

KCPE ASSESSMENT ONE



STANDARD EIGHT
FIRST TRIAL - 2020

8


TIME: 2HR 15MINS

SOCIAL STUDIES & RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure you have written on the answer sheet.

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes, mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three- figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the brackets.
8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A,B,C,D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example:-

In the question paper.

31. Three of the following are ways of resolving disputes in Kenya today **EXCEPT** through _____

- A. mediating
- B. negotiation
- C. reconciliation
- D. revenging

The correct answer is D. (revenging).

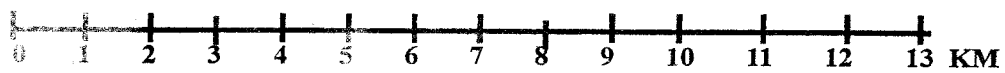
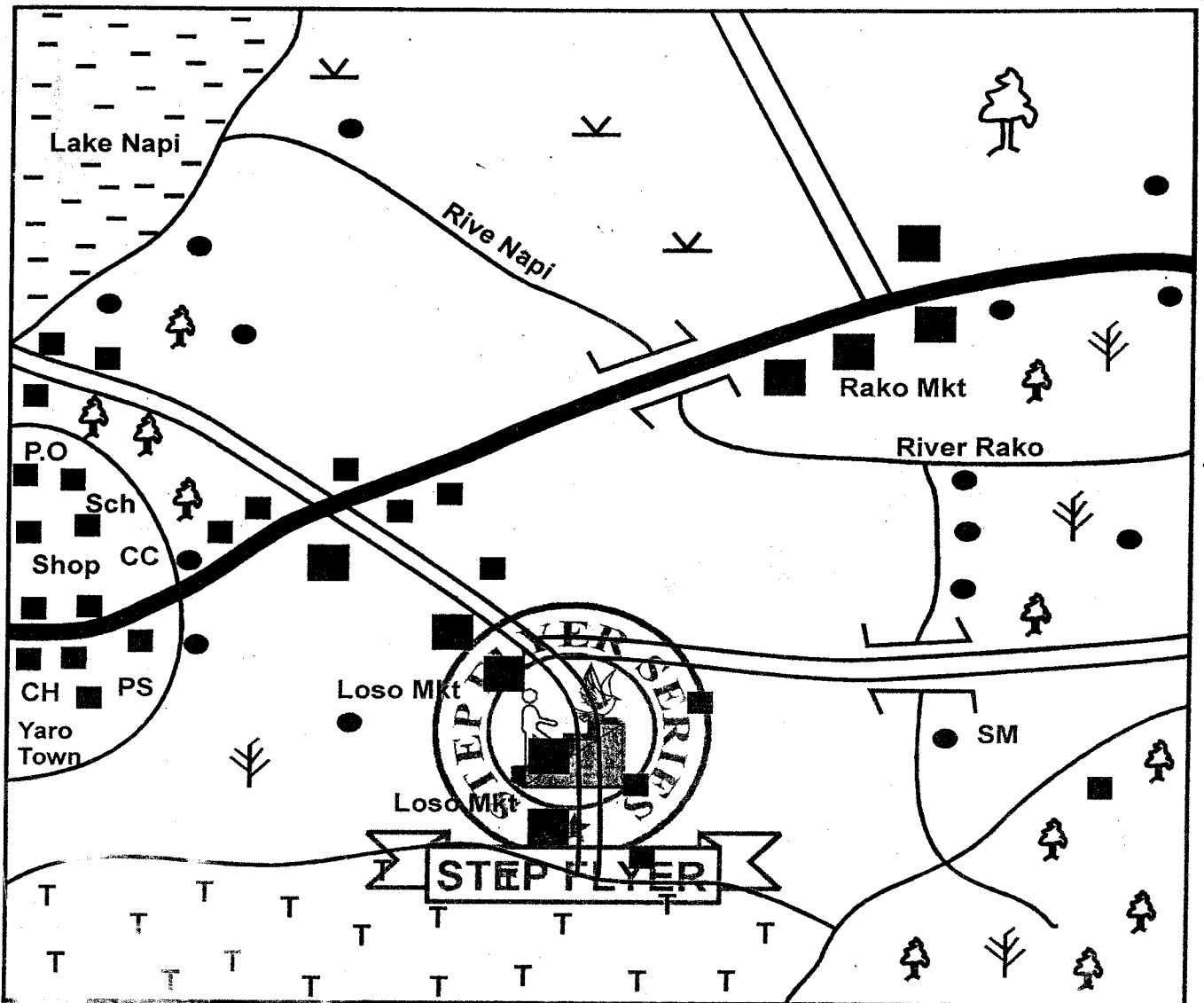
On the answer sheet

16. [A] [B] [C] [D] 21. [A] [B] [C] [D] 31. [A] [B] [C] [D] 41. [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the third set, the box with the letter D printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line **MUST** be within the brackets.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** bracket is to be marked in each of four brackets.
This question paper consists of 8 printed pages.

NAPI AREA



SCALE 1CM REP 1KM

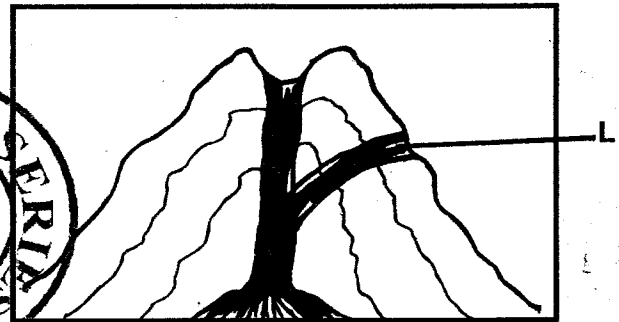
P.O	Police Station	MKT	Market	SCH	School
	River and Bridge	TT	Tea Planation		Permanent Building
	Tarmac Road		Murrum Road	S.M	Saw Mill
	Forest		Scrub		Scattered tree
	House	T.R	Tourist Resort	CH	Coast Home
	Town Boundary				

Use the map of Napi area above to answer questions 1 to 7.

1. The climate of the Southern part of the map is likely to be
 - A. cool and dry
 - B. hot and wet
 - C. cool and wet
 - D. hot and dry
2. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Napi area **except**
 - A. lumbering
 - B. trading
 - C. fishing
 - D. tourism
3. Which one of the following statements is **true** about Napi area?
 - A. River Napi forms a delta at its month.
 - B. Fishing is carried out in lake Napi.
 - C. The Northern part of the area receives more rainfall than the Southern part.
 - D. Settlement in the area is mainly influenced by means of transport.
4. The land in Napi area slopes towards
 - A. South
 - B. South East
 - C. South West
 - D. North West
5. What evidence in the map shows that Napi area receives more rainfall
 - A. presence of the hills.
 - B. existence of the scrub vegetation
 - C. existence of a quarry.
 - D. presence of a tea plantation.
6. What is the direction of lake Napi from the saw mill?
 - A. North East.
 - B. South East
 - C. South West.
 - D. North West.
7. The **main** economic activities carried out to the South West area in Napi region in
 - A. trading and crop farming
 - B. trading and manufacturing
 - C. trading and transportation
 - D. trading and mining
8. Which one of the following pre-historical sites in Eastern Africa is **correctly** matched with the county where it is located?

A. Olduvai Gorge	-	Tanzania
B. Ishanga	-	Ethiopia
C. Hadar	-	Kenya
D. Koobi Fora	-	Uganda
9. Which one of the following is the **least** important benefit of Mt. Kenya?
 - A. It is a tourist attraction.
 - B. It helps in the formation of orographic rainfall
 - C. Its slopes have fertile soils for farming.
 - D. It provides stones for building houses.

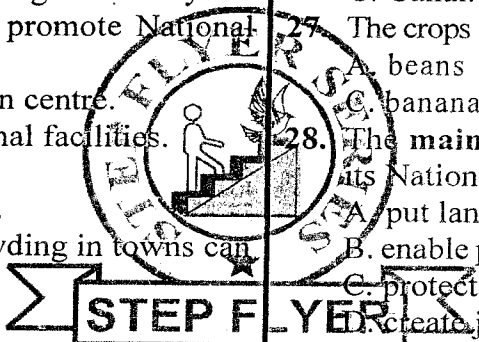
10. One of the results of Kabaka Mwangi's resistance to the influence of Europeans was that
 - A. His Kingdom was never colonized.
 - B. It united his enemies against him
 - C. His Kingdom was unable to develop
 - D. The Kabaka ruled for many years.
 11. Which of the following statement defines transhumance?
 - A. It is the keeping of beef cattle.
 - B. It is the keeping of mixed animals on the same farm.
 - C. It is the movement of pastoralist with their animals in search of pasture and water.
 - D. It's the growing of crops and keeping animals.
- Use the diagram below that shows the formation of a type of mountain to answer questions 12 and 13.



12. The part marked L is representing?
 - A. Conduit
 - B. Crater
 - C. Vent
 - D. Dyke
13. The type of mountain represented in the diagram was formed as a result of
 - A. volcanicity
 - B. erosion
 - C. folding
 - D. faulting
14. Which one of the following groups of countries was colonized by the British?
 - A. Senegal, Tunisia, Chad.
 - B. Ethiopia, Benin, Angola.
 - C. Sierra Leone, Zambia, Lesotho.
 - D. Mozambique, Egypt, Libya.
15. Which one of the following colours of the national flag of Kenya represents land of plenty?

A. Black.	B. Green.
C. White.	D. Red.

16. The best way of encouraging more fishing in the rivers in Kenya is by
 A. constructing roads to the fishing areas
 B. introducing cheaper fishing nets
 C. educating people on the importance of eating fish
 D. encouraging formation of cooperatives to sell fish feeds.
17. The Eastern Africa communities below share common origin.
Kipsigis → *Acholi* → *Dinka* L
 Which of the following communities will represent letter L above?
 A. Nandi B. Chagga
 C. Amhara D. Rendile
18. The main economic activities of the Semites during the pre-colonial period was
 A. hunting B. trading
 C. iron smelting D. basket weaving
19. Which one of the following actions by the government would best promote National Unity in Kenya?
 A. Establishment of urban centre.
 B. Provision of recreational facilities.
 C. Construction of roads.
 D. Provision of hospitals.
20. Congestion and overcrowding in towns can best be reduced by
 A. creating new towns.
 B. setting up more industries in rural areas.
 C. construction of more houses in the towns.
 D. construction of better roads in towns.
21. The purpose of education in traditional African Society was.
 A. to encourage the youth to go to school
 B. to promote the youth for employment
 C. to prepare the youth for higher education
 D. to prepare the youth for adult roles.
22. Which of the following communities comprises of the Highland Nilotes only?
 A. Kipsigis, Maasai, Samburu.
 B. Mijikenda, Abakuria, Abaluhya.
 C. Pokot, Nandi, Ogieki.
 D. Njemps, Samburu, Acholi.
23. The meaning of a school motto is
 A. to show the roles of the teachers and pupils in a school.
 B. a statements that tells about the aims of a school.
- C. to describe the numbers of lessons that are taught in a school.
 D. a programmed of a activities that is planned to take place in a school.
24. One of the following methods is used to catch fish in the deep sea. Which one is it?
 A. Purse - seining B. Traps and barriers.
 C. Line fishing. D. Harpooning.
25. Which one of the following groups consists of abuse of human rights?
 A. Lack of shelter and provision of food.
 B. Child labour and early marriages.
 C. Lack of treatment for the sick and proper clothing.
 D. Discrimination on the basis of gender and free education.
26. Which one of the following methods is used in Mwea Tebere Irrigation Scheme?
 A. Market gardening. B. Furrow.
 C. Canal. D. Overhead.
27. The crops grown mainly for export in Kenya is
 A. beans B. maize
 C. bananas D. flowers
28. The main reason why Kenya takes care of its National Parks is to
 A. put land to more economic use.
 B. enable people to study plants and animals.
 C. protect wildlife for future generation.
 D. create jobs for people.
29. The Organization of African Unity (O.A.U) was formed in order to
 A. help create a strong African Unity
 B. promote Unity among members countries
 C. promotes parliamentary democracy in members countreis.
 D. offer financial aid to member states.
30. The following are functions of a town in Kenya.
 (i) Residential centre.
 (ii) Fishing centre.
 (iii) Industrial centre.
 (iv) Tourists centre
- The town is likely to be
 A. Malindi B. Thika
 C. Nairobi D. Nakuru
31. A climatic condition that favour dairy farming is
 A. hot and wet B. cold and warm
 C. hot and dry D. cool and wet



32. The trans Africa Highway passes through the following towns **except**

- A. Harare
- B. Bungul
- C. Kisangani
- D. Kampala

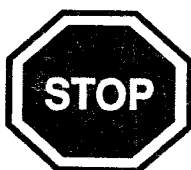
33. Three of the following road signs are warning signs **except**



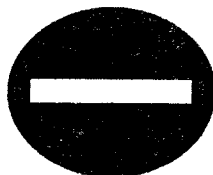
A.



B.

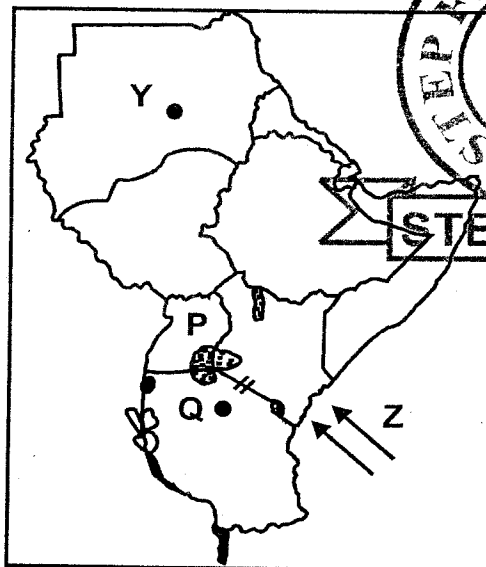


C.



D.

Study the map of Eastern Africa below and answer questions 34 to 37.



34. The capital city of the country marked Y is

- A. Kampala.
- B. Kharfourm.
- C. Djibouti.
- D. Mogadishu.

35. The prevailing winds marked Z in the map are

- A. the South West trade winds.
- B. the South East trade winds.
- C. the Westerlie's
- C. the North East trade winds.

36. The mineral mined at the place marked Q is used for making

- A. electric wires
- B. ornaments
- C. cements
- D. salt

37. The countries marked Y and P were ruled by

- A. Germany
- B. Italy
- C. Britain
- D. France

38. The **main** tourists attraction along the Coast of Kenya is

- A. peoples' culture
- B. sandy beaches
- C. mangrove vegetation
- D. wildlife

39. Which of the following ways of interaction was **most common** between the Bantu and Nilotes in the pre-colonial period?

- A. Trading.
- B. Sporting.
- C. Raiding.
- D. Intermarriage.

40. Most lakes in the Rift Valley of Kenya are salty because they

- A. have few water plants
- B. are found in basins formed through faulting.
- C. are narrow
- D. experience high rate of evaporation

41. Traditional African societies predicted the coming of rains by

- A. reading weather charts showing the movement of winds
- B. listening to information about the weather over the radio
- C. observing types and movements of clouds.
- D. reading information received from balloons released into the air.

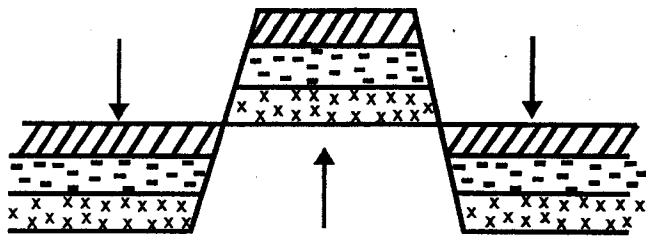
42. A good citizen of Kenya is one who

- A. owns a lot of property
- B. attends political rallies regularly
- C. obeys the laws of the land
- D. attends prayers meeting regularly

43. Three of the following statements are true about the functions of the president of Kenya. Which one is **not**?

- A. The president chairs Cabinet meetings
- B. The president is the head of the central government
- C. The president addresses Kenyan during national holidays.
- D. The president is the head of the alternative government.

The diagram below represents a landscape use it to answer question 44.



44. The above physical feature was formed through
- folding
 - volcanicity
 - faulting
 - folding and faulting
45. Three of the following are results of the coming of traders. Which one is **not**?
- Intermarriages with local communities.
 - Introduction of formal education in the region.
 - Establishment of urban centre.
 - Increase in trade activities at the coast.
46. The following are principles of democracy. Which one is **not**?
- Opportunities for the rich to do business and get more money.
 - Opportunities to invest and earn income.
 - Access to information
 - Equality of all people before the law.
47. Which of the following has greatly contributed to lack of peace along the Kenya - Somalia borders?
- Cattle rustling.
 - Lack of employment.
 - Disagreements about boundaries.
 - Lack of an effective government in Somalia.
48. Three of the following are reasons that may make a member of county assembly to loose his/her seat. Which one is **not**?
- If one is a registered voter in the ward he intends to contest in
 - If ones is convicted of an election offence by a court of law.
 - If one is sentenced to death.
 - If one loses his or her Kenyan citizenship.
49. In traditional Kenya Society polygamy was accepted because
- it was a sign of prestige
 - it was away of controlling infectious diseases
 - it was a way of reducing immorality
 - it was a way of controlling population growth.
50. The National Anthem of Kenya is important because
- it encourages people to be united.
 - it is sung during national holiday.
 - it is sung when people are alert.
 - it was composed by leading musicians.
51. Below are statements about a lake in Kenya.
- It is the largest lake in Kenya.*
 - It is a fresh water lake.*
 - It is a major source of fish.*
 - It is not a source of river.*
- The lake described will be
- Lake Victoria
 - Lake Naivasha
 - Lake Turkana
 - Lake Baringo
52. The remains of the Homo Habilis were discovered in Tanzania at
- Nsongezi
 - Olduvai Gorge
 - Engaruka
 - Isimilia
53. The main factor that determines the location of a bakery is
- availability of adequate market
 - availability of raw materials
 - availability of workers
 - availability of land.
54. In which of the following areas in Kenya are mangrove forest found?
- On the floor of the Rift valley.
 - In the Coast region.
 - At the foot of mountain Kenya.
 - In the lake Victoria region.
55. Who among the following leaders of KANU is not **correctly** matched with the post he was given when the party was formed?
- Daniel Arap Moi - Deputy Treasure.
 - Oginga Odinga - Vice president.
 - James Gichuru - President.
 - Ronald Ngala - Secretary General
56. Which one of the following is **not** a factor that leads to high population growth?
- Polygamy practicer.
 - Lack of family planning.
 - Drought and famine.
 - Improved medical facilities.
57. The weather instrument used to tell the speed of the wind is known as
- wind sock
 - a hygrometer
 - an anemometer
 - a barometer

58. In Kenya, law and order is maintained by
 A. the National Police Service
 B. the National Youth Service.
 C. the Kenya Army
 D. the Cabinet secretary for Internal Security.
59. The **best** way to prepare pupils to be useful members of the society is by
 A. involving them in sports and other games.
 B. encouraging them to participate in community activities.
 C. encouraging them to read many books.
 D. punishing them when they make mistakes.
60. A new president in Kenya is sworn in by the
 A. Speakers of the assemblies.
 B. Attorney General.
 C. Head of civil services.
 D. Chief Justice.
68. Jesus performed miracles **mainly** to show that he had
 A. power over nature
 B. power over death
 C. love for the people
 D. come to conquer evil
69. Who among the following prophet refer to the Messiah the prince of peace?
 A. Hosea
 B. Isaiah
 C. Amos
 D. Jeremiah
70. David is remembered as a great king of Israel because he
 A. killed wild animals
 B. built a palace for himself
 C. killed Goliath
 D. married many wives
71. Which one of the following is a lesson that Christian learn from the story of Joseph in prison?
 A. People should look after their parents.
 B. People should have dreams.
 C. God forgive, His people.
 D. God protects the innocent.

SECTION II

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. The parable of the widow and the judge teaches Christians to
 A. be repentant
 B. live in joy
 C. look for the lost
 D. keep on praying
62. Who among the following people anointed as the first king of Israel?
 A. Ahab
 B. Solomon
 C. David
 D. Saul
63. Jesus grew up in the town of
 A. Nazareth
 B. Jerusalem
 C. Bethany
 D. Bethlehem
64. A miracle of Jesus which shows that He has power to control nature is the
 A. calming of the storm
 B. healing of the man with evil spirits
 C. healing of the blind man
 D. healing of the paralysed man
65. Which one of the following statements about the church is found in the Apostle Creed?
 A. The church is the bride of Christ.
 B. The church is a worshipping community.
 C. The church is the body of Christ.
 D. The church is holy.
66. A symbol that is used in the New Testament to represent the Holy Spirit is
 A. Earthquake
 B. Cloud
 C. Fire
 D. Water
67. The father of Esau and Jacob was
 A. Isaac
 B. Noah
 C. Joseph
 D. Laban
72. According to Christian teaching leisure time can best be spent
 A. playing
 B. sleeping
 C. visiting the sick
 D. reading story booker
73. Which one of the following Mission stations in Kenya was started as a colony for freed slaves?
 A. Kaimosi
 B. Freetown
 C. Kikuyu
 D. Maseno
74. Which one of the following marriage practices is found both in Christianity and Traditional African Communities?
 A. Wedding
 B. Wife inheritance
 C. Divorce
 D. Polygamy
75. Which one of the following New Testament books is a gospel?
 A. James
 B. John
 C. Galatians
 D. Hebrew
76. Three of the following activities in the early church demonstrated unity among the believers. Which one does **not**?
 A. Speaking in tongues.
 B. Breaking of the bread.
 C. Helping the needy.
 D. Meeting in the temple for worship.

77. According to the Ten commandments children are told to respect their father and mother in order to
- have many children
 - live without problem
 - live long on earth
 - inherit property
78. Someone is shouting in the desert the road ready for the lord. Make a straight path for Him to travel. (Mark 1:3). These words were spoken by
- Simon Peter
 - James son of Zebedee
 - Apostle Paul
 - John the baptist
79. The **main** virtue taught to children in Traditional African communities is
- obedience
 - tolerance
 - patience
 - courage
80. In Traditional African Communities the youth were taught their religion beliefs and practices **mainly** by
- healers
 - elders
 - peers
 - warrior
81. The two disciples of Jesus who were fishermen are
- John and Andrew
 - Aphaeus and Bartholomew
 - Thomas and Judas
 - Philip and Matthew.
82. Which one of the following is a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
- Prophecy
 - Counselling
 - Teaching
 - Love
83. The first person to translate parts of the New Testament into Kiswahili was
- Henry Morton Stanley
 - David Livingstone
 - John Krapf
 - Charles New
84. Your cousin Njoroge who is in standard six says he wants to leave school. How can you help him overcome this problem?
- Tell him to take his books to the class teacher.
 - Advice him to look for a job.
 - Ask the class teachers to talk to him.
 - Advice him to open a small scale business.
85. One of the commandments is "Do not commit murder" Who among the following people disobeyed this commandment?
- Isaac and Laban.
 - Joseph and Naboth.
 - Noah and Abel.
 - Cain and Ahab.
86. Who among the following people was appointed king of Israel while still a young boy?
- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| A. Rehoboam | B. Solomon |
| C. David | D. Saul |
87. In some traditional African communities initiate live in seclusions in order to be
- made elders
 - taught their duties
 - married
 - punished
88. Which one of the following is the best for Christians to use their wealth?
- Visiting places.
 - Buying clothes.
 - Helping needy.
 - Entertaining friends.
89. Jesus was rejected by the people in his home town of Nazareth because he
- declared that he was the Messiah.
 - told them that they were hypocrites.
 - said he would destroy the temple
 - healed the sick on the Sabath.
90. Which one of the following actions of Mary and Martha **best** shows their love for their brother Lazarus?
- Welcoming Jesus to their home.
 - Staying with the mourners.
 - Informing Jesus about Lazarus sickness.
 - Showing Jesus Lazarus grave.

