsetsefly infested
 - it has poor roads and railway network
- The headquarters of the Inter-Governmental Authority on Development (IGAD) are found at;
 - Djibouti
 - Arusha
 - Addis Ababa
 - Nairobi
- In which year was Kenya declared a British protectorate?
 - 1920
 - 1895
 - 1905
 - 1885
- The cheapest method of preserving food is by;
 - salting
 - refrigeration
 - canning
 - sun drying
- During a general election, the person in charge of elections in a polling station is known as;
 - presiding officer
 - returning officer
 - polling clerk
 - IEBC chairman
- In the Nyamwezi chiefdom, the person who collected taxes from traders and trespassers was known as;
 - Mkwale
 - Minule
 - Mteko
 - Kikoma
- Which one of the following is **not** an importance of the constitution?
 - Promotes political instability in Kenya
 - Guarantees the rights and freedoms of citizens
 - Enables Kenyans to live in harmony
 - States how the people should be governed
- Which one of the following National parks is correctly matched with the country where it is located?
 - Omo - Sudan
 - Ruaha - Uganda
 - Sibilo - Ethiopia
 - Serengeti - Tanzania
- The following are examples of marine fish **except**;
 - tuna
 - snappers
 - dagaa
 - sardines

55. The following are positive effects of colonial rule in Kenya **except**;
- introduction of formal education
 - introduction of African native reserves
 - introduction of modern medicine
 - improvement of infrastructure
56. The following are facts about an African leader.
- He maintained the independence of his country*
 - He abolished slavery in his country*
 - He participated in the formation of OAU*
 - He was the last emperor in his country*
- The leader discussed is;
- Julius Nyerere
 - Haile Selassie
 - Kabaka Mutesa II
 - Jomo Kenyatta
57. Which box below consists only of the rivers that drains in the Indian ocean?
- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| A. | B. |
| Nile
Tana
Sabaki | Tana
Sabaki
Wami |
| C. | D. |
| Pangani
Nile
Juba | Nzoia
Tana
Kerio |
58. In Kenya, it is the duty of the ___ to maintain law and order.
- Judiciary
 - Parliament
 - National police service
 - President
59. Which one of the following countries is **not** a member of East African Community (EAC)?
- Ethiopia
 - Rwanda
 - Kenya
 - Tanzania
60. The early visitor to Eastern Africa who started cloves plantation and slave trade along the Coast is;
- John Speke
 - Dr. David Livingstone
 - Ludwig Krapf
 - Seyyid Said

61. What did God do after creating the world and everything in it?
- He rose again
 - He cursed the creation
 - He died
 - He rested
62. Esau wanted to kill his brother Jacob **mainly** because;
- Jacob had taken his blessings
 - Jacob was loved by his mother
 - Esau hated Jacob
 - Esau wanted to take Jacob's wealth
63. The angel of death did **not** kill the Israelite firstborn males because;
- they defended themselves
 - they were leaving Egypt that night
 - they had obeyed God's command
 - there was darkness over Egypt
64. Noah built the ark **mainly** because;
- he wanted to save his family
 - he was instructed to do so by God
 - he was a wealthy man
 - he wanted to become famous
65. Who among the following kings of Israel was a shepherd?
- David
 - Saul
 - Solomon
 - Jeroboam
66. Which one of the following is the third book in the Old testament.
- Exodus
 - Deutronomy
 - Numbers
 - Leviticus
67. Who among the following was the forerunner of Jesus Christ?
- John the baptist
 - Prophet Isaiah
 - Simon Peter
 - Angel Gabriel
68. On the Pentecost day, the disciples spoke in tongues because;
- they were filled with the Holy spirit
 - they had come from different tribes
 - they were instructed to do so
 - they were God's chosen people
69. Who among the following prophets announced the birth of Jesus in Bethle'hem?
- Jeremiah
 - Isaiah
 - Hosea
 - Micah

- d. Which one of the following activities in African Traditional Societies marked transition from childhood to adulthood?
 A. Initiation B. Naming
 C. Birth D. Marriage
71. After the death of Moses, the Israelites mourned him for ___ days.
 A. 40 B. 120
 C. 20 D. 30
72. From the story of David and Jonathan we learn that we should;
 A. envy others
 B. practice nepotism
 C. betray others
 D. be faithful to one another
73. Which one of the following is a gift of the Holy spirit?
 A. Love
 B. Peace
 C. Kindness
 D. Preaching and teaching
74. During famine African Traditional Communities prayed to God as their;
 A. defender B. multiplier
 C. protector D. provider
75. After initiation youths were expected to;
 A. worship God
 B. go for war
 C. start a clan
 D. marry or get married
76. The father of Gideon was;
 A. Manoah B. Abimelech
 C. Tola D. Joash
77. The parable of the prodigal son teaches about;
 A. second coming of Christ
 B. being ready always
 C. praying always
 D. repentance and forgiveness
78. Which one of the following qualities of leadership was **mainly** shown by David when he killed Goliath?
 A. Courage B. Honesty
 C. Faithfulness D. Humility
79. From the Apostle's creed, we learn that Jesus is;
 A. a saviour B. a judge
 C. our father D. our Lord
80. The two disciples of Jesus whom He met after His resurrection were on their way to;
 A. Emmaus B. Jerusalem
 C. Jericho D. Bethlehem
81. At Joppa, apostle Peter;
 A. raised Tabitha to life
 B. healed a crippled beggar
 C. healed Aeneas
 D. raised Lazarus to life
82. Which disciple was stoned to death because of his faith in Jesus?
 A. John B. Stephen
 C. Andrew D. Peter
83. Which gift was brought to Jesus by the wisemen that shows priesthood?
 A. Gold B. Frankincense
 C. Silver D. Myrrh
84. Which two people were filled with Holy spirit and chosen by God to design the covenant box?
 A. Peter and Andrew
 B. Paul and Silas
 C. Bezalel and Oholiab
 D. Philip and Stephen
85. Which value is **not** required when breaking bread?
 A. Love B. Unity
 C. Humility D. Hatred
86. The second Passover meal for the Israelites was celebrated in;
 A. Egypt B. Canaan
 C. Midian D. Wilderness
87. Who among the following did **not** die?
 A. Moses B. Jesus
 C. Elijah D. Stephen
88. What was the **main** virtue that was taught to the young people by the old people?
 A. Kindness B. Joy
 C. Obedience D. Wisdom
89. Why do Christians respect the churches today?
 A. They are clean
 B. They are sacred places
 C. Many people go there
 D. It is the best place to be
90. Christians should not condemn people living with HIV/AIDs in the society **mainly** because;
 A. it affects the whole society
 B. they should show love and compassion to them
 C. it is a painful disease
 D. anyone can get it